

English Idioms **in Use**

60 units of
vocabulary
reference and
practice

Self-study and
classroom use

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Using this book

Why was this book written?

It was written to help you improve your knowledge of idioms in English. Idioms are fixed expressions whose meaning is not immediately obvious from looking at the individual words in the idiom. You will come across a great many idioms when you listen to and read English. So it is important that you learn about the meanings of idioms and about how they are used. You can use this book either with a teacher or for self-study.

We wanted to encourage language learners to have a balanced approach to idioms in English. Sometimes in the past, teachers used to argue that it was a waste of time for learners to study idioms as they might start using them in an inaccurate or unsuitable way. But idioms are in such widespread use that it is inappropriate to ignore them. This book focuses just on those idioms which the modern student needs to know and it aims to provide the information and practice which will help you understand and use them correctly.

How were the idioms in the book selected?

There are a great many idioms in English, but some of them sound rather old-fashioned or are not very widely used. The 1,000 or so idioms which are worked on in this book were all selected from those identified as significant based on computer searches of huge language databases: the CANCODE corpus of spoken English, developed at the University of Nottingham in association with Cambridge University Press and the Cambridge International Corpus of written English. These databases show us how the idioms have actually been used by native speakers of English in conversations, newspapers, novels, and many other contexts. The idioms selected are all also to be found in the *Cambridge International Dictionary of Idioms* where additional examples and usage notes will also be found. You can search this dictionary online by going to the following website: <http://dictionary.cambridge.org>

How is the book organised?

The book has 60 two-page units. The left-hand page presents the idioms that are worked on in the unit. You will usually find an explanation of the meaning of each idiom, an example of it in use and, where appropriate, any special notes about its usage. The right-hand page checks that you have understood the information on the left-hand page by giving you a series of exercises that practise the material just presented. The exercises pay particular attention to checking your understanding of the idioms and how they are used because this is more important for most learners than being able to actively use the idioms.

The units are organised in three sections:

Idioms to talk about ... which groups idioms according to the topic area that they are used to talk about. Thus, to be snowed under [to have an enormous amount of work to do] is included in Unit 25, Work.

Idioms from the topic area of ... which groups idioms according to the image they are based on. Thus, hit the roof [react in a very angry way] is included in Unit 41, Houses and household objects

Idioms using these keywords which groups idioms according to keywords in them. For example, Unit 48 deals with a set of idioms based on the word head.

The book also has a key to all the exercises and an index which lists the 1,000 idioms we deal with and indicates the units where they can each be found.

How should I use this book?

As well as the 60 main units, there are two introductory units: Unit i What are idioms? and Unit ii Using your dictionary. It is strongly recommended that you work through these units first. After that, you may work on the units in any order that suits you.

What else do I need in order to work with this book?

You need a notebook or file in which you can write down the idioms that you study in this book as well as any others that you come across elsewhere.

You also need to have access to a good dictionary. We strongly recommend the *Cambridge International Dictionary of Idioms* as this gives exactly the kind of information that you need to have about idioms. Your teacher, however, may also be able to recommend other dictionaries that you will find useful.

So, we hope that this book will 'shed light' on all you need to know about English idioms (see Unit 8) and that, by the time you finish the units, you'll be saying: 'English idioms? A piece of cake!' (see Unit 17).

What are idioms?

A

Idioms and meaning

Idioms are expressions which have a meaning that is not obvious from the individual words. For example, the idiom *drive somebody round the bend* means *make somebody angry or frustrated*, but we cannot know this just by looking at the words.

The best way to understand an idiom is to see it in context. If someone says:

This tin opener's driving me round the bend! I think I'll throw it away and get a new one next time I'm in town.

then the context and common sense tells us that *drive round the bend* means something different from driving a car round a curve in the road. The context tells us the tin opener is not working properly and that it's having an effect on the person using it.

B

Types of idioms

form	example	meaning
verb + object/complement (and/or adverbial)	kill two birds with one stone	produce two useful results by just doing one action
prepositional phrase	in the blink of an eye	in an extremely short time
compound	a bone of contention	something which people argue and disagree over
simile 'as...as' (as + adjective + as, or like + noun)	as dry as a bone	very dry indeed
binomial (word + and + word)	rough and ready	crude and lacking sophistication
trinomial (word + word + and + word)	cool, calm and collected	relaxed, in control, not nervous
whole clause or sentence	to cut a long story short	to tell the main points, but not all the fine details

C

Fixed aspects of idioms

Most idioms are fixed in their form, and cannot be changed or varied. Sometimes, however, the grammar or the vocabulary can be varied slightly. Where this book or a dictionary gives information on what can be varied, always note it in your Vocabulary notebook.

variation	example
Occasionally an idiom in the active voice can be used in the passive.	Government Ministers always pass the buck if they are challenged about poverty. [blame somebody else / refuse to accept responsibility] The buck has been passed from Minister to Minister. No one seems prepared to accept the responsibility.
Some verb-based idioms also have noun-compound forms.	There is too much buck-passing in government nowadays. No one accepts the blame for anything.
One or more words in the idiom can be varied.	Stop acting the fool/goat! [stop acting stupidly]

Exercises

- i.1** How much can you guess about the meaning of these idioms just by looking at the context? Tick the boxes according to what you can understand about the words in bold.

- 1 I decided I was going to get a place at university **by hook or by crook**. It had always been my dream to study for a degree in history.

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL	
means using illegal methods if necessary	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means nothing will stop me	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means I was very determined	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	See Unit 17.

- 2 The government and the unions are at **loggerheads**; there may be a general strike.

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL	
means have a good relationship	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means hate each other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means disagree very strongly	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	See Unit 22.

- 3 We had to pay **through the nose** to get our visas in five days instead of the usual 30 days.

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL	
means suffer in some way	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means pay a small sum of money	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
means pay a large sum of money	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	See Unit 24.

- i.2** Classify the idioms in the sentences below according to their grammatical type:

Type A verb + object/complement
(and/or adverbial)

Type B prepositional phrase

Type C compound

Type D simile

Type E binomial or trinomial

Type F whole clause or sentence

- Should we fly or go by train? What are the pros and cons?
Type: See Unit 10.
- I'm **having second thoughts** about going on holiday with Jean. She can be a bit difficult.
Type: See Unit 5.
- When I had finished all my exams, I felt as free as a bird.
Type: See Unit 60.
- I don't know much about design, so I gave the decorator a **free hand** in my new flat.
Type: See Unit 45.
- She comes from a rather well-to-do family. She's always had a comfortable life.
Type: See Unit 24.
- My old school friend Harriet arrived **out of the blue**. I hadn't seen her for 15 years.
Type: See Unit 42.

- i.3** Correct the mistakes in the idioms in these sentences. Use the clues in brackets. Use a good general dictionary or a dictionary of idioms if necessary.



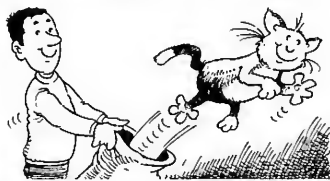
- My father's foot was put down when I said I wanted a car for my seventeenth birthday.
He said I was too young. (grammar – voice) See Unit 46.
- Her words put the cat among the birds; Jim is furious. (vocabulary) See Unit 37.
- You'll be pleased to hear we arrived sound and safe in Peru. (binomial) See Unit 16.
- He was lying in his teeth when he said he had got a first-class grade in his exam; the truth is he failed. (grammar – small word) See Unit 51.

A What do you look up?

As it can be difficult to work out what an idiom means even when you know all the individual words in the idiom, you will often need to look up idioms in a dictionary. If you are working with a dictionary on CD-Rom, then you will have no problems finding the idiom in question, but working with a traditional dictionary, you have to find where the idiom is listed. As an idiom consists of several words, which of these do you look up in your dictionary? For example, do you try to find **kill two birds with one stone** under *kill*, *two*, *birds* or *stone*, or let the cat out of the bag under *let*, *cat* or *bag*?



If you are using either the *Cambridge International Dictionary of Idioms* (CIDI) or the *Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary* (CALD), then the easiest way of finding what you need is to look in the alphabetical index at the back of the book. This lists all the expressions included in the dictionary with the word where an entry for the expression will be found in the dictionary highlighted in bold. This shows that in CIDI **kill two birds with one stone** will be found under *two* and **let the cat out of the bag** will be found under *cat*. In CALD these two idioms will be found under *kill* and *cat*.



If you are using a different dictionary, read its introductory notes now to see how it deals with idioms. This will avoid the frustration you would otherwise feel on deciding to look up the wrong element of the idiom first.

B What information does your dictionary give you?

Your dictionary will tell you a lot of other things as well as the meaning of the idiom. As idioms are used in such fixed ways, it is important to read the notes in your dictionary carefully if you want to use idioms as well as to understand them.

You will find all these things in a good dictionary of idioms:

- information about words that are interchangeable, e.g. **drive/send sb round the bend**
- information about how the idiom is used – brackets, for example, show if any words in the idiom can be left out, e.g. I (can) feel it in my bones.
- notes about the grammar of the idiom – there may be notes, for example, to say that an idiom is usually used in a passive construction or in a continuous form or in a negative sentence
- examples of the idiom in use
- comments on register – the register labels used in CIDI are *informal*, *formal*, *very informal*, *old-fashioned*, *taboo*, *humorous* and *literary*
- notes about regional variations in use – this is important as many British idioms will sound very strange to an American and vice versa

TIP

It is not possible for this book to include as much information about each idiom as you will find in a dictionary. So, look up the idioms that you particularly want to learn from this book in a dictionary as well. In your Vocabulary notebook, write any further information or other examples of the idioms in the context that you find in the dictionary.

Exercises

ii.1 Look up the idioms in these sentences in your dictionary. What word is each idiom listed under?



- 1 It's the person in the street who picks up the bill for the government's mistakes.
- 2 She had a wonderful trip to Australia, but now she's come back down to earth with a bump.
- 3 John had a furious argument with his supervisor, but he managed to stand his ground.
- 4 He's feeling very miserable, so there's no need for you to stick the knife in too.
- 5 You're banging your head against a brick wall trying to get him to help you.
- 6 You scared the living daylights out of me by creeping up behind me like that.

ii.2 Which word(s) could be left out of the idioms in these sentences?

- 1 It's always hard when you have to come back down to earth with a bump after a holiday.
- 2 No one thought she could climb the mountain without oxygen, but she succeeded against all the odds.
- 3 She hit him where it hurt most by telling him that he had always been a disappointment to his parents.
- 4 The way he reacted scared the living daylights out of me!

ii.3 Which word in each idiom could be changed for another word?

- 1 Don't worry about a thing – I'm sure the company will pick up the bill.
- 2 I came back down to earth with a bump when I saw the pile of post waiting for me after the weekend.
- 3 The army had lost many of its men, but it managed to stand its ground.
- 4 Why do critics seem to enjoy sticking the knife into untalented actors and writers?
- 5 I feel as if I'm banging my head against a brick wall with him at the moment.
- 6 It's a terrifying film – it scared the living daylights out of me!

ii.4 What grammatical information does your dictionary give about these idioms? Read the information and then write a sentence with each idiom.



- 1 look a gift horse in the mouth
- 2 be pushing up the daisies
- 3 be on the brink of
- 4 tie yourself up in knots
- 5 be man enough

ii.5 Match the register labels in the box with the idioms in the sentences below.

formal humorous informal literary old-fashioned very informal

- 1 I really don't like him – he's such a slime ball.
- 2 OK. I'll do the washing-up. There's no peace for the wicked!
- 3 Her family has lived in that village from time immemorial.
- 4 My grandma always used to say that an apple a day keeps the doctor away.
- 5 The food was so delicious – we stuffed our faces.
- 6 I hope that what I have said will give you pause for thought.

Health

A Idioms describing health

Mark had been feeling *under the weather*¹ for weeks. One day he came into work *looking like death warmed up*² and so we told him to go away for a few days to *recharge his batteries*³. After one day beside the sea, he no longer *felt off-colour*⁴ and by the second day he knew he was *on the road to recovery*⁵. He sent us a postcard and we were all glad to learn that he was *on the mend*⁶. By the end of the week, he returned to work *as fit as a fiddle*⁷. And he's been *as right as rain*⁸ ever since.

¹ not very well

² looking extremely ill

³ do something to gain fresh energy and enthusiasm

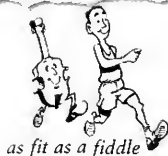
⁴ felt unwell

⁵ getting better

⁶ getting better

⁷ perfectly well

⁸ perfectly well



B Informal idioms for mad

There are many informal idioms which are used to say that someone is mad:

He's not all there.

She's a basket case.

She's off her trolley.

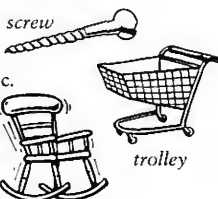
He's off his rocker.

He's not right in the head.

She's one sandwich short of a picnic.

She's got a screw loose.

He's as nutty as a fruitcake.



C Informal idioms for die

There are also a lot of very informal idioms meaning *die*, for example:

She's popped her clogs.

She's given up the ghost.

She's kicked the bucket.

He's bitten the dust.

He's fallen off his perch.

D Idioms based on medical images

idiom	meaning	example
a sore point/spot	a subject which someone would prefer not to talk about because it makes them angry or embarrassed	Try not to mention baldness while he's here – it's a sore spot for him.
give someone a taste/dose of their own medicine	do the same bad thing to someone that they have done to you in order to show them how unpleasant it is	Refusing to lend him money now would give him a taste of his own medicine – he's never lent you any.
a bitter pill to swallow	unpleasant, but has to be accepted	Losing my job was initially a bitter pill to swallow.
sugar the pill	do something to make something unpleasant more acceptable	The boss has sugared the overtime pill by offering a large extra payment.
have itchy feet	want to travel or move on	I can't stay in one place for more than a year without getting itchy feet.

Exercises

- 1.1 Put these expressions into four groups of idioms that share the same meaning. (There are two groups of two idioms and two groups of four.) Explain the meaning in each case.

give up the ghost be on the road to recovery bite the dust be on the mend
be as nutty as a fruitcake feel off-colour be not all there feel under the weather
pop your clogs be off your trolley fall off your perch be a basket case

- 1.2 Complete each of these idioms.

- Don't mention the merger to him – it's a bit of a spot for him.
- Telling Joe what you feel may be a pill for him to swallow, but you owe it to him nevertheless.
- Watching travel programmes on TV always gives me feet.
- I wonder what's happened to Stan – he looks like death up!
- Plans to put increased funds into education are supposed to sugar the of increased taxation.
- Imagine someone as unfit as Ruth going on holiday in the Himalayas. She must have a loose.
- A good game of golf at the weekend always helps to my father's batteries.
- Tom was quite ill for a while last year, but he's as fit as a now.
- I was exhausted when I got home from work, but, after a nice cup of tea, I'm as as rain.
- Helen won't understand the problem – she's one short of a picnic.

- 1.3 Which of the idioms meaning *die* do these pictures make you think of?



- 1.4 Match each statement on the left with the most likely response on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 I've got itchy feet. | Oh dear, I hope he's OK tomorrow. |
| 2 He's as right as rain now. | Yes, but she'll soon get over it. |
| 3 He's not right in the head. | Where would you like to go? |
| 4 I'm going to tell him what I think of him. | That is a relief! |
| 5 Dad's a bit off-colour today. | Good. Give him a dose of his own medicine. |
| 6 Failing the exam was a bitter pill to swallow. | I know, Jane told me he was off his rocker. |

FOLLOW UP

Why do you think there are so many idiomatic expressions meaning *mad* and *die*? Is it the same in your language? Do you think it would ever be appropriate for you to use any of these English idioms for *mad* or *die*? If so, in what circumstances? If not, why not?

Happiness and sadness

A Extreme happiness

There are many informal idioms which mean *extremely happy*.

I'm thrilled to bits.

I am/feel on top of the world.



I'm on cloud nine.

I'm over the moon.

I'm in seventh heaven.

B Other happiness idioms

idiom	meaning	example
get a (real) kick out of something	very much enjoy doing something (informal)	I get a (real) kick out of going for a run first thing in the morning before anyone else is up.
do something for kicks	do something because it is exciting, usually something dangerous (informal)	Sandra is keen to have a go at bungee-jumping – just for kicks.
jump for joy	be very happy and excited about something that has happened	Rowena jumped for joy when she heard that she'd won first prize.
be floating/ walking on air	be very happy about something good that has happened	I've been walking on air ever since Chris and I started going out together.
something makes your day	something makes you feel very happy	It's great to hear from you. It's really made my day.

C Sadness

Dear Louise,
 Hope all goes well with you. Unfortunately, everyone here is **out of sorts**¹. Will is **down in the dumps**² because he doesn't like his teacher this year. I've told him that **it's not the end of the world**³ and that he'd better **just grin and bear it**⁴, but I think he likes being a **misery guts**⁵ and so he complains about her every night. Pat is also suffering from **sour grapes**⁶ because I got the role in the school play that she wanted. This **puts a damper on**⁷ every meal, so I'm really looking forward to staying with you at the weekend.
 Love,
 Karen



¹ slightly unhappy or slightly ill

² unhappy (informal)

³ what has happened won't cause any serious problems

⁴ accept a situation you don't like because you can't change it

⁵ someone who complains all the time and is never happy (very informal)

⁶ being jealous about something you can't have

⁷ stop an occasion from being enjoyable (sometimes *dampener* is used instead of *damper*)

Exercises

- 2.1 Combine the words in the box in order to make five expressions meaning *extremely happy*. Use each word once only.

bits cloud heaven in moon nine of on on over seventh the
the thrilled to top world

- 2.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



- 2.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 The child was thrilled for bits to have her photo in the paper.
- 2 I felt as if I was floating in air as I ran down the hill into his arms.
- 3 Why does Marti look so out of sort today?
- 4 Don't make such a fuss. It's not the finish of the world!
- 5 Your telephone call has really done my day!
- 6 Jill said she was on cloud seven and Jack agreed that he was in ninth heaven.
- 7 Why does Mark always have to be such a miserable guts?
- 8 Stereotypically, happy footballers say that they are over the sun.

- 2.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Would a piece of good news or a piece of bad news be more likely to make your day?
- 2 If you got top marks in an exam, would you feel down in the dumps?
- 3 Are people more likely to get a kick out of hot-air ballooning or cleaning their boots?
- 4 Do you have to grin and bear it when you are happy or unhappy about something that has happened?
- 5 If you are at someone's birthday party, what would be more likely to put a damper on the event – news of the illness of a close friend or a heavy shower of rain?
- 6 Do people usually enjoy or not enjoy being in the company of a misery guts?
- 7 You have a beautiful new sports car that a colleague is rather envious of. What is your colleague more likely to say out of sour grapes? 'I love its green colour!' or 'Of course, that model is very unreliable!'
- 8 A damper is literally a thing put on piano strings to make the sound less loud. How does knowing this help you to understand the idiom using the word *damper*?
- 9 Do you notice anything that a number of the images in the happiness idioms have in common?

A Being angry

These informal idioms can be used either about yourself or about a third person.

I'm **fed up** (to the back teeth) with trying to live on such a small wage.

I'm **at my wits' end** trying to keep things in order.
(wits = intelligence, brains)

I've had it up to here with this organisation!



These informal idioms are generally used about other people.

Your boss will **have/throw a fit** when he finds out you forgot to reply to those letters.
(You can also say **go off the deep end** / **go spare** / **do his nut** / **blow a fuse**.)

