Department of Literature and Arabic Language

Master 1 LMD Students

The Gerund

The gerund has exactly the same form of the present participle of the verb but the gerund functions as a noun whereas the present participle is a form of a verb .

Exemples:

*Smoking is bad for health (gerund)

*The man in blue jacket is smoking a cigarette (verb)

The gerund can be used:

1-As subject or object

*As a subject: It is easier to read French then to speak it.

Reading French is easier than speaking it.

*As an object : Ahmed likes sleeping.

2-After prepositions:

When a verb is placed immediatly after a preposition, the gerund form must be used:

Eg: He insisted on seeing her.

He was accused of smuggling.

He is good at telling lies.

She is fond of climbing.

3- After certain verbs : The most important of these are :

Admit, appreciate, finish, dislike, enjoy, miss, suggest, pardon, understand, remember, stop, consider, deny, keep, continue, like, love, hate, mind, for give, postpone, prevent, avoid, detest.

Eg: He admitted taking the money.

Try to avoid making him angry.

She detests writing letters.

Do you enjoy teaching?

4-In compound nouns:

Eg: A diving board. (board for diving)

5- The gerund is used in short prohibitions:

Eg: No smoking.

No perking.

Exercise: Give the correct form of the verbs between brackets:

-(fish) is my favourite sport. Ioften (fish) four hours without (catch) anything. Some fishermen are unlucky. Instead of (catch) fish, they(catch) old boots. For me i never (catch) any thing not even old boots. After i have spent whole morning on the river, I always (go) home with an empty bag. « You must give up (fish) », my friends (say). But they don't (realize) that I'm not interested in (fish) Iam only interested in (sit) and (do) nothing at all.