**The Auxiliaries "Do," "Have," "Must," "Can," and "Ought"**

**1. The Auxiliary "Do":**

***Definition:*** The auxiliary verb "do" is used to form questions, negatives, and emphatic statements in simple present and simple past tenses. It has various forms, including "do" (present) and "did" (past).

***Questions:*** "Do" is used to form questions in the simple present tense. It is placed at the beginning of the sentence.

**Example:** Do you like ice cream?

***Negatives:*** "Do" is used with "not" (contracted as "don't" in the present and "didn't" in the past) to form negative sentences.

**Example:** I don't like broccoli.

***Emphatic Statements:*** "Do" can be used to add emphasis to a statement.

**Example:** I do enjoy long walks.

**2. The Auxiliary "Have" (in its various forms):**

***Definition:*** "Have" is used in various forms (have, has, had) to indicate possession, actions in the present perfect, actions in the past perfect, and more.

***Possession:*** "Have" or "has" is used to indicate ownership or possession.

**Example:** She has a new car.

***Present Perfect:*** "Have" or "has" is used with the past participle to indicate actions that started in the past and have relevance to the present.

**Example:** They have finished their work.

***Past Perfect:*** "Had" is used with the past participle to indicate actions completed before another action in the past.

**Example:** He left after he had eaten dinner.

**3. The Modal Verbs "Must," "Can," and "Ought":**

**Must:** "Must" is used to indicate necessity, obligation, or strong recommendation.

***Example:*** You must submit the report by Friday.

**Can:** "Can" is used to indicate ability or permission.

***Example:*** I can swim.

**Ought:** "Ought" is used to express a strong moral obligation or duty.

***Example:*** We ought to help those in need.

**4. Uses of These Auxiliary Verbs:**

"Do" is used for questions, negatives, and emphasis.

"Have" is used for possession, present perfect, and past perfect tenses.

"Must" is used for necessity and obligation.

"Can" is used for ability and permission.

"Ought" is used for moral obligation and duty.

**5. Common Errors:**

Misusing "do" and "have" in questions and negatives.

Confusing "must" and "can" when indicating necessity and ability.