These less informal idioms describe other people's anger and are based on the word *blood*.

If someone's **blood is up**, they are very angry or excited and may react in a violent way.

If you are **after someone's blood**, you want to catch them in order to hurt or punish them.

If you are **out for blood**, you are determined to find someone to attack or blame for something bad that has happened.

B Angry relationships

idiom	meaning	example
drive someone up the wall	make someone very angry (or sometimes very bored)	The neighbours' loud music every night is driving me up the wall.
drive/send someone round the bend/twist	make someone very angry (or sometimes very bored)	His lack of consideration is driving me round the twist.
rub someone up the wrong way	make someone annoyed	Jill always manages to say something to rub her father up the wrong way.
get/put someone's back up	make someone annoyed	Roger put his sister's back up by saying she would never be a good driver.
ruffle someone's feathers	make someone annoyed	Jo says what she thinks without worrying about whether she might be ruffling anyone's feathers.
put/send the cat among the pigeons	do or say something that makes a lot of people angry or worried	Danny put the cat among the pigeons by suggesting that the company might have to make some redundancies.
not be on speaking terms	be so angry with each other that they refuse to speak to each other	They haven't been on speaking terms for years although neither can remember what they first quarrelled about.
give someone an earful	tell someone how angry you are with them (informal)	The old lady gave the children an earful for nearly knocking her over.
give someone a piece of your mind	tell someone how angry you are with them	He'll give the boys a piece of his mind if he catches them in his garden.

Exercises

3.1 Put the expressions in the box into pairs that mean more or less the same.

went off the deep end gave him an earful drove him up the wall gave him a piece of her mind
put his back up did his nut rubbed him up the wrong way sent him round the bend

3.2 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 Kevin has had it up to with his work.
- 2 It's horrible living with two people who are not on speaking
- 3 It'll really put the among the pigeons if you try to bring that up at the meeting.
- 4 My sister spare when she found out I'd burnt her new top.
- 5 Jez is your blood now he knows it was you who told the police.
- 6 The demonstrators are furious and for blood.
- 7 Your father will throw a if you go out dressed like that.
- 8 The baby hardly sleeps at night and her mother is at her end.

3.3 Correct eight mistakes in this paragraph.

Yesterday I had terrible toothache. It hurt a lot and I guess that's why I was in a bad temper all day. Everything anyone said seemed to put the back up and, in the end, I threw a fuse with the person I share my office with. Even when I'm in a good mood, she sends me up the twist with her constant chatter and yesterday I had had it off to here with her after only ten minutes. I really gave her an eyeful and the result is that we are no longer in speaking terms. I know I'll have to apologise for doing my nuts like that, but perhaps I'll wait a while. It's much easier to work when she isn't talking to me! Perhaps I should give her a peace of my mind more often.



3.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Name one thing that drives you up the wall.
- 2 Find two idioms on the left-hand page that conjure up images of birds.
- 3 Can you remember a teacher ever going off the deep end? If so, what caused it?
- 4 Find seven idioms on the left-hand page that are based on parts of the body.
- 5 Has anyone recently rubbed you up the wrong way? If so, how did they do this?
- 6 Which idiom in A on the left-hand page do you think is usually accompanied by a gesture?
- 7 Have you ever given someone a piece of your mind? If so, what about?
- 8 Find an idiom on the left-hand page connected with electricity.

A Knowing and not knowing

<i>knowing</i>	<i>meaning</i>
She knows the system inside out .	She knows every detail of it.
When it comes to geography, he certainly knows his stuff .	He has a very good knowledge of it.
That book title has a familiar ring to it. I think I read it a long time ago.	It sounds familiar / I think I've heard it before.
I'm not sure if I know her, but the name rings a bell . (very commonly used with <i>name</i>)	I have a vague memory of someone with that name, but can't remember exactly.

<i>not knowing</i>	<i>meaning</i>
I haven't (got) / don't have a clue how to use this camera.	I don't know at all.
I haven't (got) / don't have the faintest idea where she lives.	I really don't know at all.
I haven't (got) / don't have the foggiest (idea) what this switch is for.	I absolutely don't know at all.
I can't for the life of me remember her first name.	I can't remember at all.
I'm a bit out of touch with computers these days.	I used to know about them, but don't know the latest developments.
I'm sorry, that name doesn't ring any bells with me . (very commonly used with <i>name</i>)	I don't think I've ever heard it before; it is unfamiliar.

B Coming to conclusions

I didn't actually know where you were staying, but Mark said you were with a relative. So I **put two and two together** and guessed it was that aunt of yours in Manchester. [concluded from the facts I knew]

I'm sorry, I **got (hold of) the wrong end of the stick**. I thought you were complaining about something. [came to the wrong conclusion]



'I think he's got hold of the wrong end of the stick.'

Exercises

4.1 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 I don't have even a faint idea where he is today; you'll have to ask somebody else.
- 2 The title of the CD has familiar rings to it, but I don't think I've ever heard it.
- 3 My cousin knows the tax laws outside and in, so if you want advice on your tax, he'll help you.
- 4 I can't for life think what it was I came into the kitchen for.
- 5 I saw Tom and Lily together in a restaurant looking adoringly into each other's eyes. I added up two and two, and decided they must be madly in love.

4.2 Use the corrected idioms from exercise 4.1 to rewrite the underlined parts of this paragraph. Use each idiom once only.

I always thought I knew my computer in every detail, but the other day it started to crash every time I opened a certain program. I could not in any way understand why it was doing this, and I didn't have any idea at all about what to do to fix it. I rang the helpline which I had used in the past, and after about 20 minutes I spoke to someone who said his name was Patrick, and that he was there to help me. He gave me some advice which sounded quite familiar to me from previous calls I had made to the same helpline. I thought about all this, put the facts together, and concluded that they give the same advice to everybody, and that it's just a way of getting rid of you. The computer still crashes every time I open the program.

4.3 Write sentences that mean the opposite of these sentences. Use idioms from the left-hand page and make any other necessary changes.

- 1 Yes, that name is very familiar to me. I think I've met her several times.
- 2 I'm really up to date with TV soap operas these days. I watch them every day.
- 3 She knows absolutely nothing when it comes to the history of this area.
- 4 I correctly interpreted what she was trying to tell me and it solved a big problem.
- 5 No, sorry, her name means nothing to me. I may have met her, I just can't remember.

4.4 Complete each sentence with a different idiom which refers to 'not knowing'.

- 1 I how to use the photocopier. Do you think you could help me? (weakest of the three)
- 2 I where I left that letter I brought for you. I'm really sorry. (stronger than 1)
- 3 I what she's talking about. She's crazy! (even stronger than 2)

FOLLOW UP

If you have access to the Internet, go to the *Cambridge International Dictionary of Idioms* website at dictionary.cambridge.org/idioms and do a search under the word *know*. You will get a list of all the idioms containing the word *know*. Choose any three of these that you have not seen before or which look interesting, click on each one to get their meanings and make a note of them in your Vocabulary notebook.

A Learning from experiences

If ...	you can say ...
something bad has happened, but you decide to learn from it instead of being upset by it,	I've decided to put it down to experience .
you don't know what your position is or what your situation is with someone, and it's worrying you,	I just want to know where I stand , that's all.
something happens or someone says something that makes you think very seriously about it,	the events / your suggestions have certainly given me food for thought .
something bad happens to you and you decide you will never let it happen again,	I've learnt my lesson .
someone does something stupid which affects them in a way that they'll never want to do it again,	that will teach him/her a lesson!
someone finally becomes aware of a fact (often used with unpleasant facts),	I think he/she's got the message .
you tell the true facts to someone who has believed a different set of facts up to that moment,	I just want to set/put the record straight .

B Other common idioms connected with perceiving situations

I heard it **on/through the grapevine** that you're thinking of leaving the company. Is it true?
[heard it from someone who had heard it from someone else]

He doesn't hate you at all. It's completely untrue. It's just a **figment of your imagination**.
[something you have imagined which is not true]

The Prime Minister seems to have lost **sight** of why she was elected. She's broken all her promises to the people. [forgotten a central, important fact or truth about something]

What beats me is why people are prepared to sit in a traffic jam every morning for half an hour just to get to work. [what I cannot understand]

I'm having **second thoughts** about moving house. I like this part of the city and I'm not sure I'd be happy anywhere else. [I decided something, but now I am no longer sure about it]

I don't know all the **ins and outs** of the situation, but it seems that David has decided to move out of the flat he shares with Ruth and Monica. [the details of]

TIP

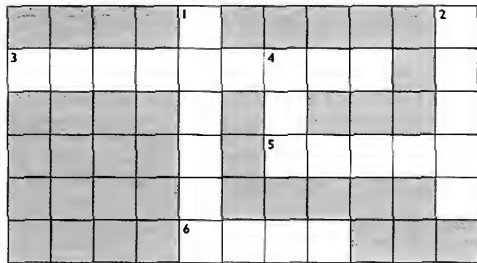
If an idiom has a preposition associated with it, e.g. *ins and outs of*, *second thoughts about*, always write the preposition with the idiom in your Vocabulary notebook, as well as any other important structural information.

Exercises

- 5.1 In each of these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat what the first speaker says. Complete the idioms.

- Martin: Well, Luke has finally learnt that he can't expect everyone else to pay for him.
Philip: Yes, I think he's
- Anne: Well, Sheila will certainly learn never to do that again!
Gerry: Yes, that should definitely
- Frances: His suggestions are worth taking seriously, aren't they?
Brad: Yes, they've certainly given us
- Will: Joe's convinced himself that his neighbours are drug smugglers. He's just crazy!
Nick: Yes, I'm sure the whole thing is a
- Carol: Well, I think we were right to tell her what really happened, don't you?
Steve: Yes, it was important to

- 5.2 Complete the crossword.



Across

- You can hear news through it.
- Don't lose it.
- Put it to experience.

Down

- They're not your first thoughts.
- Usually means *hits*, but is used in an idiom about not understanding something.
- They go with 'ours'.

- 5.3 Complete each of these idioms.

- I want to know I One day you say you love me, the next day you say I'm just a friend. It's driving me crazy.
- He spent £500 of my money. I'll never lend him my credit card again. I've my
- I don't know all the and of the situation, but I think one of the directors is going to resign. There must be a big problem.
- I can understand that she needed help, but me is that she should ask someone as stupid as Simon to help her!

- 5.4 Answer these questions.

- Think of an occasion when you learnt your lesson.
- Think of something which happened to you that you decided to put down to experience.
- Have you ever decided to do something, then had second thoughts about it? What was it?
- Think of something you heard recently on the grapevine. What was it?
- Have you ever been in a friendship or relationship where you had to say 'I need to know where I stand'? What was the situation?



6

Success and failure

A When things go well

If something ...	then it ...
makes all the difference (to something)	has a very good effect on a situation or a thing
works/goes/runs like a dream	works/goes/runs very well indeed
works like magic	works immediately and very well indeed
goes from strength to strength	gets better and better
does the trick	solves a problem very well
is the be-all-and-end-all (of something)	is the most important thing (often used in the negative: <i>not the be-all-and-end-all</i>)
is / turns out to be a blessing in disguise	has a good effect even though at first it seemed it would be bad

B ... and when they don't

If ...	then ...
someone/something is a victim of their/its own success	their/its success has negative effects as well as or instead of positive ones
someone doesn't have the ghost of a chance (of doing something)	they have no chance at all
someone/something gives up the ghost	they/it stop(s) working or they stop trying to succeed because they know they will not
someone/something leaves their/its mark (on someone/something)	they have / it has an effect (usually negative) that changes someone or something for ever

C Other useful idioms connected with success and failure

I always knew Ahmed would go places. He's been an excellent athlete since he was a teenager. [would be successful (*go places* is not used in the simple tense forms)]

He's a good writer, but he hasn't really ever hit the big time. [been successful nationally or internationally and made lots of money]

He's really made a go of that restaurant he bought. He's extended it and he employs about ten people now. [been very successful with]

TIP

If a dictionary or your teacher tells you an idiom is not used with a particular tense or has other grammatical restrictions, e.g. *go places* in C above, always make a note about the grammar in your notebook.

Exercises

6.1 Complete these idioms with prepositions.

- 1 His Internet company has gone strength strength in the last six months. He's making a lot of money now.
- 2 The flood ruined our old kitchen, but it was a blessing disguise, because the insurance company paid for a completely new one.
- 3 This new model is not the be-all-and-end-all digital cameras, but it certainly has many technical features that others do not have.
- 4 Your offer to drive us to the airport makes all the difference our travel plans.
- 5 Your plan to persuade Lela to join the committee worked magic.

6.2 Use the idioms from exercise 6.1 to rewrite the underlined parts of the sentences.

- 1 At first we thought the new road would spoil our village, but in fact it was a positive development and the village shops are doing more business.
- 2 I sprayed the stain remover onto my jacket and it had an immediate positive result. (Give two answers.)
- 3 This is not the absolute best and most complete cookery book, but it does have recipes from 100 different countries.
- 4 The school has got better and better since the new head teacher took over.
- 5 Getting new curtains has changed my flat in a positive way. It feels like a new one.

6.3 Who would be most likely to say these remarks? Choose the correct answer.

- 1 It left its mark on me.
 - a) someone who had just spilt red wine over themselves
 - b) someone who taught in a very bad school for ten years
 - c) someone who had a wonderful birthday party
- 2 I'm a victim of my own success.
 - a) someone who won a lot of money then spent it all
 - b) a student who always passes every exam they take
 - c) a popular teacher whose class everyone wants to be in
- 3 I don't think I'll ever hit the big time.
 - a) a rock musician who is popular in local clubs
 - b) an athlete who has just got a place in an Olympic team
 - c) a dentist with a very heavy schedule of appointments
- 4 Work isn't the be-all-and-end-all in my life.
 - a) someone who is unemployed
 - b) someone who has a lot of interesting hobbies
 - c) someone who never finishes a job they start

6.4 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 The photocopier has completely the ghost. We need a new one.
- 2 I didn't think I ghost of a of passing the exam, but I did.
- 3 My new motorbike a dream; it's fast, but so smooth and quiet.

6.5 Answer these questions.

- 1 If you make a go of something, do you succeed or fail?
- 2 What should you remember about the grammar of the idiom *go places*?
- 3 What could you write in your Vocabulary notebook about the use of *be-all-and-end-all*?

Having problems

A Describing the problem

I've come up against a brick wall.

[something is blocking me from doing what I want to do]

I put my foot in it.

[said something tactless and embarrassing]

I'm in dire straits.

[in a very difficult or dangerous situation]

I've dug myself into a hole.

[have myself caused a problem that will be difficult to escape from (informal)]

I've spread myself too thin.

[am trying to do too many things at the same time, with the result that I can't give any of them the attention they need]

I've been left holding the baby.

[others have left me to deal with a problem alone]

They've got me over a barrel.

[have put me in a situation where I have no choice over what I can do]

I've come up against a stumbling block.

[a problem which stops me from achieving something]

I'm clutching at straws now.

[am in such a difficult situation that I will try anything]

I've drawn a blank.

[am unable to find information or to achieve something I'd hoped for]

So now we are all going to have to face the music.

[accept criticism or punishment for what you have done]



B Fact of life

Taxes are, unfortunately, a fact of life. [an unpleasant situation which has to be accepted because it cannot be changed]

A fact of life must not be confused with the phrase *the facts of life*, which is a slightly indirect (humorous) way of referring to information about sexual reproduction. Another humorous idiom for *the facts of life* is *the birds and the bees*.

C Easier said than done

Why don't you take the train to work? Then you'd avoid all the traffic jams.

Easier said than done! There are no trains at the right time. [something you say when something seems like a good idea, but is difficult to actually do]

TIP

Make a 'problems' idioms page in your Vocabulary notebook. You will find examples of other idioms that can be used for talking about problems in other units of this book too. As you find them, add them to this page of your notebook.

Exercises

7.1 Match the beginning of each idiom on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------|
| 1 left holding the | wall |
| 2 brick | block |
| 3 stumbling | music |
| 4 dire | baby |
| 5 draw a | barrel |
| 6 have you over a | strait |
| 7 face the | blank |

7.2 Put the words in the right order and make sentences.

- done / said / Easier / than
- too / to / Try / spread / thin / not / yourself
- I / I / foot / it / wish / my / put / hadn't / in
- a / life / older / of / Getting / fact / is
- mother / tell / and / was / to / the / it / the / about / bees / Sarah's / decided / time / her / birds
- life / primary / facts / of / the / Children / taught / in / school / are

7.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



7.4 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- You'd better stop talking or you'll dig yourself into a deeper
- I hoped I'd find the address I needed in the library, but I drew a
- If you take on any more work, you'll be spreading yourself far too
- Stranded on the island with no money and no luggage, we were well aware that we were in dire
- The police explored a number of leads, but each time they came up against a brick
- Not having enough savings to set up a business was a major stumbling
- I wish I could leave my job, but they've got me over a

**FOLLOW
UP**

Magazines often have articles about people's problems or question and answer pages dealing with problems of different kinds. Find an article or a question and answer page like this and make a note of any idioms that you find there.

Dealing with problems

A Trying to solve a problem

Ray needed a bookcase. He had been **making do**¹ with planks of wood on bricks, but he wanted something nicer now. His sister, Sandy, suggested buying a self-assembly bookcase where the pieces came in a flat pack for him to put together himself. Ray knew he wasn't much good at that sort of thing, but he decided to **give it a shot/whirl**². When he opened the pack, it all looked very confusing, but he was determined to **get to grips with**³ it. After a couple of hours, he had something that looked a bit like a bookcase but was rather wobbly. **To be on the safe side**⁴, he asked Sandy to check it for him. 'There's something not quite right about this,' she said. 'I think we'd better **get to the bottom of**⁵ it before you put your books on it.'

- ¹ managing with something that isn't as good as you would like
- ² give something a try (informal)
- ³ make an effort to understand or to deal with a problem or situation
- ⁴ to protect himself even though it might not be necessary
- ⁵ try to discover the truth about something



B Light and understanding

The recent release of fifty-year-old documents has **shed a great deal of light** on the political crises of the 1950s. Some unexpected information about the government of the day has been **brought to light** and some surprising facts about the politicians of the time have also **come to light**.



The concept of *light* is often used to represent mental illumination or understanding. The idiom **bring something to light** (usually used in the passive – see above) means to discover facts that were previously unknown. Often, though not always, these facts are about something bad or illegal. **Come to light** gives a similar idea of unknown facts becoming known. **Shed/Throw light on something** means to help people understand a situation.

It's been a very difficult year, but at last I feel I can see the **light at the end of the tunnel**. [something makes you believe that a difficult and unpleasant situation is coming to an end]

C The problem's over

The Democratic Party is behaving as if victory was already in the bag. [certain to get or achieve something (informal)]

I was in despair until Chris turned up – the answer to my prayers. [something or someone that you have needed for a long time]

I want to wave a magic wand and make things better. [find an easy way to solve a problem]

I've got to tie up a few loose ends before I go on holiday. [deal with the last few things that need to be done before something is completed]

Once Sheila explains why she acted as she did, everything will **fall into place**. [you understand something that you did not understand before, or everything goes well]

After the flood, it took us some time to **pick up the pieces**. [try to return to normal]

Exercises

8.1 Match each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 tie up loose ends | understand and deal with something |
| 2 come to light | try something |
| 3 give something a shot | find an easy solution |
| 4 get to grips with something | just in case |
| 5 make do | finish off final little tasks |
| 6 to be on the safe side | uncover the truth |
| 7 wave a magic wand | manage with something of worse quality |
| 8 get to the bottom of something | be discovered |

8.2 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- I've been busy at work, but I can see the light at the end of the now.
- Sarah wanted to a magic wand and make her son happy again.
- Just wait while I tie up these ends, then I'll go to the match with you.
- When her parents gave her some money, it was like the answer to her
- I've never tried yoga before, but I'd be happy to give a shot.
- The job isn't in the till you've had an offer in writing.
- This research may shed fresh on the causes of asthma in children.
- As I listened to the evidence, everything began to into place.

8.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the box. Make any other necessary changes.

bring to light come to light fall into place get to grips with get to the bottom of
give it a whirl pick up the pieces shed light on

- I'd like to try that new bowling alley. Let's this evening.
- I'm finding it quite hard my new role at work.
- When the business failed, Paul vanished, leaving his partner
- Some important new evidence in the last few days.
- I hope that we'll be able what's been going on.
- New medical research the causes of heart attacks.
- As soon as I met Joshua's family, everything
- In the investigation into their accounts, a number of errors

8.4 Match each statement on the left with the most likely response on the right.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 I'll wash your car for you! | OK, just to be on the safe side. |
| 2 Let's go home now. | If only I could wave a magic wand! |
| 3 The job's in the bag! | You're the answer to my prayers! |
| 4 We'd better take umbrellas. | Soon, I've still got some loose ends to tie up. |
| 5 Can you make do with a pencil? | I hope you're right! |
| 6 We just don't know what to do! | Sure, that'll do fine. |

8.5 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



Power and authority

A

Laws and rules

Note the idioms in this letter to the Editor of a newspaper.

Sir/Madam,

During the recent demonstrations in the city centre, we saw protesters **taking the law into their own hands**¹ and attacking the offices of the company responsible for the pollution of our beaches. While I can understand how angry these protesters must feel, it is clear that the most violent group of demonstrators, the so-called 'Nature's Commandos', **have become a law unto themselves**² and that the police are failing to

control the situation. What we now need is a firm government that is prepared to **lay down the law**³ to the big corporations which pollute our environment and to stop **bending the rules**⁴ when it is a question of commercial interests. At the same time, the police must take firm action against the most violent groups. Only in this way can we solve the problems we now face.

Sincerely,
Laura Norder

- ¹ taking action which should be taken by the police or the courts
- ² are completely out of control and simply ignore the law
- ³ be very firm and clear about the law, and enforce it
- ⁴ making special exceptions; letting some people disobey the rules/laws

B

Authority and responsibility

If you ...	then you ...
carry the can (for something which happens)	accept the blame/responsibility alone, even though other people were responsible
get / let someone off the hook	are free / leave someone free from all responsibility or from a difficult situation
leave someone to their own devices	allow them to decide how to act; do not control or supervise them
are at/on the receiving end (of something, for example, a person's anger/criticism)	suffer from / are the target of (the other person's anger/criticism, etc.)
are at someone's beck and call	do everything they tell you to do, whenever they tell you to do it
get your own way	persuade other people to let you do what you want

C

Power and politics

The people of Sweden go to the polls next Sunday. [pəʊlz¹ vote in a general election]

The government's **spin doctors** always make sure the news is very positive. [public relations officers who meet the press/media and present events in a way that suits them]

I think there is a **hidden agenda** in the government's plans. [an attempt to hide their real intentions]

Exercises

- 9.1 Which of these people are in a good situation (from their point of view) and which are in a bad situation? The idioms all come from B on the left-hand page.

- 1 Tim has been let off the hook.
- 2 Sally has had to carry the can.
- 3 Carmen is at everyone's beck and call.
- 4 Fiona has got her own way.

- 9.2 Complete each of these idioms with a preposition.

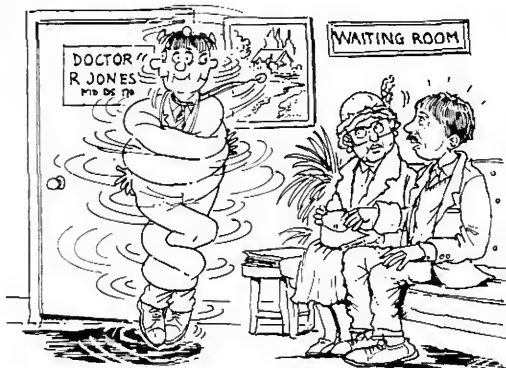
- 1 It's wrong to take the law your own hands.
- 2 It's time I laid the law and made them do their duty.
- 3 I would not want to be the receiving end of his bad temper. (Give two answers.)
- 4 Old Bob seems to have become a law himself at work. He does just what he likes.
- 5 Nobody tells you what to do. You're just left your own devices.

- 9.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 I think there is a reason she's not telling us about that letter she sent to the boss.
- 2 I thought I was going to have to represent my class at the staff-student meeting, but they've told me I don't have to.
- 3 She's an awful boss to work for; the secretaries have to do what she wants whenever she wants it, eight hours a day, seven days a week.
- 4 He has had to take a lot of criticism from the press in recent weeks.
- 5 They cause all the trouble, and I always have to take the blame.
- 6 I don't want someone telling me what to do all the time. I'd rather be allowed to make my own decisions about how to do things.

- 9.4 Write a sentence or a couple of sentences for each of these idioms to show their meaning.

- 1 a hidden agenda
- 2 a spin doctor
- 3 bend the rules
- 4 go to the polls



'I think he must be one of those spin doctors.'

FOLLOW UP

Read the editorials and/or letters to the Editor in an English-language newspaper or watch / listen to an English-language news broadcast on radio / TV / the Internet. Notice how many idioms occur in the political news. Make a note of any idioms that are not in this unit.

A Structuring arguments

On the one hand¹, I don't think that schoolchildren should have mobile phones. No one knows what the health risks may be for young people's brains. On the other hand², they are a useful way for kids to get in touch with their parents when there is a crisis. Be that as it may³, it is still a nuisance when phones go off in the middle of a lesson. To put it in a nutshell⁴, there are a lot of pros and cons⁵ with regard to kids and mobiles.



- ¹ and ² these phrases are used to present two opposite facts or two different ways of looking at the same issue
³ an expression which means you accept that something is true, but it still does not change your opinion
⁴ indicates that you're describing something as briefly as you can
⁵ advantages and disadvantages

B Noun phrases relating to arguments

She's caught in a vicious circle. She gets depressed, so she buys some new clothes, so she has no money, which makes her depressed again. [a problem that cannot be solved because it causes another problem that causes the first problem again]

Don't let's get onto corruption in the police. That would really be opening a can of worms! [a problem which you do not want to deal with because it will cause trouble (informal)]

The producer says critics love the film, but box-office takings will provide the acid test. [a key test which will prove the value, quality or truth of something]

Certainly, boarding school is hard for children. The other side of the coin is that they learn to be independent. [a different view, making something look either better or worse than before]

C Talking about arguments

idiom	meaning	example
tie yourself (up) in knots	become very confused when you are trying to explain something	Fiona tried to explain the problem, but she soon tied herself up in knots.
be brought/called to account	be forced to explain your actions and (probably) punished	The Ministers responsible should be called to account for their incompetence.
give someone the benefit of the doubt	believe something good about someone even though you could believe either good or bad	I'm not sure that David is telling the truth, but I'm giving him the benefit of the doubt.
go round in circles	make no progress in an argument or discussion	We're going round in circles. I wish you'd come up with a new idea!
won't budge/give an inch	won't modify an opinion or agree to even small changes that another person wants	I'm prepared to compromise, but Bert won't budge an inch.

Exercises

10.1 Match the beginning of each idiom on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------|
| 1 a can of | circle |
| 2 the acid | hand |
| 3 a vicious | nutshell |
| 4 in a | coin |
| 5 on the other | inch |
| 6 the other side of the | circles |
| 7 tie yourself up in | worms |
| 8 go round in | knots |
| 9 be called to | test |
| 10 won't give an | account |

10.2 What are the situations describing? Match an idiom from the box with each situation.

a vicious circle going round in circles putting it in a nutshell the acid test
 tying yourself up in knots the pros and cons of a situation

- Trying out a new invention for the first time.
- Trying to explain something complex that you do not really understand.
- The advantages and disadvantages of moving to a different town.
- Explaining a complicated situation in two minutes.
- Trying to reach agreement when neither side is prepared to modify its position.
- Getting rid of some books so you have space on your bookshelves, then buying more books because you now have space, so you now need to get rid of more books to clear a bit more space.

10.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the box.

a can of worms called to account on the one hand be that as it may
 give him the benefit of the doubt the other side of the coin

- In some ways it's glamorous being a pop star. But is that you no longer have any privacy.
- It's time these petty criminals were for their irresponsible actions.
- I know Bill's a nice friendly person, but,, he still has to pull his weight in the office.
-, I think Janna might have the best personality for the job, but, on the other, Mina has more experience.
- If he's apologised, I think you should
- It would be opening to inquire about his finances.

10.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- I got very confused trying to explain to Karl how I felt about him.
- I'd like you to write an essay on the advantages and disadvantages of working abroad.
- To put it briefly, James needs to produce better homework.
- Natasha was prepared to compromise, but Alex wouldn't compromise at all.
- You need more money so you work more. You earn more so you spend more. So you need to work more. It never ends.

Conversational responses

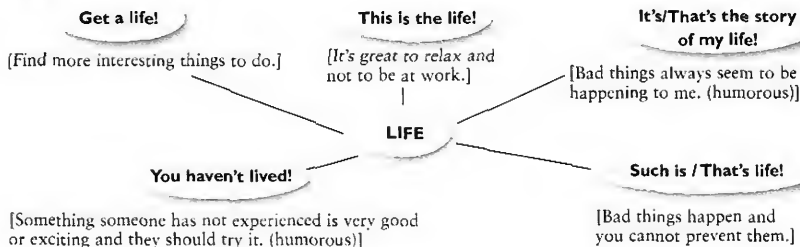
A Emphasis

<i>possible stimulus</i>	<i>you say</i>	<i>you mean</i>
You can borrow my car tonight.	Thanks a million!	Thank you very much indeed.
Did you get the job you wanted?	No such luck!	You're disappointed you were not able to do something.
Can I go skiing with you and your friends this weekend?	The more, the merrier.	You're happy for others to join your group or activity.
She's a great teacher!	You can say that again!	You totally agree with someone.
Come on the roller coaster with me!	No way!	You do not want to do something.
I don't know how you can drive a car in London traffic!	There's nothing to it!	You think something is easy.
You could become a model.	Don't make me laugh!	You think something is unlikely.
It's nearly the end of the holiday already.	How time flies!	You are surprised at how quickly time has passed.
We bumped into John's teacher in Venice!	It's a small world.	You are surprised at a coincidence, e.g. meeting someone unexpectedly or discovering mutual friends.

B Indifference

<i>possible stimulus</i>	<i>you say</i>	<i>you mean</i>
What do you think caused the problem?	It's neither here nor there what I think.	It is not very important.
Who do you think is to blame – the boss or the workers?	It's six of one and half a dozen of the other.	Two people or groups are equally responsible for a bad situation.
What do you think of Jed Hart's acting?	I can take it or leave it.	You do not hate something, but you don't particularly like it either.
Luke's got so many computer games.	I know. You name it , he's got it.	Anything you say or choose, e.g. <i>You name it, he's done it.</i>

C Life



Exercises

11.1 Complete these dialogues with an idiom from A or B on the left-hand page.

- 1 A: My new neighbour was at school with you!
B:
- 2 A: Is it OK if I bring Jeff to your party?
B:
- 3 A: Do you think Anne or Brian is to blame for their break-up?
B:
- 4 A: Goodness! It's nearly midnight!
B:
- 5 A: Did you manage to get tickets for the concert in the end?
B:
- 6 A: Do you like caviar?
B:
- 7 A: He says he's going to be Prime Minister one day.
B:
- 8 A: Would you agree to do overtime for no extra pay?
B:

11.2 Complete these sentences with an idiom from C on the left-hand page.

- 1 A: I can't come out with you because I've got to wash my hair.
B:
- 2 A: I've never swum in the Mediterranean.
B: It really is wonderful!
- 3 A: Your new girlfriend has dropped you already!
B:
- 4 A: As soon as I moved into my new flat, the roof started leaking.
B:
- 5 A: It's wonderful being here on the river when everyone else is at work!
B: You're right.

11.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 It's a lovely present. Thanks a thousand.
- 2 You won't find it difficult to learn to ski. There's really nothing to that.
- 3 It's either here or there which hotel you decide to stay in – they're both excellent.
- 4 Let's have a really big wedding. The more, the merry.
- 5 You may say that again! I couldn't agree with you more!
- 6 He's travelled a lot. You say it, he's been there.

11.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



TIP

It is often a good idea to learn a typical conversational response idiom in a pair with a statement that might prompt it, for example: *Do you like heavy metal music?* I can take it or leave it.

A Praise and positive comments

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

Mieko: That little village was the most wonderful, beautiful place I've ever seen.

Tania: Yes, it really was out of this world, wasn't it?

Nora: Professor Breen is the best lecturer I've ever heard.

Alec: Yes, he's second to none, isn't he?

Lucy: I'm not looking forward to being group leader after John. He's so popular and successful.

Fergus: Yes, he's a hard act to follow!

Larry: Oh, I do like our new sofa. It looks just perfect here.

Susan: Yes, it's just made for this room, isn't it?

Kirsten: *I admire William. He defended himself very well in the face of all the criticism and made some good points against his critics too.*

Adrian: Yes, he gave as good as he got, didn't he?

Emilio: I don't think we'll get tickets for the cup final. They're all sold and we'd have to pay a huge sum of money to buy some on the black market.

Chris: Yes, they're like gold dust.

Mark: Dr Zasta's research is incredibly original and he has made some important new discoveries.

Nuria: Yes, he's done some really ground-breaking work.

B Criticising people

Read Alice's account of some problems she had with a colleague at work. Note the idioms.

... Well, when I started working with her, at first she was **all sweetness and light**¹, but after a while she started **getting/going on my nerves**², and we soon began to have arguments over stupid things. If I made even a small mistake with my work, she would **give me a hard time**³, you know, and she would **poke fun at**⁴ me if I smiled at or chatted with any of our male colleagues. To **add insult to injury**⁵, she began to **cast aspersions on**⁶ my honesty, and one day, when some money disappeared from someone's handbag, she told people she thought I'd stolen it. I don't think she was an **out-and-out**⁷ evil person, but she was certainly **asking for trouble**⁸, and one day I just lost my temper and, you know, told her exactly what I thought of her and how much I disliked her. She hasn't spoken to me since that day ...

¹ friendly and pleasant, but in a false way

² irritating/annoying me

³ make me suffer / feel guilty

⁴ tease/mock me (you can also say **make fun of me**)

⁵ to make a bad situation even worse

⁶ criticise my character; suggest that I was not honest (formal)

⁷ completely/totally (for negative qualities of people)

⁸ doing things that were certain to result in trouble (you can also say **asking for it**, which is more informal)

Exercises

12.1 Use an idiom in each sentence to repeat and sum up what the other person says.

1 A: Diana was very friendly and smiling after our quarrel, but in a really false way.

B: Yes, I know. One minute she was angry, the next minute she was

2 A: I tried to buy the new Madonna CD, but all the shops had already sold out.

B: Yes, apparently they're

3 A: If he continues to behave the way he is behaving, he's going to have big problems.

B: Yes, I think he's just (Give two answers.)

4 A: Bridge Street College is the best school in the whole region.

B: Yes, it's

5 A: I enjoy being Chairperson, but I find it difficult coming after such a popular and successful Chairperson as Sarah.

B: Yes, she's certainly

12.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

1 She really gets in my nerve sometimes.

2 The last President was an in-and-out cruel monster, and the new one is not much better.

3 I don't think you should cast aspirations on him. He's not here to defend himself.

4 The scientists did some ground-making research on human genes.

5 She had already upset me, but to add injuries to insults she told me I was ugly.



ground-breaking work

12.3 Answer these questions.

1 What verb and preposition can be used instead of *make* and *of* in the idiom *make fun of somebody*?

2 What verb can be used instead of *get* in the idiom *get on someone's nerves*?

12.4 Complete each of these idioms.

1 They criticised her very strongly, but she as good as she and made them shut up.

2 This dining table is just for this room. The wood matches the doors perfectly.

3 Why are you me such a time? I know I was wrong, but I said I'm sorry. I can't do any more.

4 We stayed at a luxurious five-star hotel. It was out of

A Evaluating people or things

It often helps to learn idioms by associating them with keywords.

keyword	idiom	example	meaning
answer	have a lot to answer for	Parents who don't control their children have a lot to answer for.	are the main cause of the problems
crack	something is not all it's cracked up to be	That restaurant is not all it's cracked up to be.	is not as good as people say it is
edge	someone/something has the edge over someone/something	This computer has the edge over other models because it has such a huge hard drive.	is slightly better than
desire	leave a lot to be desired (always in simple tense forms)	Her spoken English leaves a lot to be desired.	is not as good as it should be / as we might expect
make	have all the makings of	The recent events have all the makings of a big political scandal.	are likely to develop into
side	on the big/expensive, etc. side	This suitcase is a bit on the heavy side.	heavier than you want it to be
loss	a dead loss	This bottle-opener's a dead loss.	completely useless
ready	rough and ready	The accommodation was a bit rough and ready.	crude and lacking sophistication

B Commenting on people and their actions

If someone ...	then they ...
throws the baby out with the bathwater*	change things, but lose good things as well as bad
gets/jumps/leaps on the bandwagon	get involved in something already very successful
plays devil's advocate	pretend to be against an idea so that others discuss it
drives someone to distraction	make someone very angry or very bored
makes an exhibition of themselves	do things in public that make them look stupid
does something under false pretences	tell lies about who they are or what they're doing
never does anything by halves	always make a great effort and do things very well
is a laughing stock	are laughed at / mocked by everyone

* In former times, before people had bathrooms, all the family would bath in one bathtub. First the master of the house would bath, then his wife, then the children, and last of all the baby. By the time the baby was washed, the water was so dark and dirty there was a risk that no one would see the baby any more, and it would be thrown away with the dirty water!

Exercises

13.1 Which idioms on the left-hand page have these keywords?

keyword idiom

1 half

2 baby

3 desire

4 handwagon

5 laugh

13.2 Use the idioms from exercise 13.1 to rewrite the underlined parts of these sentences.

- The new documentary channel on TV is not as good as it should be.
- My brother goes to enormous efforts to do everything perfectly; he designed and built his own house, and designed most of the furniture too!
- He thinks everyone is afraid of him, but in fact everyone laughs at him in secret.
- Yes, I think we should change the system, but I think we should be careful to keep the good things about the old system.
- Five years ago, there were not many companies selling on the Internet, but now everyone has joined in because it's so successful.

13.3 Answer these questions.

- During the discussion, Kelly played devil's advocate. Did she agree or disagree with everyone else? In what way?
- The buses that go from the airport to the city are a bit rough and ready. Are they nice to ride in? Does the idiom mean they are usually ready to go when you arrive?
- Walter was acting under false pretences when he worked as an electrician. What did Walter do which was wrong?
- Camford University is not all it's cracked up to be. Would you want to study there? Why? / Why not?
- Your friend has driven you to distraction. Do you say 'Thanks for the lift'? Are you happy with him/her? Why? / Why not?



13.4 Complete each of these idioms. Use the clues in brackets.

- That new motorway project has the of a disaster for the environment. It will go through the middle of a wildlife area. (is likely to become)
- Zara a real of in class the other day. It was so embarrassing! (behaved in a way that made her look stupid)
- The Krona Hotel is a bit expensive Couldn't we stay somewhere cheaper? (more than I want to pay)
- This new digital camera is a The batteries run out after about ten photos. (useless, no good)
- I think Paris the over other European cities as a place for a holiday. (slightly better)
- The government has got a to for with regard to unemployment. (has caused a lot of problems)

A Behaviour to yourself and others

idiom	meaning	example
look right/straight through someone	behave as if you do not see someone either because you do not notice them or because you are ignoring them	Ann often looks straight through you, but I think it may be because she's short-sighted.
leave someone in the lurch	leave someone at a time when they need you to stay and help them	I'm sorry I'm leaving you in the lurch, but I've got to get to a meeting by 10 a.m.
give someone a hard/rough/tough time	make things difficult for someone	The teacher will give you a rough time if you don't finish the book.
keep a lid on something	control the level of something in order to stop it increasing	Rolf's been trying to keep a lid on his emotions, but every now and then his anger erupts.
let (yourself) go	either take less care of your appearance or relax completely and enjoy yourself	Sophie used to be so elegant, but now she's really let herself go.
blow something out of (all) proportion	behave as if something that has happened is much worse than it really is	The newspapers have blown the dispute out of all proportion.

B Attitudes towards events

When we got to our holiday destination, it was a very long climb up to the cottage that we were renting. John **thought nothing of**¹ it, but I found it quite difficult. However, when we got to the top, the view was so beautiful that it **brought a lump to my throat**². We were only going to be there for two weeks, so we were determined to **make the most of**³ it. Then my mother rang to say that my grandmother had been taken ill and her life was **hanging in the balance**⁴. Of course, everything else **faded/paled into insignificance**⁵ then and we agreed that we **wouldn't dream of**⁶ staying away in those circumstances. We caught the next plane home and spent the flight trying to **come to terms with**⁷ the thought that she might die. However, thank goodness, when we got to the hospital, she was sitting up completely recovered and very apologetic that she had spoiled our holiday.

¹ did something that other people found difficult very easily

² found it so moving that I wanted to cry

³ take full advantage of something because it may not last long

⁴ no one knows what will happen to it in the future

⁵ did not seem at all important when compared to something else

⁶ would never do something because we think it is wrong

⁷ start to accept emotionally and to deal with a difficult situation

TIP

Idioms are frequently used for commenting on your own or others' behaviour and attitudes. Try to notice how idioms are used in this way when you are reading or listening to English. Note the context as well as the idiom in your Vocabulary notebook.

Exercises

- 14.1** Which of these sentences describe basically positive behaviour or attitudes and which describe behaviour or attitudes that are negative (at least from the speaker's point of view)?
- 1 Mark looked straight through me when I walked into the hall.
 - 2 Rachel left me in the lurch as she usually does.
 - 3 Sam has really let himself go since his wife died.
 - 4 Let's make the most of this beautiful weather.
 - 5 The boy's soprano ringing through the church brought a lump to my throat.
 - 6 Rita's husband has blown the argument out of all proportion.
 - 7 It'll be great to be able to let ourselves go once term ends.
 - 8 They are gradually coming to terms with their loss.
- 14.2** Complete each of these idioms with one word.
- 1 The government has been quite successful at keeping a on inflation.
 - 2 Her boss is still giving her a time for forgetting to circulate his report.
(Give three answers.)
 - 3 In the light of what has happened since, our problems then have paled into
 - 4 Jeremy thinks nothing being interviewed on TV.
 - 5 The newspapers often minor stories out of all proportion.
 - 6 The beauty of the sunset brought a to my throat.
 - 7 The fate of my application is hanging in the until my exam results come through.
 - 8 I wouldn't of telling anyone your secret.
- 14.3** Answer these questions.
- 1 Have you ever been left in the lurch? If so, when?
 - 2 Has anyone ever given you a rough time? If so, why?
 - 3 Is there anything difficult that you think nothing of doing? If so, what?
 - 4 What do you think it is important to make the most of?
 - 5 What was once a big problem for you that has now paled into insignificance?
 - 6 What sorts of things bring a lump to your throat?
 - 7 Can you think of something that you have had to come to terms with? If so, what?
 - 8 What would you never dream of doing?
- 14.4** Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?

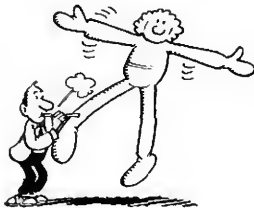
1



2



3

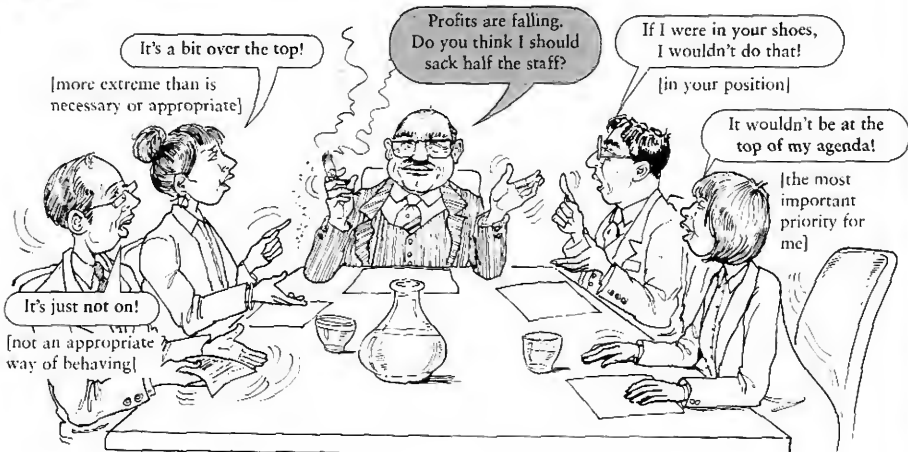


Reacting to what others say

A Complete phrases

possible stimulus	response	meaning of response
I understood everything he said to me in French. I was just pretending not to.	Really? You could've fooled me!	You do not believe what someone says about something that you saw or experienced yourself.
Josh adores cowboy films!	There's no accounting for taste(s)!	You can't understand why someone likes or doesn't like something.
Are you prepared to hand in your notice to stop them going ahead with their plans?	Yes, if all else fails!	If all other plans do not work.
What do you think of the Labour candidate in the election?	The lesser of two evils , I suppose.	It is the less unpleasant of two bad options.
How did we get into this terrible position?	One thing just led to another.	A series of events happened, each caused by the previous one.
It was such a stupid thing to say to her.	I know, I'll never live it down!	You think that you have done something bad or embarrassing that people will never forget.
My boss just congratulated me on my report. Should I ask him for a pay rise now?	Yes, go on. Strike while the iron is hot.	Do something immediately while you have a good chance of success.
How are you going to live on such a small salary?	I don't know – one way or another.	You are not sure exactly how yet, but it will happen.

B Prepositional phrases



Exercises

15.1 Match each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 1 not on | somehow |
| 2 one way or another | as a last resort |
| 3 at the top of your agenda | exaggerated |
| 4 over the top | now |
| 5 if all else fails | important |
| 6 strike while the iron is hot | inappropriate |

15.2 Which of the idioms from A on the left-hand page might the second speaker use in these situations?

- A: I love to put a bit of sugar on my lettuce.
B:
- A: I really didn't mind at all that I didn't win the prize!
B:
- A: Do you think I should go and speak to her now?
B: Yes,
- A: Would you rather have Smith or Jones as your boss?
B: I suppose Smith's
- A: Will you walk to work if your car won't start tomorrow?
B:

15.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- If I were in your boots, I'd take the job in New York.
- Asking the Managing Director for his ID was a really stupid mistake to make. I'm sure my colleagues will never let me live it off.
- Improving office morale is said to be high on the new boss's calendar.
- We hadn't intended to stay there so long, but one thing took to another.
- Take your chance now. Strike while the flame is hot.
- I can't understand what people see in the exhibition. There's no accounting for likes.
- If all else falls, I suppose I'll have to go and live somewhere else.
- Given the choice between watching football or golf, I suppose football is the less of two evils.

15.4 Complete these sentences in any way you like.

- If I were in shoes, I'd
- is at the top of my agenda at the moment.
- is just not on, as far as I'm concerned.
- I'm determined to, one way or another.
- I think that is/was over the top.
- In my opinion, if you compare and , then is the lesser of two evils.

A Getting into danger

The soldiers were caught napping by the sudden attack. [got into trouble because they were not paying enough attention (napping = sleeping)]



The Health Minister risked his job by going out on a limb and criticising the proposals put forward by the Prime Minister. [stating an opinion or doing something different from anyone else. You can also be out on a limb, which means you are alone and lacking support from anyone else (limb = large branch of a tree)]

John was a weak man, easily led astray by others. [influenced so that he did bad things (astray = away from the main path)]

I'd leave well alone if I were you; Jack hates people to tidy his papers. [try not to change or improve something because this might make things worse]

Although it's always panic stations before the performance, everything goes smoothly as soon as the curtain goes up. [a time or situation where you feel very anxious and have to act quickly (informal)]

Taxes are a necessary evil. [something you do not like, but you agree that it must exist or happen]

Thank goodness, you're safe and sound. I was so worried about you when I heard about the accident. [this phrase simply emphasises the word safe]

B Being close to danger

idiom	meaning	example
have a narrow escape	just manage to avoid danger or trouble	The crew had a narrow escape when the pilot made a crash landing.
do something by the skin of your teeth	only just succeed in doing something	We won the match by the skin of our teeth.
rather/too close for comfort	so close in distance or similar in amount that you are worried or frightened	We won the election, but the results were rather close for comfort.
cut things fine	leave yourself only just enough time to do something	I prefer getting to the station early, but Lee always cuts things fine.
something sets alarm bells ringing	something worries you because it is a sign that there may be a problem	The strange look she gave me set alarm bells ringing.
take your life in(to) your hands	do something very risky	You're taking your life into your hands crossing the road here.
your life is in someone's hands	that person can affect whether you live or die	When you go into hospital, you put your life in the hands of strangers.
hanging by a thread	likely to fail in the near future	The economy is hanging by a thread.
on a knife-edge	in a very difficult situation and there are worries about the future	The business is on a financial knife-edge and may go bankrupt.

Exercises

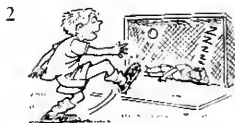
16.1 Match the beginning of each idiom on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| 1 be caught | limb |
| 2 have a narrow | sound |
| 3 safe and | alone |
| 4 be led | escape |
| 5 by the skin of your | stations |
| 6 be panic | astray |
| 7 leave well | napping |
| 8 go out on a | teeth |

16.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- When David suggested they should come and stay for a weekend, it set alarm clocks ringing in my mind.
- The patient's life is hanging by a string.
- Having to go to work is an evil necessity.
- Why do some people always cut a thing fine?
- They are on a knife-blade waiting for the results of Brian's medical tests.
- As the building was on fire, he had no choice but to put his life in the firemen's hand and climb out of the window and onto their ladder.
- You'll be taking the life in your hands if you make a speech like that to such an audience.
- I think it would be more sensible to leave good alone.

16.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



16.4 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom. Use the keyword in brackets.

- I suppose that exams are just something that you have to do. (EVIL)
- It was such a relief when Ralph arrived back from his Arctic expedition fit and healthy. (SOUND)
- You took an enormous risk by agreeing to go up in a helicopter with such an inexperienced pilot. (LIFE)
- The hurricane seems to be getting a bit too near to our town and I'm beginning to feel rather nervous. (COMFORT)
- If I were you, I wouldn't attempt to change things. (WELL)
- We were in a state of chaos before the important visitors arrived, but we managed to get everything under control in time for their visit. (STATIONS)
- The Smiths almost missed the train. (TEETH)
- I hope the other students won't distract our son from his studies. (LEAD)

A Making an effort

idiom	meaning	example
give something your all	use all your energy and effort to do something	I gave it my all, but only managed to come second in the race.
go all out	use a lot of energy and effort to do something	Jack is going all out to win the contract – I hope he'll succeed.
go out of your way to do something	try very hard to do something, usually something nice	Maggie always goes out of her way to put new employees at their ease.
pull your weight	work as hard as other people in a group	If Sarah pulled her weight, we would easily be able to complete the project on time.
by hook or by crook	using whatever methods are necessary	Our football team is determined to win the championship, by hook or by crook.
pull your finger out	make more of an effort (very informal)	If you don't pull your finger out, you'll get the sack.
at a push	probably possible, but it will be difficult	I could finish the report by Wednesday – at a push, Tuesday.

B Trying

You're not having much luck threading that needle, are you? Let me **have a go**. [try to do something]

I'll **have a bash** at painting the fence tomorrow if you like. [more informal way of saying *have a go*]

I went through the motions of tidying the house, but my thoughts were far away. [did something because you are expected to do it, not because you want to do it. In other words, you do it but without putting much effort or enthusiasm into it]

C Saying something is easy or difficult



Exercises

17.1 Match each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1 go all out | make an attempt |
| 2 be a doddle | be difficult or tiresome to do |
| 3 go through the motions | do your fair share |
| 4 be heavy-going | do something without enthusiasm or effort |
| 5 pull your weight | make a lot of effort |
| 6 have a bash | be very easy to do |

17.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- I wish you'd pull your hand out and help me move the furniture.
- Sam didn't like the exam, but I thought it was a slice of cake.
- I'm going to get the job somehow, by hook and by crook.
- Sally could, in a push, take over the project for you.
- The test was as easy as falling off a tree.
- Don't worry if you don't win the game – just as long as you give that your all.
- I'm going to have the go at repairing the washing machine yourself?
- Persuading him to do what I wanted was like taking candy from a child.
- Max will always go out of his road to help others.
- I had no problems using the public transport system there – it was a child's play.

17.3 Complete the idioms in this paragraph with prepositions.

The students in my class have to hand in an assignment on Friday. Masako is going all (1) to get a good mark. Marc usually just goes (2) the motions of writing an essay, but this time he's really pulled his finger (3) and is going (4) (5) his way to write something good. He says that he wants to get an A (6) hook or (7) crook. Paul says he found the assignment as easy as taking candy (8) a baby, but Sandra says that, although she had a good go (9) it, she found it quite heavy-going.

17.4 Rewrite each underlined idiom with another idiom which has the same meaning.

- A: Do you think I'll be able to manage a snowboard?
B: Course, you will. It's as easy as taking candy from a baby.
- A: I can't open this bottle.
B: Let me have a bash.
- A: How's John getting on with his new boss?
B: He is going all out to make a good impression on her.
- A: Did you find it easy to make that dress?
B: It was child's play.

17.5 Which of the two speakers in each case is speaking in a more informal way?

- Matt: I think I'll have a bash at making some bread this weekend.
Alex: I think I'll have a go at making some bread this weekend.
- Leah: I wish you'd pull your weight more with the project.
Sam: I wish you'd pull your finger out and help more with the project.
- Tom: Getting him to do what I want is child's play.
Sonya: Getting him to do what I want is a piece of cake.

18 Necessity and desirability

A Necessity

Return-Path: <g.bookworm@cup.cam.al.uk>
Mon, 04 Sep 2000 05:37:33 2000

Hi Gerry,
Good to get your e-mail. Things are fine here and we're busy. Nothing to complain about, except that an extra computer **wouldn't go amiss**¹.

Return-Path: <k.estrella@frolick.com>
Thu, 31 Aug 2000 12:53:36 -0400

Kate,
I feel **duty bound**⁴ to tell you that all is not well in the secretaries' office. Nothing to panic about right at the moment, but you know how

Return-Path: <k.l.pod@greedroyd.hjnet.co.uk>
Sun, 03 Sep 2000 14:25:55 -0400

Hello Kim!
Thanks for your e-mail. Your new job sounds great. Things are horrible here, and **if push comes to shove**², I'll just have to leave. **If need be**³, I'll work in a fast food place just

Return-Path: <l.t.sparks@dow.org>
Tue, 05 Sep 2000 07:37:38 2000

Dear Lorna,
How are you! I'm fine, but I'm a bit angry today. The boss has asked me to go to London tomorrow, and **I need** a trip to London like **I need a hole in the head**⁵. I may pretend

¹ would be very useful/good; we need them

² if the situation becomes very bad, this is what I can do

³ if it is really necessary / if I have no choice

⁴ I feel that it is my duty / that I really ought to

⁵ I don't need it at all, and don't want it

B Wanting and desirability

In these pairs of sentences, the second sentence means more or less the same as the first.

I'm really really looking forward to meeting your cousin. I'm dying to say hello to her.
(Note: always continuous tense form)

Nothing would persuade me to ride a motorbike. I **wouldn't be seen dead** riding one.
(Note the *-ing* form when a verb follows)

I left home because I wanted to be independent. I just wanted to do **my own thing**.

I'd do anything for a chance to meet the President. I'd **give anything** to shake his hand.

His comments were just not appropriate. They were not in keeping with the tone of things.

I would never ever consider a job like that. I **wouldn't touch it with a barge pole**.
(barge pole = a long pole used to push forward a barge, which is a canal boat)

C Other useful related expressions

Customer: Have you got a copy of *Advanced English Grammar*?

Bookseller: You're in luck. We have just one copy left. [said when you get something good that you were not expecting]

It's not worth my while buying a new car this month. They're always cheaper later in the year. [I will not benefit from doing it]

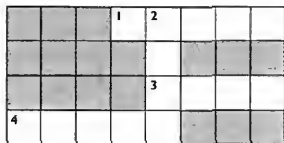
You need a dictionary? Take your pick. There are three different ones over there on the bookshelf. [choose whichever you want]

Exercises

18.1 Complete each of these idioms.

- I wouldn't be working in a hamburger restaurant.
All my friends would laugh at me. I just couldn't do it.
- I feel duty to go home and see my parents at least once a month.
- I've had enough coffee, thanks, but another one of those lovely cakes wouldn't go
- I think that CD player he's trying to sell is stolen. If I were you, I wouldn't it with a
- It's not my trying the exam again. I failed the first time, and I'll probably fail again.

18.2 Complete the crossword.



Across

- I want to do my own
- You're in ! She's just arrived.
- If push comes to

Down

- I don't want one in my head.

18.3 Now use the idioms from the crossword to rewrite these sentences.

- You are very fortunate. We have just one room left for tonight.
- If the situation really becomes bad enough, we'll just have to sell the apartment.
- I don't want to go with a big group of people. I want to be independent.
- I got a bill today for £700 for repairs to my car. I'm telling you, the last thing I need in this world is a bill for £700 right at this moment.

18.4 Answer these questions.

- Which idiom containing the word *need* means 'if it is really necessary' / 'if we are forced to act'?
- What is another way of saying 'choose what you want from the available selection'?
- What should you remember about the grammar of the idiom with *die* that means 'want very much' / 'really look forward to'?
- What idiom is based on the verb *keep*, and means 'suitable for' / 'in line with'?

18.5 Answer these questions for yourself.

- Is there anyone that you would give anything to meet?
- Is there something that you're dying to do in the next few days?

FOLLOW UP

Idioms are usually most common in informal texts – like the e-mails in A on the left-hand page. Try to read as many informal English texts as you can, for example, letters to popular magazines from readers, Internet chat and newsgroup texts, tabloid newspaper editorials, etc., and note any idioms you find. If you would occasionally like to try out some of the idioms you have learnt in this book, then informal e-mails are a good, natural context for using them.

19 Probability and luck

A Probability

★★★★ Your week in the stars ★★★★★

You try something **on the off-chance**¹ at work this week and achieve success **against all the odds**². At home you must be careful not to **take someone close to you for granted**³ as, if you do, it is a **foregone conclusion**⁴ that you will regret it sooner rather than later. Others **have seen** changes in your love life **coming a mile off**⁵ and it is **touch-and-**

go⁶ whether your current relationship will survive this week. **No prizes for guessing**⁷ who is to blame for the problems. However, you may still be able to get back together. Do not listen to others when they say that **the cards are stacked against**⁸ you. It is **always worth chancing your arm**⁹. Whether you succeed or not is in the lap of the gods¹⁰.

★★

- ¹ because you hope you will do or find something or someone even if you do not think success is very likely
- ² despite a lot of problems making it unlikely that you will succeed
- ³ you don't show you're grateful to someone because they are with you so often
- ⁴ the result is obvious to everyone even before it happens
- ⁵ have seen that something, usually something bad, is likely to happen (*a mile off* adds

emphasis and is not always included in the expression)

⁶ not certain (often followed by *whether*)

⁷ it is very easy to guess (usually followed by a question word)

⁸ you are not likely to succeed because there are so many obstacles in your way

⁹ taking a risk to achieve what you want (informal)

¹⁰ not something that you can control yourself

B Luck

possible stimulus	you say	you mean
I got away with missing afternoon school last Friday, so I'm going to try taking all of Friday off next week.	Don't push your luck!	Don't try too hard to get what you want and risk losing what you have achieved.
Would you like to choose which hotel room you want?	We'll take pot luck.	We'll take whatever is available without knowing if it will be good or not.
Do you always get a good horse at the riding stables you go to?	It's the luck of the draw. (draw = competition where winners are chosen at random)	It's a matter of chance and you have no control over it.
You're playing against the best player in the competition!	Just my luck!	You say this, usually humorously, to mean that you are always unlucky.
Did you manage to persuade Jane to come on holiday with you?	No such luck!	You are disappointed you weren't able to do what you would have liked to do.
I dreamt that Elton John invited me to one of his parties last night!	You should be so lucky!	What someone wants to happen is unlikely to happen.

Exercises

- 19.1** Comment on each of these sentences. How likely or unlikely is it that the action referred to will happen?

- 1 Against all the odds Jack is attempting to climb the mountain without oxygen.
- 2 Will Molly get the job she wants? It's in the lap of the gods.
- 3 No prizes for guessing which role Tom's got in the play.
- 4 The cards are stacked against her completing her course.
- 5 It's a foregone conclusion that Beth will come top in the exam.
- 6 I think it's touch-and-go whether Rob will pass his driving test.
- 7 Let's go to the library on the off-chance that they'll have the book we need.
- 8 Green will lose his job in the Cabinet reshuffle – you can see it coming a mile off.

- 19.2** Match each response from the box with a statement.

Don't push your luck! I'll take pot luck. It's the luck of the draw. Just my luck!
No such luck! You should be so lucky!

- 1 A: Did you win anything in the lottery?
B:
- 2 A: Your bike has a flat tyre, I'm afraid.
B:
- 3 A: We can't choose which team we play against first in the tournament.
B: I know.
- 4 A: I've been getting the best sales results of anyone on the team. I'm going to ask the boss for more pay.
B:
- 5 A: You're welcome to come for dinner, but I don't know what we're having.
B: Don't worry.
- 6 A: I feel sure Dad's going to give me a car for my birthday.
B:

- 19.3** Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 They've been married for so long that they take each other as granted.
- 2 We've done all we can. Now the results of the election are in the lap of gods.
- 3 Alex is chancing the arm a bit only applying to one university.
- 4 No prizes for guess who got the job in the end!
- 5 The cards were stacked on Bart being able to persuade him.
- 6 It was touch-or-go who would win the match.
- 7 We could all see Jan's collapse come.
- 8 Let's go down to the theatre off the on-chance that we can get some tickets that have been returned.

- 19.4** Choose six expressions that you would particularly like to learn – three from A and three from B on the left-hand page. Write sentences using the idioms in relation to a situation that is significant to you personally.

A Social status and how people see it

example	meaning
He's very nice and friendly, but his brother is very toffee-nosed .	thinks he is of a high social class and looks down on people of lower class (negative)
Don't try putting on / giving yourself airs and graces . Remember, I know that you come from a very ordinary family.	acting as if you were someone of a higher social class than you really are
Everyone was shocked to hear he was involved in crime. He was such a pillar of society .	a solid, respectable and respected member of society
Her new boyfriend's a bit of a rough diamond , but he's very nice really.	a person who seems impolite / of low education at first, but who is usually of good character
She's always giving money to down-and-outs and anyone who begs in the street.	people who have no home, no money and no job, who live on the streets
We can't really afford new furniture, but we have to keep up appearances , so we'll buy some.	continue to live at the same social standard we have lived at, even though we have money problems

B Social status and job/career

These clips from a magazine with stories about people in the news contain idioms that refer to success or status in their careers.

He was a **high-flyer**¹ in the world of computers in the 1990s, and went on to

She is one of several **up-and-comings**⁴ actresses who have appeared in the new

He first made a name for himself² in the world of classical music, then

The company needed **new blood**³ and she provided it. Within months, sales had gone

Kenneth Briggs is definitely **on his way up**³ in the financial world. He has just joined the

- ¹ rose very quickly to a successful position
- ² became well-known
- ³ rising to better and better positions
- ⁴ becoming more and more popular/famous
- ⁵ a new person from outside the company

C Other useful idioms connected with social status/situation

I prefer to keep a low profile at work. I'm not interested in promotion. [not draw attention to myself; be unnoticed]

Oh, you must come to the party! Anybody who is anybody will be there. [all the important people]

Harriet always seems to be the odd one out. She never seems to fit in socially. [different from everyone else]

You can't call someone 'unemployed' any more. The politically correct name is 'unwaged'. [acceptable and non-offensive way of talking about particular social groups; usually used in a mocking or negative way about people who insist on using politically correct language]

Exercises

20.1 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 He is always the odd out one. If all his friends do one sport, he does a different one.
- 2 When he lost all his money, he still tried to keep appearances even though he could not afford his lifestyle.
- 3 Sometimes it's better to give a low profile at work. In that way, nobody asks you to do difficult jobs.
- 4 She became a name for herself by being the first woman to climb Mount Everest.
- 5 He's always putting on air and grace, but everyone knows he's just an ordinary person with a very ordinary background.

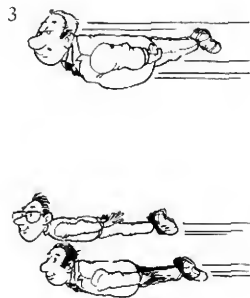
20.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 All the most important people will be at the concert on Friday, so don't miss it.
- 2 It's not socially acceptable to refer to 'underdeveloped' countries any more. If you don't want to offend people, you should say 'developing nations'.
- 3 He was voted 'Best actor who is quickly becoming well-known' of 2001.
- 4 They employed a lot of young people as they felt they needed new people with fresh ideas.
- 5 A lot of the people who live in those huge houses near the beach think they're a better social class than other people and look down on them.
- 6 My boss gives the impression of being rather rude and uneducated, but he's a very nice guy in fact.
- 7 She was a very respectable member of society, but then it turned out she was involved in the illegal drug trade.

20.3 In your own words, say what it means if ...

- 1 ... you're on your way up in your profession.
- 2 ... someone is down and out.
- 3 ... someone is a high-flyer in the computer industry.
- 4 ... someone is toffee-nosed.

20.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



**FOLLOW
UP**

Look in your Vocabulary notebook or in other units in this book where there are no pictures and see how many idioms you could draw a picture of. Draw simple pictures that might help you to remember three idioms.

A Feeling good, feeling bad

good/positive feelings		bad/negative feelings	
example	meaning	example	meaning
I am/feel on top of the world today. I've just passed all my exams.	very happy indeed	I've been (feeling) a bit down in the dumps lately.	depressed / in low spirits
She was thrilled to bits when I told her she had been picked for the team.	very happy and excited	She's been/felt on edge all day.	nervous, agitated, anxious
Jo was very cool, calm and collected just before the job interview.	relaxed, prepared, in control, not nervous	I just don't know what to do about the problem. I'm at the end of my tether *.	am so tired or annoyed. I just can't deal with the situation any more
When I saw how happy Nancy was with the present we gave her, it made my day .	made me feel very happy/satisfied	I've had my fill of exams. I hope I never do another one for the rest of my life.	had enough (often in a negative sense)
I jumped for joy when they told me I didn't have to do the English test.	felt very glad/happy about something, often a reaction to good news	I'm sick and tired of studying. I just want to get a job and earn money.	have had enough (always negative, much stronger than <i>have your fill</i>)

* A *tether* is a rope used to limit an animal's movements and where it can feed. If the animal reaches the end of its tether, it can't find any more grass to eat, so becomes hungry and unhappy.

B More reactions to events

In this letter to the *Problems* page of a magazine, the context should give you a good idea of the meaning of the idioms in bold.

Dear Paula, I'm 22 and work in an office in London. I have been going out with a boy for the last six months, but lately it has all gone wrong. When I first saw him, he just **took my breath away** – I could hardly speak, he was so attractive and intelligent. We started going out, and after a while he said he loved me. I think this gave me a false sense of security, and I never thought anything bad could happen. But then someone told me he was dating a good friend of mine. The news was so terrible I just **didn't know what had hit me**, and I was so embarrassed I **didn't know where**

to put myself. I asked him about it, but he **didn't take kindly to** the idea that I was suspicious of him. He got a bit angry, and told me that that side of his life had nothing to do with me. I **have mixed feelings** about this news, sometimes I feel positive, sometimes very down, and I **don't know which way to turn**. What should I do? Should I finish with him, or should I accept his right to have other dates apart from me? I still love him.

Yours,

Diana Noe

TIP

Tables like the one in A can help you organise your vocabulary learning better. Wherever you can, make tables in your Vocabulary notebook. Use separate columns for positive and negative expressions, or for formal and informal ones.

Exercises

21.1 Complete each of these idioms with a preposition.

- 1 I've had my fill meetings. I hope we never have another. They're so boring.
- 2 She jumped joy when they told her she had won a trip to Paris.
- 3 Jane has been the dumps since her boyfriend went away.
- 4 He was thrilled bits when I told him Sara was coming to stay.
- 5 I couldn't face all the problems any more. I was the end of my tether.
- 6 I've been edge lately, but I don't really know why. Sorry if I sound impatient.

21.2 Answer these questions.

- 1 Name something you are sick and tired of.
- 2 When was the last time you felt on top of the world? Why?
- 3 Is there any place you have visited which is so beautiful it took your breath away?
- 4 In what kinds of situations do you feel on edge?
- 5 Have you ever been in a situation where you didn't know where to put yourself? What was it?

21.3 Look at these extracts from letters to the problem page of a magazine. Complete in your own words the sentence below each one.

1 She told me she was leaving me. I didn't know what had hit me, I just

When she told me, I

3 I'd always been cool, calm and collected in my job, but suddenly

I had always been

2 Please help me. I don't know which way to turn. Would it be

I need help, I

4 I'm writing to you because I'm at the end of my tether. Recently, a

I'm writing because

21.4 Complete each of these idioms. Use the keyword in brackets.

- 1 Meeting her there when I wasn't expecting to see her (DAY)
- 2 I'm not sure whether I want the job or not. I (MIXED)
- 3 The good news made me (JOY)
- 4 I got a chance to go to Canada for a week. I was (BITS)
- 5 He doesn't like people using his computer, so he won't the idea of sharing one. (KINDLY)
- 6 If you're feeling, why don't you come out with us tonight? (DUMPS)
- 7 I've job interviews – six in just two weeks! I never want another one. (FILL)

FOLLOW UP

Watch an English-language talkshow on TV where people talk about their personal problems. Note any useful idioms, check their meaning, then think how they might relate to you personally.

A

Good relationships

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
be in someone's good books	that person is pleased with you – possibly only temporarily	I'm in the teacher's good books – I helped her tidy the classroom.
get on like a house on fire	get on extremely well with someone	Fortunately, we got on like a house on fire from the start.
keep/get/be/stay in touch with someone	keep/get/be/stay in contact with someone	We must all keep in touch after our course is over.
make it up to someone	do something good for someone you have done something bad to in the past	I'm sorry I forgot your birthday. I promise I'll make it up to you.
take a shine to	like someone immediately (informal)	I could see from her smile that she had taken a shine to him.
have a soft spot for	feel a lot of affection for one particular person, often without knowing why	Nick was a naughty little boy, but I couldn't help having a soft spot for him.

B

Difficult relationships

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
be at loggerheads (of two people or groups)	disagree strongly with each other	The council and local residents are at loggerheads over the plans for a new car park.
be (talking) at cross-purposes (of two people or groups)	not understand each other because they are trying to do or say different things	We're talking at cross-purposes. I was referring to my brother and you're talking about my father.
have it in for someone	be determined to criticise or harm someone	I can't understand why he has it in for me – I've never done anything to harm him.
have it out with someone	talk to someone about something they have done in order to solve the problem	I can't take Ben's selfishness any longer – I'm going to have it out with him this evening.
rub someone up the wrong way	irritate someone	She seems to always rub her boss up the wrong way.
two-time someone	have a romantic or sexual relationship with two people at the same time	She refused to believe he was two-timing her until she saw him with another girl.
keep someone/something at bay	prevent someone/something from coming near or harming you	So far this year, I've managed to keep the flu at bay.
keep yourself to yourself	prefer to be on your own and avoid talking with or doing things with other people	Judy seems nice. But she keeps herself to herself, so I don't know much about her.

Exercises

- 22.1** Which of the neighbours referred to does the speaker have a good relationship with and which does he have a bad relationship with?

I get on well with some of my neighbours but not with others. I get on like a house on fire with Anna who lives next door, but Rob on the other side has it in for me for some reason. I'm always at cross-purposes with Jane from over the road, but I'm in her husband Pat's good books. I used to be at loggerheads with the Browns, but we had it out and now things are OK. I prefer to keep the dog from number 22 at bay and its owner, Jack, and I always seem to rub each other up the wrong way. However, I've got a soft spot for his son, Jimmy.

- 22.2** Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 I would immediately drop any boyfriend that tried to two-times me.
- 2 Susie has taken the shine to her new teacher.
- 3 Please stay into touch with me once you go home.
- 4 Nita's boyfriend promised to make up it to her for forgetting her birthday.
- 5 There's something about him that always rubs me down the wrong way.
- 6 We try to be friendly, but the Smith family prefer to keep them to themselves.
- 7 If you want to leave early, you'd better try and stay in the boss's good book.
- 8 Rana really seems to have it out for me today – I don't know how I've upset him.

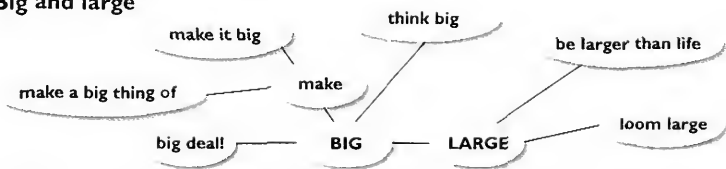
- 22.3** Choose the correct answer.

- 1 The neighbour's pet rat is supposed to be friendly, but I'd rather ...
a) not keep in touch with him b) keep him at bay
- 2 The union and management have been ... ever since management proposed issuing new contracts.
a) at loggerheads b) at cross-purposes
- 3 If you feel so strongly that he is wrong, wouldn't it be better to ... ?
a) have it in for him b) have it out with him
- 4 Her habit of finishing every sentence of mine really ...
a) rubs me up the wrong way b) makes it up to me
- 5 Why don't you ... with my aunt when you go to New York?
a) get on like a house on fire b) get in touch

- 22.4** Answer these questions.

- 1 What might a young child do to try to get in the teacher's good books?
- 2 If you are at cross-purposes with someone, are you angry or confused?
- 3 How might you try to make it up to a friend whose car you've scratched?
- 4 What are three different ways in which you can keep in touch with distant friends? Which way do you like best?
- 5 Are there any things that people say that really rub you up the wrong way?
- 6 What do you think should happen to someone who two-times a boyfriend or girlfriend?
- 7 If you keep yourself to yourself, are you lonely?
- 8 If you take a shine to someone or have a soft spot for them, is the feeling mutual?

A Big and large



example	meaning
She's a great singer. She'll make it big one day.	succeed; become famous
It's my birthday on Saturday, but I don't want to make a big thing of it, so don't tell anyone.	make it a special occasion; have a big celebration
If you're going to invest your money, you should think big . Put twenty thousand into oil shares.	have ambitious plans and ideas, and be keen to achieve a lot
So? You won ten pounds on the lottery. Big deal!	said when something happens but you are not impressed/excited, even if others are
The characters in his films are always larger than life .	much more exciting and interesting than average people
The threat of an earthquake looms large in the lives of the city's inhabitants.	something which could happen and which is a huge worry for people

B Inch, mile and distance

Note: Although British people now use metric measurements, many expressions are still used which include old measurements. An inch is 2.54 centimetres, a mile is 1.6 kilometres.

Mary: Is she willing to change her mind?

Tony: No, she refuses to **budge an inch**.
[refuses to change her position even a little bit]

Luke: Are you listening to me?

Anne: Sorry, I was miles away!
[not concentrating, but thinking about something else]

Tom: It's obvious Ruth really likes Jack.

Noel: Yes, you can **see/spot** that a **mile off!**
Or **It sticks/stands out a mile**.
[it's very easy to see / obvious]

Dave: It's a very ugly hotel and the food's awful.

Fran: Yes, it's a **far cry** from that lovely hotel we stayed in last year.
[very different from]

C Other related expressions

Relatives are nice in **small doses**, but can be very boring if they stay a long time. [you like them only for short periods]

His new house cost a **small fortune**. [a huge amount of money]

You can buy sunglasses in all **shapes and sizes** these days. [in a wide variety of types/sizes, etc.]

Joss is an **unknown quantity**. We'll have to be careful with him. [we know very little about him]

TIP

Networks can sometimes help you to visualise and remember a lot of information more easily than memorising a list. Try making networks for groups of idioms from different units in this book.

Exercises

23.1 Answer these questions.

- 1 In which idiom does *small* mean big/huge? (clue: money)
- 2 In which idiom does *big* really mean small/insignificant? (clue: not impressed)
- 3 Which idiom means someone is more exciting/interesting than the average human being?
- 4 Which idiom with *big* means to become famous?

23.2 Use an idiom in each sentence to summarise the situation.

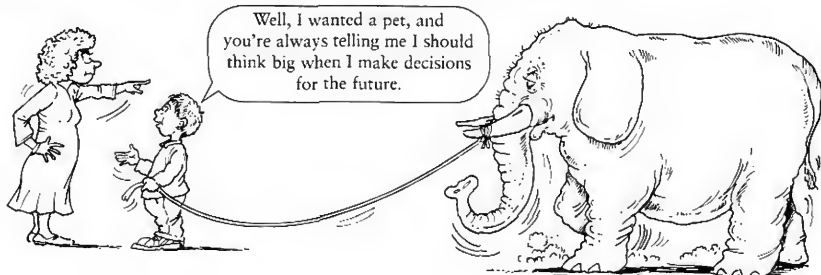
- 1 Maria is not listening to what Eddie is saying. Her mind is on something else.
Maria is
- 2 There are big chairs and small chairs, armchairs, garden chairs and office chairs.
Chairs are sold in
- 3 Our old school was dark and depressing. Our new school is light and pleasant.
The new school is a
- 4 Jerry looks at Jenny with a romantic look in his eyes. He always wants to sit next to her, and always wants to talk about her.
You can see he's in love. It
Or: He's in love. You can see/spot it

23.3 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 She's 40 next week, but she doesn't want to She'd prefer just to go out for a meal with her husband rather than have a big party with lots of people.
- 2 For any person in a temporary job, the possibility of unemployment , especially in a time of economic recession.
- 3 The unions are prepared to discuss the problem, but the employers will not They say they have made their final offer, and that's that.
- 4 We have a new boss starting next week. He's a bit of - nobody has met him or knows much about him.
- 5 I like having friends to stay in my flat, but only for a couple of days. In general, friends are nice ; if they stay too long, they always irritate me.
- 6 We should think when we come to plan the new website. There's no point in having one single, dull page; we should have lots of links and video clips, and as many colour pictures as possible, and sound.

23.4 Use a dictionary to check the meaning of these idioms and then write a sentence for each one.

the middle ground the middle of nowhere be caught in the middle



A People's financial circumstances

idiom	meaning	example
be on the breadline	be very poor	More people in Britain are on the breadline now than thirty years ago.
live in the lap of luxury	live an extremely comfortable life, because you have a lot of money	We live simply during the year, but enjoy living in the lap of luxury in a nice hotel for our summer holiday.
well off / well-to-do / well-heeled	having plenty of money	Most of the people living here are clearly very well-to-do, but there are a few poorer families.
spend money like water	spend too much, often without thinking about it	He spends money like water – I wonder where he gets it all from.
tighten your belt	spend less than you did before, because you have less money	I'm afraid we'll have to tighten our belts now there's another mouth to feed.
make a killing	earn a lot of money very easily	The new Internet companies have made an instant killing.
be a money spinner	be a successful way of making money	My dog-walking business was quite a money spinner when I was at college.

B Costs

We had to **pay through the nose** to get our car repaired, but at least it's working now.
[pay a lot of money]

If you say that something is a **rip-off** (informal), you mean that it is not worth the money that you paid for it.

We had to spend a **small fortune** on getting everything we needed for our holiday. [a lot of money. (You can also say that something cost a **small fortune**)]

Someone can also make a **small fortune** out of a business or they can **lose a small fortune**.

C Idioms based on the money metaphor

Bill is a generous man who is happy to **pick up the tab/bill**¹ for anything. He managed to rise to the top of his profession in the police force, but it was **at a considerable price**². His marriage suffered as a result. This was largely because his dedication to his work **put paid to**³ his wife's career as a nurse as soon as their first child came along. Unfortunately, Bill is **paying the price for**⁴ his ambitiousness now as his wife has left him and taken their son.

¹ pay for something, often something that is not your responsibility (informal)

² by sacrificing a lot or by doing something unpleasant in order to get it

³ stopped someone from doing something that they were planning to do

⁴ experiencing the unpleasant consequences of

Help yourself to remember idioms by making a picture of their literal meaning in your mind (or on a piece of paper if you like drawing) as you learn them. To help you remember **well-heeled**, for instance, you might imagine or draw a pair of smart high-heeled shoes.

Exercises

- 24.1 Put these expressions describing how much money someone has on a scale from poor on the left to rich on the right.

living in the lap of luxury on the breadline well-to-do well-heeled

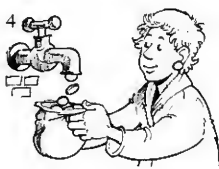
- 24.2 Which person in each pair of speakers is probably more satisfied?

- 1 Anne: Our new business venture means we're going to have to tighten our belts.
Bob: We're making a killing with our new business venture.
- 2 Colin: Our new car cost a small fortune.
Daisy: Our new car was a rip-off.
- 3 Ed: My daughter spends money like water.
Fred: My daughter's quite well off.
- 4 Gill: This business venture has put paid to our hopes of success.
Harry: This business venture has brought success, but at a considerable price.

- 24.3 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- 1 Gina is a killing in her new job.
- 2 I was put in the position where I had no choice but to up the tab.
- 3 We spent a weekend at the hotel living in the of luxury.
- 4 Our neighbours spent a small on their new conservatory.
- 5 The first book Marvin wrote turned out to be more of a spinner than anything he has written since then.
- 6 As Zak has lost his job, we're going to have to our belts for a while.
- 7 We had to pay through the to get tickets for the match.
- 8 If you don't study now, you'll the price later on in the year.
- 9 Another expression that means *spend money like* is *spend money like there was no tomorrow*.
- 10 He started his own business after a small fortune on the stock exchange and deciding that he should put his luck to good use.

- 24.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



A One man's career

When Simon started work, he was at the very **bottom of the career ladder**¹. He had quite a **dead-end job**² doing **run-of-the-mill**³ tasks. He stayed there for a couple of years, but then decided he had to **get out of a rut**⁴. He **pulled out all the stops**⁵ and managed to persuade his manager that he should be given more responsibility. The deputy manager **got the sack**⁶ for incompetence and Simon **stepped into his shoes**⁷. For several months he was **rushed off his feet**⁸ and he **had his work cut out**⁹ to keep on top of things. But he was soon recognised as an **up-and-coming**¹⁰ young businessman and he was **headhunted**¹¹ by a rival company for one of their top jobs. Simon had **climbed to the top of the career ladder**¹².

¹ in a low position in a work organisation or hierarchy

² job without a good future

³ boring, routine

⁴ escape from a monotonous, boring situation (see picture of horse)

⁵ made a great effort to do something well (see picture of organ; stops increase the sound of an organ)

⁶ was dismissed from his job (also *he given the sack*)

⁷ took over his job

⁸ very busy

⁹ had something very difficult to do

¹⁰ becoming more and more successful

¹¹ invited to join a new workplace which had noticed his talents

¹² got to a top position in a work organisation or hierarchy



This is a rut.



These are called stops.

B Being busy

To be **rushed off your feet** is just one way of saying that you are very busy at work. Here are some other idioms which give the same idea.

Are you very busy at work at the moment?

Yes, I'm snowed under.

Yes, I've certainly got my hands full.

Yes, I'm up to my eyes/ears in work.

Yes, I'm on the go all the time.

C Other idioms connected with work

Plans for building the extension have been put on hold until our finances are in a better state. [left until a later date (usually used in the passive)]

The plans look great on paper, but you never know quite how things will turn out, of course. [when you read about it, but might not turn out to be so]

A lot of preparation has gone on behind the scenes for the opening ceremony for the Olympics. [in secret, often when something else is happening publicly]

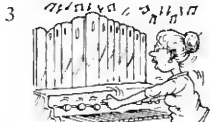
Please don't talk shop. It's too boring for the rest of us. [talk about work when you are not at work]

Exercises

25.1 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- The job looks good on , but the reality is quite different.
- I'd hate to work in a run-of-the-..... job.
- Mary has been up to eyes in work all day.
- When John retires, his son will into his shoes.
- My cousin's an up-and-..... musician.
- I must try to get out of a at work.
- I've been on the all day.
- Why did Kirsty's boss give her the ?
- I wish you wouldn't talk all the time!
- Rosie was very thrilled to be hunted for her new job.

25.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



25.3 Match each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 behind the scenes | very busy |
| 2 dead-end | he dismissed |
| 3 get the sack | make an effort |
| 4 off the record | promising |
| 5 on hold | hidden |
| 6 pull out all the stops | unofficially |
| 7 rushed off your feet | delayed |
| 8 up-and-coming | without prospects |

25.4 Complete each of these idioms.

We had a difficult day at work today. We were all (1) under because we are having some important visitors next week and management has decided to pull out all the (2) to impress them. We are going to have our work (3) out to get everything done in time. Long-term tasks have been put on (4) so that everything is ready for our visitors. Anyone who objects has been told that they will (5) the sack and everyone who wants to (6) the career ladder will have their (7) full until the week is over. The visitors would be horrified if they knew what was going on (8) the scenes!

25.5 Write sentences using six of the idioms from the left-hand page about your own work at present and your hopes and plans for work in the future.

A Speed

idiom	meaning	example
by/in leaps and bounds	very quickly	Club membership has grown by leaps and bounds this year.
get a move on	hurry (often used as an order)	Get a move on! You'll be late for school.
be on the run	try to avoid being caught (especially by the police)	The bank robbers are still on the run ten years after the crime.
fast and furious	full of speed and excitement	The car chase at the end of the film was fast and furious.
step by step (step-by-step when used as an adjective before a noun)	slowly; gradually	Changes need to be introduced step by step, not all at once.
drag your feet/heels	deal with something slowly because you don't really want to do it	We mustn't drag our heels over implementing the new legislation.

B Distance and intensity

idiom	meaning	example
the word spread	the news went from one person to the next	I told only Joy about it, but the word quickly spread and soon everyone seemed to know.
keep track	continue to know what is happening to someone or something	The school likes to keep track of its former pupils.
get off to a flying start	start well	The evening got off to a flying start as everyone was very impressed by the restaurant.
on the spot (on-the-spot when used as an adjective before a noun)	immediately or in the place where something is happening or has just happened	The police can impose on-the-spot fines on people found drunk in the street.
all over the place	in or to many places	I looked for you all over the place.
left, right and centre	happening in a lot of places or to a lot of people	People have been coming down with flu left, right and centre.
reach / be at fever pitch	(used of emotions) to get so strong that people can't control them	By the end of the match, feelings had reached fever pitch.
be in full swing	to have been happening for a long time and there is a lot of activity	The party was in full swing by the time we arrived.
get/go beyond a joke	be/become extremely serious and worrying	The children's behaviour has gone beyond a joke this time.

Exercises

- 26.1** Put the idioms in the box into two groups: those focusing on time and those focusing on place. You can use one idiom for both.

all over the place by leaps and bounds drag your feet fast and furious get a move on
left, right and centre on the spot step by step the word spread

- 26.2** Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1 Juan is making progress by | a joke. |
| 2 Excitement is at | step. |
| 3 Within minutes the fire brigade was on | the run. |
| 4 The situation has gone beyond | the place. |
| 5 The holiday got off to | fever pitch. |
| 6 I looked for you all over | the spot. |
| 7 The film is about two men on | a flying start. |
| 8 I'll take you through it step by | leaps and bounds. |

- 26.3** Choose the correct answer.

- Grandma is recovering ...
a) left, right and centre b) step by step c) all over the place
- My first day at school ...
a) was at fever pitch b) kept track c) got off to a flying start
- Why are you ... ?
a) dragging your heels b) getting a move on c) going beyond a joke
- When I arrived at Jane's house, preparations for the party were ...
a) in full swing b) getting a move on c) dragging their heels
- The football match was ...
a) fast and furious b) on the spot c) in leaps and bounds

- 26.4** Answer these questions.

- Would you be pleased if your English teacher said you were making progress by leaps and bounds?
- Would you be pleased if you were told that your behaviour at work had gone beyond a joke?
- What would you be expected to do if you were told to get a move on?
- Is it athletes who spend life on the run?
- Do you drag your feet when you are ill?
- What kind of films tend to be fast and furious?
- Would you be pleased if a party of yours got off to a flying start?
- What can you do to help yourself keep track of all your appointments and other commitments?
- If things are all over the place in a room, what does the room look like?
- If feelings reach fever pitch, how are people probably feeling?

Communication 1: commenting on language

A Commenting on things people say

In these remarks, the speaker uses an idiom to repeat or sum up the underlined part of what he/she has just said.

I knew everything Bella said was completely untrue. It was all a pack of lies.

I find it very hard to believe he was just hugging her because he thought she was feeling sad. That's a likely story!

I didn't say it seriously or even think about it. It was just an off-the-cuff remark.

I'm sorry. I said 'Iceland', but I meant 'Ireland'. It was just a slip of the tongue.

We didn't talk about any serious topics, you know, just the weather, holidays, that sort of thing. It was just small talk really.

He just said two completely opposite things. He said he wanted to marry me and live with me, and in the same breath he said he wanted to go off travelling on his own.

They asked me to make a speech, but I was so overwhelmed by the presents they gave me I couldn't think of anything to say. I was completely lost for words.

I have a feeling inside me that what she said was a lie. It just didn't ring true.

I couldn't understand what he was trying to tell me. I just didn't know what he was on about. (very informal)

B Commenting on the words you are using

You ask if I think we should help him. In a word, no. [said when you are about to give your opinion in a short, direct way]

I think he's behaved very stupidly. He's an idiot, for want of a better word. [not quite the exact or best word, but good enough for the situation]

I was, to coin a phrase, as sick as a parrot. [said when you use a phrase that sounds a bit silly]

C Joking and being serious

joking	meaning	serious	meaning
People are always taking the mick/mickey out of him.	laughing at him, by copying funny things he does or says	Hiccups are funny when other people have them, but they're no laughing matter when you get them yourself.	not something to laugh at, quite serious
We shouldn't make light of her troubles; she's very upset.	treat as a joke something that is serious	I have to do the work of three people. It's no joke .	used about serious or difficult situations

Exercises

27.1 Answer these questions.

- 1 If someone says 'Swedish' instead of 'Swiss' then quickly corrects themselves, what can we call this?
- 2 If someone makes people laugh by copying the way someone else talks, what are they doing to that person?
- 3 If someone can't find words to express their feelings, what are they?
- 4 If two people talk about the weather, or about hair styles, just to pass the time, what kind of a conversation is it?
- 5 If someone tells stories or relates a series of events which are all deliberately untrue, what can we call it?

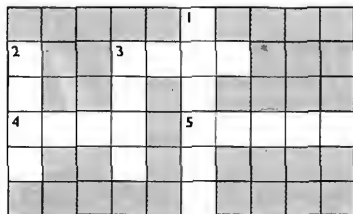
27.2 Use the idioms from exercise 27.1 to rewrite these sentences.

- 1 I didn't know what to say. I
- 2 Not one word of his story was true. It
- 3 I didn't mean to say it; it
- 4 I didn't mean to offend her. I was just
- 5 It wasn't a very serious conversation, just

27.3 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom that means the opposite of the underlined words. Make any other changes necessary.

- 1 She's had a big personal problem. We should have a good laugh at it.
- 2 He told me he had studied maths at Harvard, and it sounded as if he was telling the truth.
- 3 She said she was a princess who had lost all her money and position in a revolution.
That's a story anyone can believe!
- 4 She has to get up at 5 a.m. and drive 50 miles to work every day. It's great fun.
- 5 I said I thought she should get herself a boyfriend. It was a carefully prepared remark.

27.4 Complete the crossword.



Across

- 3 Do I want to be a millionaire?
In a, no.
- 4 You can do this to a phrase,
- 5 I don't know what you're on

Down

- 1 She said it in the same
- 2 Stop taking the!
- 3 For of a better word.

Communication 2: getting the message across

A Ways of expressing yourself

example	meaning
The message from doctors and researchers has come through loud and clear : smoking harms your health.	clearly and very definitely
You mustn't be afraid to speak your mind ; it's important that everyone hears your views.	state your opinion very clearly and openly
She told me the bad news in a very matter-of-fact way.	without any feeling or emotion

B Problems with communication

In these conversations, the second person repeats or sums up what the first person says using an idiom.

Brian: I told Henry a dozen times not to use that computer, but he still keeps asking if he can.

Liz: Yes, he just won't take no for an answer.

Anna: Jim just never stops! You try to tell him something and he goes on talking while you're talking.

Olivia: I know, it's impossible to get a word in edgeways.

Rita: I was trying to tell Liam that I know who stole the key, but he just kept talking about how expensive new locks are, which is a different question altogether.

Steve: I know. It's completely beside the point.

Gina: I think Carol completely misunderstood the main thing we were trying to say.

Gail: Yes, she completely missed the point.

C Other useful idioms connected with communication

Don't ask Ken to relax. He **doesn't know the meaning of the word**. [it is pointless to talk to him about relaxing; it's not in his character to do so]

She repeated what the doctor said **word for word**. [the exact words the doctor had used]

If I were you, I'd read the **small/fine print** before you use your new credit card. [the rules, restrictions and conditions, which are often written in very small letters]

To ask me to look after her three children for a week is rather a **tall order**, don't you think? [a task, request or favour which is not reasonable / too big to ask someone to do]

Whether she is cleverer than her brother is a **matter of opinion**. [something different people will have different opinions about – it usually means you don't agree with the idea]

There's a **question mark (hanging)** over the future of the tennis club. [nobody knows if it will continue to exist or not]

English is a **lingua franca** in a lot of countries nowadays. [ˌlɪŋɡwə 'fræŋkə] a language used for day-to-day public communication, which is not the speakers' own language]

Exercises

28.1 Match each idiom on the left with the situation in which it could be used on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 get a word in edgeways | She keeps on asking, even though we said no. |
| 2 miss the point | She told me exactly what her friend said. |
| 3 speak your mind | It's impossible to interrupt her, she talks non-stop. |
| 4 won't take no for an answer | She didn't really understand what I wanted to say. |
| 5 (repeat) word for word | He doesn't hide his personal opinions at all. |

28.2 Use the idioms from exercise 28.1 to rewrite these sentences.

- Hilary will never just accept a refusal.
- Joss always states his opinions quite openly.
- Sally never seems to understand what we're trying to say to her.
- She told us everything the teacher said to her in every detail.
- I tried to tell her, but it was impossible to interrupt her.

28.3 Answer these questions.

- There's a question mark hanging over the whole wildlife area project.
In your own words, what's the problem?
- It's no good asking her to help. She doesn't know the meaning of the word.
Does she usually help people? Explain.
- If you read the small print, you'll see you can't get your money back.
Where do we usually find *small print*? What is another way of saying this idiom?
- Tom: Miranda's a brilliant musician.
Sue: That's a matter of opinion.
Does Sue think Miranda's a brilliant musician? Explain.
- English is a lingua franca in several Asian countries.
Is English the official language in these countries? Explain.

28.4 Complete each of these idioms.

- The government's message to the voters is and clear: vote for us and we'll reduce taxes.
- I think it's rather a to ask students to write a 500-word composition in one hour. It would take at least two hours.
- That has nothing to do with what we are talking about; it's completely the point.
- He has a very way of telling you things: no emotion or feelings whatsoever.

FOLLOW UP

Try to collect more idioms connected with speaking, writing and communicating in general. Look up keywords connected with these topics in a good general dictionary or in an idiom dictionary and see what idioms you find, for example, words like *talk*, *speak*, *hear*, *word*, etc.

Life and experience: proverbs

A Proverbs

A proverb is a short statement usually known by many people. It states something that is common experience or gives advice. Here are some examples.

<i>you say</i>	<i>you mean</i>
Absence makes the heart grow fonder.	Being apart from someone you love makes you love them more.
Actions speak louder than words.	What people do is more important than what they say.
There's no point / It's no good crying over spilt milk.	There's no point in getting upset over something bad that's happened when you can't change it.
Don't put all your eggs in one basket.	It is not a good idea to put all your efforts or all your money into one project as, if it fails, you may lose everything.
Many hands make light work.	A job is done quickly and easily if plenty of people help.
Blood is thicker than water.	Family relationships are stronger than any other relationships.

B Half proverbs

There are a number of proverbs, which we often use only half of. The endings are so familiar that it isn't necessary to say them. Here are some examples.

<i>you say</i>	<i>ending of proverb</i>	<i>you mean</i>
Too many cooks	spoil the broth.	If too many people work on something, they will spoil it.
People who live in glass houses	shouldn't throw stones.	People shouldn't criticise other people for faults that they have themselves.
It's the last straw	that breaks the camel's back.	Something is the last in a series of unpleasant events, and which finally makes you feel that the situation cannot continue.
While the cat's away,	the mice will play.	When the person in authority is not there, other people will not do what they should do.
Take care of the pennies/pence	and the pounds will take care of themselves.	If you don't waste small sums of money, you'll end up with plenty of money.
Birds of a feather	flock together.	People who have similar characters or interests will often choose to spend time together.
A bird in the hand	is worth two in the bush.	It's better to keep what you have rather than to risk losing it by trying to get more.
The grass is always greener	on the other side of the fence.	Other people always seem to be in a better situation than you.
All work and no play	makes Jack a dull boy.	Someone who spends all their time working becomes a boring person.

Exercises

29.1 Which proverbs do these pictures make you think of?



29.2 Can you find a proverb on the left-hand page that contradicts each of these proverbs?

- 1 Too many cooks spoil the broth.
- 2 Opposites attract.
- 3 Out of sight, out of mind.

29.3 Write the first bits of these proverbs – the bits that we usually use.

- 1 and the pounds will take care of themselves.
- 2 on the other side of the fence.
- 3 makes Jack a dull boy.
- 4 shouldn't throw stones.
- 5 is worth two in the bush.
- 6 flock together.
- 7 the mice will play.
- 8 that breaks the camel's back.

29.4 What proverbs could you use in these situations?

- 1 Your brother's girlfriend is going abroad for six months. He is afraid that she will lose interest in him while she's away. You could say: 'Don't worry.'.
- 2 A friend thinks that he will not get a job because the boss's nephew is interested in the same position. You agree: '.....'.
- 3 Three friends offer to help you build a new shed. You say: 'Thanks!'.
- 4 You are discussing two friends: Bob who is full of grand promises and Ben who says little, but is always very willing to help. You could say: 'I prefer Ben.'.
- 5 A friend of yours is very upset that he has scratched his new car. You could say: 'Don't make such a fuss.'.
- 6 Your brother is thinking about resigning from a not very well-paid job in order to spend time looking for something better. You think he would be better to find a new job first. You say: '.....'.

A Idioms based on the word *memory*

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
commit something to memory	make yourself remember something	He never writes phone numbers down – he just commits them to memory.
take a stroll/trip down memory lane	remember some of the happy things you did in the past	They went back to the place where they'd spent their honeymoon and took a stroll down memory lane.
jog someone's memory	make you remember something	The police are reconstructing the crime to try to jog the memory of possible witnesses.
in/within living memory	can be remembered by people still alive	Streets lit by gas lamps are still within living memory.

B Idioms containing the word *mind*

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
come/spring to mind	immediately think of something	I'd like to get him a special birthday present, but nothing springs to mind.
slip your mind	forget about something	I was going to ring her to wish her happy birthday, but it slipped my mind.
bear/keep something in mind	remember information when making a decision or thinking about a matter	Bearing in mind that it was your first attempt, I think you did very well.
your mind goes blank	you can't think of anything to say	When I looked at the exam questions, my mind went blank.
cross your mind	think about something for a short time	Of course, I don't think you broke the window. The thought never even crossed my mind.
Out of sight, out of mind.	something you say which means that, if you do not see someone, you forget about them	Annie hasn't thought of her boyfriend since he went abroad. Out of sight, out of mind!

C Other idioms relating to the topic of memory

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
something is on the tip of your tongue	you know it, but can't quite remember it	Her name is on the tip of my tongue – what is it?
ring a bell	think you've heard something before	Jill's face rings a bell, but I don't think we've ever met.
a train of thought	a series of consecutive thoughts	Oh no! I've lost my train of thought.
rack your brains	think very hard	I racked my brains, but couldn't think where I'd left the book.

Exercises

30.1 Complete each of these idioms with *memory* or *mind*.

- 1 Out of sight, out of
- 2 The class reunion gave us a great opportunity for a trip down lane.
- 3 I'm sorry I forgot to post your letters. It just slipped my
- 4 You can't remember what you did last night? Let me jog your
- 5 Please bear me in if you need someone to work on this project.
- 6 I was so embarrassed that my just went blank.
- 7 It never crossed my to tell Nigel about our meeting.
- 8 Streets full of horse-drawn carriages are still within living – just!
- 9 I wanted to give her a surprise, but nothing suitable came to
- 10 Try to commit your mobile phone number to

30.2 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 I don't think I know him, but his name rings
- 2 What is the word for it? I can't remember it. Oh dear, it's on
- 3 If I try, I should be able to remember the recipe for you. Let me rack
- 4 Try not to interrupt his train
- 5 My son is much more adventurous than I was. At his age the thought of travelling abroad alone would never

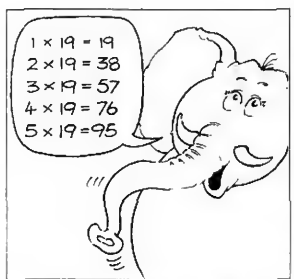
30.3 Answer these questions.

- 1 Which idiom could also be included in the Proverbs unit (Unit 29) of this book?
- 2 Find two idioms that mention parts of the body other than *mind* or *memory*.
- 3 What is the literal meaning of *jog* in the idiom *jog someone's memory*?
- 4 *Rack* is the name of a medieval instrument of torture on which people lay and were stretched. How does it fit this idiom?
- 5 What is the literal meaning of *stroll* in the idiom *take a stroll down memory lane*?
- 6 What is the literal meaning of *spring* in the idiom *spring to mind*?
- 7 What is the literal meaning of the word *bear* in the idiom *bear in mind*?
- 8 Which of the idioms is based on a metaphor of hearing something?

30.4 Complete each of these idioms with the correct form of a verb.

I was told to speak for five minutes on the subject of elephants. A few ideas (1) to mind and I reminded people how it is a well-known fact that elephants have a very good memory. Then, after a minute or so, my mind (2) blank. I knew I'd read an article about elephants recently, but everything I'd read had (3) my mind.

I (4) my brains, but nothing (5) to mind. A friend (6) my memory by calling out 'ears' from the back of the room, but soon I had completely dried up. If only my memory were as good as an elephant's!



Time 1: the past and the future

A Looking back, looking forward

One of the major divisions in idioms involving time is between those that look back from now into the past and those that look forward into the future.

Looking back

example	meaning
This camera has seen better days .	is old and not working so well
My computer is out of date .	old and not useful or correct any more
She didn't study when she was young, but she's making up for lost time now.	doing now what she did not have the opportunity to do previously
People have fallen in love with one another since/from the year dot .	from the beginning of time

Looking forward

example	meaning
E-commerce seems to be the shape of things to come .	an indication of what is likely to become popular in the future
Use this room for the time being until your new office is ready.	temporarily; instead of
We are on the threshold of exciting new developments in medicine.	likely to happen very soon
The economy looks healthy in the short/medium/long term .	for a short/medium/long time in the future
It's only a matter of time before we start to colonise other planets.	it will definitely happen, even though we cannot say exactly when
I can't say if I like the job or not. It's early days yet .	it's too soon to say/decide
In the long run you'll see it was the right decision.	a long time from now

B Other related time idioms

He spends money like **there's no tomorrow**. [eagerly and very quickly (or, more formally, as if there was/were no tomorrow)]

At the end of the day, you have to be a little selfish. [something you say before stating a very important fact or idea]

The fact that he had been dead for a week in his apartment before anybody found him is a **sign of the times**. [something that shows that society now is worse than it was in the past]

TIP

Although the idioms on this page do not all contain the word *time*, their meanings are all related to time in some way. Grouping idioms by meaning is another way of learning them, in addition to grouping them by keywords.

Exercises

31.1 Match each idiom on the left with the situation in which it could be used on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 it's early days yet | Someone shows you a car which is driven by solar energy. |
| 2 within living memory | You tell someone about a very ancient tradition. |
| 3 since the year dot | A scientist claims to be on the point of discovering a cure for cancer. |
| 4 the shape of things to come | Someone asks you if you like an English course after only one day. |
| 5 on the threshold of | Someone is spending all their savings carelessly. |
| 6 like there's no tomorrow | Never, for as long as anyone can remember, has there been so much rain. |

31.2 Write an appropriate comment for each of the situations in exercise 31.1 using the idiom you chose.

- This car really is
- People have been doing this every spring
- A scientist is
- I've only been to a couple of lessons.
- Jim's spending money
- There's never been rain like this

31.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- Some time soon we will inevitably discover life on other planets.
- I think the main point is that you can never trust a politician.
- I never learnt the piano as a child, so I'm solving that problem now by taking lessons.
- Looking at just the next few years, the economic situation looks good, but looking at the next 30 to 40 years, the outlook is not so good.
- This bicycle is a bit old and broken down now. I should really get a new one.
- Could you use this computer just temporarily till the new one arrives?
- It's a typical thing about the time we live in that you can't speak to a real human being when you telephone the bank. All you get is an automatic voice.
- This milk has an old date on it. I'll throw it away and open a new carton.
- It costs a lot of money now, but over a longer period it will be a good investment, I'm sure.

31.4 These idioms involving *time* are not on the left-hand page. Using a dictionary if necessary, see if you can find the missing prepositions. Then choose the most suitable paraphrase.



- I felt as if I was ... a time warp as I sat in the ancient cottage talking to the old man.
a) time was passing very slowly b) I felt as if I had gone back in time to a different era
- My dad can remember the first home computers, but that was ... my time.
a) when I was too young to use one b) before I was born
- I have a lot of time ... Gerry; he's a very interesting and intelligent person.
a) I like and respect him b) I spend a lot of time with him
- I turned off the water supply in the nick ... time. Five minutes later and the whole house would have been flooded!
a) just in time to prevent a disaster b) very quickly indeed
- Shakespeare's plays have stood the test ... time. They are as powerful today as they were hundreds of years ago.
a) have never been changed b) have not been weakened by the passing of time

A Clocks / time passing

<i>If you ...</i>	<i>then you ...</i>
work against the clock to get something done/finished	work fast because you only have limited time
do something in no time at all	do it very quickly
call it a day	decide to finish (usually finish working)
don't have a minute to call your own	are very busy indeed
do something there and then (or then and there)	do it immediately, right at that moment
get up / start at the crack of dawn	start very early in the morning

Jake **worked against the clock** to get the report finished before the meeting.

The homework is very easy. You'll be able to do it **in no time at all**.

I'm really tired. Let's **call it a day** now and come back to it next week.

Ever since the twins were born, I **haven't had a minute to call my own**.

If a new idea is suggested, Allan is always keen to try it out **there and then**.

As our plane was leaving at 8 a.m., we had to **get up at the crack of dawn** to be at the airport on time.

B Frequency

These idioms refer to how often (or how rarely) something happens.

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>
once in a lifetime	never likely to happen again
once in a blue moon	very rarely
once and for all	finally and definitely
off and on / on and off	sometimes, but not regularly or continuously
from time to time	sometimes, but not regularly
nine times out of ten	almost always

RARELY

MORE FREQUENTLY

FREQUENTLY

C Other time idioms

If something goes/works/runs like clockwork, it happens exactly as planned and without problems.

If you do something / **start from scratch**, you go right back to the beginning and start again.

TIP

Wherever possible, put groups of idioms onto a scale, like the frequency scale in B above. You could use scales for idioms connected with size, feelings, difficulties, etc.

Exercises

32.1 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 It runs like
- 2 We set off at the crack
- 3 We were working against
- 4 I've had enough. Let's call
- 5 It happens this way nine

32.2 Match each idiom on the left with the sentence on the right which best reflects its meaning.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 there and then | Bill plays golf occasionally, but not often. |
| 2 once in a blue moon | Paula looks after three kids and has a full-time job. |
| 3 in no time at all | The doctor examined me immediately. |
| 4 off and on | I only see Patrick very rarely. |
| 5 doesn't have a minute to call her own | The new house was built very quickly. |

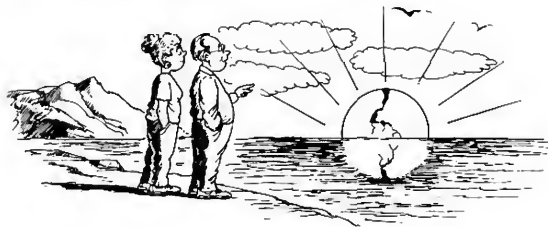
32.3 Complete these idioms with prepositions.

- 1 scratch
- 2 once a lifetime
- 3 once and all
- 4 time time
- 5 work the clock
- 6 nine times ten

32.4 Choose four of the idioms from exercise 32.3 and write a sentence for each one to illustrate its meaning.

32.5 Rewrite the underlined part of each dialogue with an idiom.

- 1 A: Do you go and see your mother and father very often?
B: Well, occasionally, but not on a regular basis.
- 2 A: Should we wait and do it as and when we need to?
B: No, I think we should do it now, so that we never need to do it again.
- 3 A: Shall we try and speak to Mr Sanders about it?
B: Well, we can try, but on almost every occasion he's too busy to meet anyone.
- 4 A: The boss wants this report by Friday!
B: Well, we'll just have to work very fast to get it finished by then.
- 5 A: Do you want to go on working a bit longer?
B: No, I've had enough. Let's finish now.



'It must be the crack of dawn.'

A Earth

idiom	meaning
He's the salt of the earth.	a very good and honest person
She'd go to the ends of the earth to save her child.	do anything possible
The royal couple were run to ground in Wales.	discovered after a lot of searching
All my warnings fell on stony ground.	were ignored

B Air

If you pluck a number out of the air, you choose one at random.

If someone blows hot and cold, they sometimes seem to like someone or something and sometimes don't so that others are confused about how they really feel.

If you get wind of something, you hear information that others hoped to keep secret.

If you see how / which way the wind is blowing, you decide to see how a situation develops before making up your mind about it.

C Fire

Tanya is *playing with fire*¹, agreeing to go out with Rick. Rumours about his violent temper have been *spreading like wildfire*² ever since he moved to the area. Of course, most people sometimes say things *in the heat of the moment*³ that they do not really mean and I don't know how much truth there is in the rumours. However, you can't help thinking that *there's no smoke without fire*⁴. Anyway, don't *add fuel to the flames/fire*⁵ by criticising Rick in front of Tanya as you'll only make her keener on him.

¹ doing something that could be dangerous (*play* in this idiom is normally used in continuous tenses)

² going round very quickly

³ without thinking because they are angry or excited

⁴ if people are saying something is true and you don't know whether it is true or not, it probably is true

⁵ do something to make a bad situation worse

D Water

idiom	meaning
in deep water	in a difficult situation which is hard to deal with
out of your depth	in a situation that you do not have the knowledge or skills to deal with
jump / throw someone in at the deep end	do or make someone do something difficult without giving them any help
in hot water	in a situation where people are angry with you
be between the devil and the deep blue sea	have to choose between two equally difficult options
be a drop in the ocean	be a very small amount in comparison to what is needed

Exercises

33.1 March each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 get wind of something | move very fast |
| 2 go to the ends of the earth | be an insignificant part of something |
| 3 spread like wildfire | observe how a situation is developing |
| 4 be in deep water | make a difficult situation worse |
| 5 be a drop in the ocean | be in a difficult situation |
| 6 blow hot and cold | hear about something secret |
| 7 see how the wind is blowing | react in different, unpredictable ways |
| 8 add fuel to the flames | do everything you can |

33.2 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom. Use the keyword in brackets.

- You'll be fine working for someone like that – he's a very decent man. (EARTH)
- Unfortunately, no one paid any attention to my advice. (GROUND)
- Unfortunately, her angry words have only made the situation worse. (FUEL)
- I think Rosie must be in trouble – the boss has asked to see her at once. (WATER)
- Lance doesn't really have the experience to cope with his new job. (DEPTH)
- Spreading rumours like that is a risky thing to do. (FIRE)
- Choose a number at random and multiply it by 3. (AIR)
- The police were unable to find where the escaped convicts were hiding. (GROUND)

33.3 Put the words in order and make sentences.

- like / The / of / news / wildfire / spread / their / divorce
- the / the / sea / devil / blue / between / I'm / deep / and
- no / fire / There / smoke / is / without
- heat / the / of / Don't / anything / moment / in / say / the
- and / I / the / cold / hot / he / way / blows / hate
- the / thrown / when / I / I / university / end / was / in / deep / started / at

33.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?

1



2



3



33.5 Look at the different idioms relating to earth, air, fire and water both in this unit and in Unit 42. Which abstract concepts do each of these elements seem to represent in the English mind?

FOLLOW UP

Here are some more idioms connected with the elements. Look them up in your dictionary. Write a definition and then write the idioms in sentences of your own.

not set the world on fire

go up in smoke

it's all water under the bridge

pour cold water on something

the tide is turning

make waves

A Red

idiom	meaning	example
red tape	official rules and bureaucracy that make it difficult to do something	There's a great deal of red tape involved in getting a work permit.
be in the red	have a negative amount in your bank balance	I can't afford a holiday this year. I'm 500 pounds in the red.
catch someone red-handed	catch someone at the moment they are doing something wrong	He was caught red-handed stealing money from the cash register.
a red herring	something unimportant that takes attention away from the main subject	Then he started talking about the cost of a new computer, which was a red herring, because we've got plenty of computers.

B Blue

I argued with Tim till I was **blue in the face**, but he wouldn't listen. [say the same thing many times, but someone refuses to listen]

I think there's **blue blood** in her family; her great-grandmother was a Russian princess. [belonging to the highest social class / aristocratic]

Blue-collar workers at the local car factory were on strike for six weeks. [workers who do physical work, especially in factories] (See *white-collar* in D below.)

C Green

example	meaning
I was green with envy when she got the job.	very envious
My mother's got green fingers . Everything she plants in the garden grows well.	is a very good gardener
The boss has given the project the green light .	given permission for something to start
Our house is in the green belt , so no other houses can be built near it.	countryside around a town or city which is protected from building development

D Black, white and grey

White-collar workers¹ at the Mirage car factory have gone on strike over pay and conditions. The union says management has broken an agreement, and it wants a new one in **black and white**². The management says that the agreement is a **grey area**³ that must be made clear in proper discussions. Meanwhile, the factory owners, the Merschott Company of Germany, consider that the plant is a **black hole**⁴, into which more and more money is disappearing. They are threatening to close the factory altogether.

- ¹ workers who work in offices, not doing physical work
- ² written, not just a spoken agreement
- ³ something that is a problem, and is not very clear because there are no rules
- ⁴ something which has no bottom, and everything put into it just disappears

Exercises

34.1 Match each newspaper headline with its text.

- 1 **HEALTH SERVICE BUDGET JUST A BLACK HOLE, SAYS MINISTER**
- 2 **GOVERNMENT PROMISES TO DEAL WITH GREY AREA OF INTERNET LAW**
- 3 **GREEN BELT ROUND LIVERPOOL EXTENDED**
- 4 **BLUE-BLOOD CHILDREN NO MORE INTELLIGENT THAN OTHERS, SAY SCIENTISTS**

A There was a real need to protect the environment from further damage, the Director of Planning said.

C Any claim to the contrary simply could not be proved, said Doctor Wills, one of the team who investigated twenty upper-class families.

B It was not at all clear what the situation was, and it was now time for governments to co-operate to clarify things.

D Every year, more and more money simply disappears, without any real results in terms of improvements, she said.

34.2 Answer these questions.

- 1 Which colour workers work in offices and which ones do physical work?
- 2 What colour are you if you wish you had something someone else has?
- 3 What colour are you if you repeat something, but the other person pays no attention?
- 4 What colour is your bank balance when you have spent more money than there was in it?
- 5 What colour light do you see when someone gives you permission to do something?

34.3 Use the idioms from exercise 34.2 to complete these sentences.

- 1 I was absolutely with when she won a trip to Los Angeles.
- 2 I'm 750 pounds the , and the bank has asked me to pay it back immediately.
- 3 The workers are on strike, but the office staff are still working.
- 4 You can talk to her till you're in the ; she won't listen.
- 5 If the city authorities the light to the new conservation project, it will begin next year.

34.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 I want to see a contract in written form, not just an informal agreement.
- 2 I wanted to apply for a visa, but a friend told me there are so many forms to fill in and complicated rules, so I've decided to forget it.
- 3 My new house has a big garden, but I'm no good with plants, so I'll probably never do any gardening.
- 4 She was caught just as she was stealing food from the school kitchen.
- 5 He's always introducing unimportant points into the discussion which distract everybody from the main argument.

A Ball games

Right then, I've **started the ball rolling**¹ by telling you what I think our company should do now. I would like anyone who has any comments or questions to speak now. **The ball is in your court**². Don't forget that our rival companies are **on the ball**³ and if we don't act quickly and do something **off our own bat**⁴, they will. I know my proposals will involve people doing overtime, but I hope that the workers may agree to **play ball**⁵ given the circumstances we are all in. It's not our fault we are in this situation. Different rates of tax in different countries mean that we are not competing on a **level playing field**⁶.

- ¹ started an activity and encouraged others to join in
- ² you have to do something now before any progress can be made
- ³ quick to understand and react
- ⁴ on our own initiative, without being asked to by anyone else
- ⁵ co-operate in order to achieve something (usually used in a negative context)
- ⁶ in a fair situation

B Cards

If you **play your cards right**, you behave in the right way to achieve what you want. It is informal and is often used in the expression *If (you) play (your) cards right, ...*

If you **put/lay your cards on the table**, you tell someone honestly what you think or what you plan to do.

If you **pass the buck**, you blame someone or make them responsible for something that must be done next (from an object used in the card game poker).

If you **follow suit**, you do the same as everyone else has just done. (This is a reference to playing the same suit, i.e. hearts, diamonds, spades or clubs, in cards.)

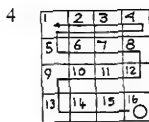
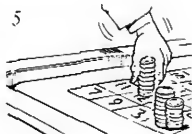
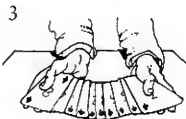
If you **call someone's bluff**, you make someone prove that what they are saying is true or prove that they will really do what they say they will do, because you don't believe them. To call someone's bluff in a card game is to force them to show you their cards.

C Miscellaneous sports and games

sport or game	idiom	meaning
swimming	take the plunge	do something important or difficult that you've been thinking of doing for a long time
board games	go back to square one	go back to the beginning of a project, because previous attempts have failed
archery	be wide of the mark	be wrong or miss what you were trying to hit
horse-riding	do something on the spur of the moment (spur = metal on boot which makes horse go faster)	do something suddenly, without planning
tarot cards (used for fortune-telling)	be on the cards	be likely to happen
gambling	your best bet	the best thing you can do to achieve the result you want
roulette	when the chips are down (chips = gambling pieces)	when you are in a difficult situation, especially one which tests whether you can trust people

Exercises

35.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



35.2 Match the beginning of each sentence on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 If you play your cards right, | off their own bat. |
| 2 When the chips are down, | would be your best bet. |
| 3 The ball is in their court, | others will soon follow suit. |
| 4 If you sign the contract, | we decided to go away for the weekend. |
| 5 On the spur of the moment | so we'll have to wait and see what they do. |
| 6 The children picked Mother some flowers | you learn who your real friends are. |
| 7 Going by train rather than bus or car | you should get an invitation to her party. |

35.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the box.

a level playing field put his cards on the table follow suit call his bluff off his own bat
on the ball on the cards pass the buck start the ball rolling

- Let's ask Pete for advice – he's usually
- The government always tries to when there are economic problems, saying the previous regime is to blame.
- I'd like you each to tell us why you have decided to do a creative writing course; Marie, would you, please?
- Applicants all have to agree to the same conditions for the interview in order to ensure
- No one asked him to help – he did it
- If you keep your things tidy, the others may
- It is still that I'll get a contract for the job.
- He's been very frank and has ; now we'll have to do the same.
- He claims he can speak fluent Japanese; let's and invite him to dinner with our Japanese guests.

FOLLOW UP

Can you find any idioms related to your favourite sport or game? You might be able to find some by looking up keywords relating to that sport or game in a good English–English dictionary or a dictionary of idioms. For example, if you are interested in horse-riding, you might look up *horse*, *saddle*, *reins*.

In this unit and in Unit 37 we look at idioms connected with animals. Here we look at ways of describing people and their actions. In Unit 37 we look at using animal idioms to describe situations.

A Animal names

These idioms are based on compound nouns related to animals.

A person who ...	is ...
is a dark horse	someone who is clever or skilful in a way that no one knew or expected
is a lone wolf	someone who does not mix socially with other people
is a cold fish	someone who is not very friendly and does not show their feelings
is/acts as a guinea pig 'gini pig'	someone who acts as a subject in an experiment or trial of something
is a party animal	someone who loves parties and socialising
would love to be a fly on the wall	someone who would love to be present to see an important private or secret event

Note also:

There was a **fly-on-the-wall** documentary on TV last night about hospital waiting-rooms. [programme filmed in a real-life situation, sometimes with hidden cameras]

B People's characters and their actions

John's bark is worse than his bite. [he may seem fierce/tough, but he is not really]

You don't need to be afraid of him. He wouldn't hurt a fly. [is totally harmless and would never hurt anyone]

Larry's really got the travel bug ever since he won that holiday in the Caribbean. [a strong desire to travel (*bug* here means virus; the original meaning of *bug* is a small insect)]

She's working very hard for her exams. She's really got/taken the bit between her teeth. [has started to work/act in a very determined way (a *bit* is a piece of metal put between a horse's teeth to control it)]

They've given me free rein to do what I like in this new job. [complete freedom (*reins* are what you hold in your hands to control a horse when riding)]

Tim: How did you know I was getting married?

Linda: A little bird told me. [said when someone has told you a secret, but you do not want to say who]

As soon as the meeting was over, we all made a beeline for the food. We were so hungry! [went quickly and directly to]

I always have butterflies in my stomach just before an exam. [feel very nervous]

I made a real pig of myself last night, so I'm not going to eat any lunch today. [ate too much]

I have so much work to do these days. I'm just chasing my tail trying to catch up. [doing a lot, but it is all pointless / without effect]

Exercises

36.1 Which idiom from the left-hand page can be used to describe ...

- 1 ... a person who has hidden or unexpected skills or talents that no one knows about?
- 2 ... a person who loves parties?
- 3 ... a person who is the subject of an experiment or trial of something new?
- 4 ... a person who is not very friendly?

36.2 Here are some facts about animals. Which idioms on the left-hand page are based on them?

- 1 When you ride a horse, it has a *bit* in its mouth, which is a metal bar that helps you control the horse.
- 2 A bee can fly in a straight line back to a place where it found food.
- 3 Wolves usually hunt together in a group or pack.
- 4 Dogs will often bark more out of fear than out of aggression.
- 5 Cats and dogs often run round in circles thinking their tail is running away from them.
- 6 Pigs have a reputation for eating a lot of food very quickly.

36.3 Use the idioms from exercise 36.2 to repeat or sum up what the first speaker says.

- 1 Jack: Harry never seems to want to go out with other people.
Pat: No, he's a bit of
- 2 Liam: Are you busy these days?
Chris: Busy! It's ridiculous! I try to keep up with things, but I'm just
- 3 Keith: Dan is in the boss's office again today. That's the third time this week he's gone to complain about the computers.
Mike: Yes, he won't give up. He's really got
- 4 Orla: You seemed to be enjoying your lunch today!
Fiona: Yes, I I feel so full now!
- 5 Brian: Philip scared everyone yesterday. He looked really angry.
Eve: Oh, don't worry about him. His
- 6 Alan: Look at Charles! He's already talking to a gorgeous girl over there!
Joe: Oh yeah, he always for the prettiest girl in the room.

36.4 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 Big Joe is quite harmless really, although he looks tough. He wouldn't
a
- 2 I already know about Jill getting divorced. A told me.
- 3 I hate making a speech to a big audience. I always get in my
- 4 It's a very unusual school. The pupils are free to do just what they like.
- 5 I really got the travel after I went on a trekking holiday to Nepal. I can't wait to go away again.
- 6 I'd love to be a on the when Nigel tells the boss he's resigning.

A Cats and dogs

In the 'situation' box, note how the 'if-clause' tells you whether the idiom is normally used with things (something), people (you) or with an impersonal construction such as *there is*.

situation	idiom	meaning
If something	goes to the dogs	it goes from a good situation/condition to a bad one
If you	let the cat out of the bag	you accidentally tell people a secret / something you should not tell them
If you	put the cat among the pigeons	you create a crisis or a problematic situation
If there is	not (enough) room to swing a cat	there is very little room or space somewhere

The country has gone to the dogs since the new government took over.

We didn't tell anyone the news, but she let the cat out of the bag and now everyone knows.

Kim's report really put the cat among the pigeons. Now everyone's in a state of crisis.

There's not enough room to swing a cat in our flat, so I don't think a party is a good idea.

B Other animal-related expressions

In these dialogues, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up the situation described by the first speaker.

Ron: Everyone is so selfish. They would sell their own mothers to get what they want, and they don't care how much other people suffer.

Tania: Yes, it really is the law of the jungle. It's very depressing.

Mary: We shouldn't even think of discussing the voting system for the committee. It's very complicated and unfair in many respects, and could raise huge problems.

Ricky: I agree. It's a real can of worms. I think we should avoid discussing it.

Iris: If you ask me, it's a waste of time complaining to Robert. He doesn't take any notice, no matter how often you do it or no matter how angry you get.

Pat: Yes, it's like water off a duck's back.

Roger: We're all overworked and in a panic. We're trying to solve too many problems, and ending up not achieving anything!

Nancy: Yes, I agree. We're all just running round like headless chickens.

Note also:

I don't use snail mail these days. E-mail's easier. [the post, often said humorously when contrasting with e-mail]

I don't know if anyone would really want a job like this one, but we could put out feelers and see if anyone is interested. [make informal enquiries; talk to people unofficially]

These are antennae or feelers.



TIP

When recording idioms in your Vocabulary notebook, make notes of typical situations in which they can be used. For example: *go to the dogs* – typical situation: a restaurant that was very good before is very bad now.

Exercises

37.1 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom that means the opposite of the underlined words.

- 1 There's plenty of room at my house.
- 2 I'll let you know by e-mail.
- 3 Peter has not told anybody the secret news.
- 4 The economy is getting better and better.
- 5 The office staff were working very calmly and efficiently.

37.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



37.3 Match each of the idioms from exercise 37.2 with one of these sentences.

- a) What she said has raised some horrible problems which we'd all prefer to forget.
- b) Oh dear! That is really going to cause huge problems and upset absolutely everybody!
- c) You can insult him and be really awful to him, but he just never seems to care or even notice.

37.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 If you tell someone a secret, what do you let the cat out of?
- 2 What can you put out in order to test whether people are interested in an idea?
- 3 What kind of law do wild animals obey?

37.5 Use a dictionary to find the missing words in these animal idioms if you do not know them.



If you think you know the idioms, write your answers and then check them in a dictionary. Make a note of the meaning of the idioms in your Vocabulary notebook.

- 1 take the bull by the
- 2 kill two birds with one
- 3 at a snail's
- 4 like a bear with a sore
- 5 a 's breakfast.

37.6 Use the five idioms from exercise 37.5 to rewrite the underlined parts of this paragraph.

I was trying to finish my essay for my English class by the end of the week, but it all seemed to be going very slowly and I was not very motivated. So I decided to face the situation and act positively. I stayed up until after midnight every day for four days and worked on my essay. I was tired in the mornings, and went round feeling very bad-tempered and irritable all day, but, in the end I managed to do two useful things in one go: I finished the essay and I read a number of important books I should have read weeks ago. My last essay was a bit of a mess, but I'm hoping this one will get a better grade.

FOLLOW UP

Think of two animals which have idioms connected with them in your language. Then use a dictionary to see if there are any idioms connected with these animals in English.

A Idioms based on guns and knives

If you ...	then you ...
bite the bullet	face a difficult situation and act decisively / do not avoid it
jump the gun	do something too soon, before you should do it
stick to your guns	don't let other people change your mind/ideas/principles
look daggers at someone	look at them in a very angry or hateful way
put the knife in	deliberately do or say something really hurtful to someone
twist the knife	do or say something which makes a bad/hurtful situation even worse

B Idioms connected with firing/shooting

In these dialogues, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat part of the question.

Henry: Have you ever tried snowboarding?

Nigel: No, but I'd like to have a shot at it one day.

Carol: Now that you're the Head of Department, do you find people always blame you immediately for any problems that arise?

Liz: Oh yes, I'm in the firing line all the time.

Mick: So it's Peter Smith who makes all the important decisions and has all the power?

Rita: Oh yes, Peter Smith calls the shots these days.

Hilary: It must have been awful for you, being in the middle of such a terrible argument between Roz and Barbara?

Jane: Yes, I was really caught in the crossfire; I found it very difficult.

Aaron: So you think we should wait and not ask for the funds yet?

Beth: Yes, I think we should hold fire till the future is more certain.

C War and fighting in general

The village people are up in arms over the plan to build a motorway very near their homes. [angry and protesting loudly]

Jim's his own worst enemy when it comes to getting promotion at work. He's just so negative about everything. [his own attitude/behaviour will prevent him from reaching his goal]

I think you're fighting a losing battle trying to get a pay rise. The boss never listens to anyone. [trying to achieve something that you will probably fail to achieve]

I wouldn't give up this job till you're absolutely sure you've got the new one if I were you. You don't want to burn your bridges. [do something that makes it impossible to go back to a situation you were in before]

Joe can be very boring sometimes. He always seems to have an axe to grind. [has a strong view or opinion and wants to persuade everyone he is correct; normally used critically]

When it comes to the crunch, I won't let you down. [when a situation becomes serious or difficult]

I think we've found a chink in his armour. [a weak point that we can exploit / take advantage of]

Exercises

38.1 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 She was looking at me last night. I wonder what I've done to upset her?
- 2 Her last remark was so hurtful, especially as I was already upset. I think she was just trying to the even further.
- 3 I really think you should the bullet, and go and speak to him.
- 4 She to her and didn't sign the contract. So they've changed it.
- 5 You're the gun. Wait till we know whose fault it was before you complain.
- 6 Freddy really puts the in sometimes. He is capable of saying such cruel things.

38.2 What could you say? Using idioms from the left-hand page, tell someone ...

- 1 ... who is trying to persuade the teacher to tell you the exam questions before the exam takes place that they will not succeed.
- 2 ... that if a real crisis occurs, you will be there to support them.
- 3 ... that you yourself are the main problem when it comes to trying to save money.
- 4 ... that they will be the one to face all the criticisms and complaints in their new job.
- 5 ... that you'd like to try bungee-jumping one day if you ever get the chance.
- 6 ... that they should wait before they send a very angry letter they've written.

38.3 Horoscopes often use idioms. Read these horoscopes and then say or write exactly what you would tell a friend with that birth-sign about their future, without using the idioms.

TAURUS Someone you thought was a good friend will say something very hurtful today, and later on will twist the knife even further. Stay calm and don't lose your temper.

GEMINI Two people you like and respect will quarrel today, and you'll be caught in the crossfire. Try to stay neutral, or you'll risk losing a good friend.

CAPRICORN Someone close to you will try to tell you what to do, but it's time you called the shots, so don't be afraid to make your own decisions.

VIRGO You've always thought of yourself as a strong, determined person, but someone discovers a chink in your armour and makes life difficult for you.

38.4 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you were up in arms, you'd be
a) holding someone you love b) protesting strongly
c) feeling much stronger than before
- 2 If someone puts the knife in, they
a) make an important point b) test the situation before acting
c) do or say something very damaging
- 3 If you burn your bridges, you
a) make it impossible to return to a former situation b) get extremely angry and violent
c) destroy a good friendship
- 4 If you have an axe to grind, you have
a) a serious quarrel with someone b) a desire to hurt someone
c) a strong opinion and you want to persuade people you're right

FOLLOW UP

If you can, look at a popular English-language magazine or tabloid newspaper and see if the horoscopes contain idioms. Make a note of any idioms you find, especially for your own star sign.

39 Food

A Appetite

If something makes your mouth water, it makes you want to eat it:
One look at those cakes makes my mouth water.

If you say that someone has a **sweet tooth**, you mean that they particularly like sweet things.

The word *appetite* can be used to refer to a desire for food or for something other than food.

In the same way, **whet your appetite** can be used to mean awaken a desire:

Cinemas use trailers to **whet viewers' appetites** and make them want to see the whole film.

B Sweet and sour

Sweet things are generally considered to be particularly pleasant and luxurious. The **icing on the cake**, for example, refers not only to the sugar coating on a cake but also to something that makes a good situation even better:

This trophy is the **icing on the cake** for Julie who has had a great year as a tennis player.

The expression **you can't have your cake and eat it** or **you want to have your cake and eat it** is used to refer to the fact that two good things are impossible to do or have at the same time: He wants to have his cake and eat it: he wants a well-paid secure job, but he doesn't want to have to work evenings or weekends.

Sour and *bitter* generally have unpleasant associations in idioms. If an experience leaves a **sour taste in your mouth**, you have an unpleasant memory of it. If you do something to the **bitter end**, you see it through to the end even though it takes a long time and is difficult.

C Specific foods

idiom	meaning	example
have egg on your face	be left feeling stupid or embarrassed because of something you did	You'll have egg on your face if your plan doesn't work!
be the best/greatest thing since sliced bread	be fantastic (informal)	I love my walkman. For me, it's the best thing since sliced bread.
be your bread and butter	be an activity or job you do to get the money you need	Taxi-driving is his bread and butter though he also writes music.
bear fruit	produce a positive result	At last our work is bearing fruit.

D In the supermarket

If you say something or someone is **flavour of the month**, it means that that thing or person is very popular. This is a reference to supermarkets' practice of putting a particular flavour of something – strawberry ice cream, for example – on special offer for a month:

Flavour-of-the-month actress, Becci Carr, stars in tonight's TV drama.

The phrase **be past or pass one's sell-by date** is often used humorously to refer to a person or thing that is not wanted or used any more because they are too old. It refers to the way supermarket food is marked with a **sell-by date** after which the product must be removed from the shelves before it goes bad:

I certainly feel as if I've passed my sell-by date this morning!

Exercises

39.1 What might Jo say in each situation? Match the remarks in the box with the situations.

You can't have your cake and eat it. He had egg on his face!
I was left with a sour taste in my mouth! It's the best thing since sliced bread!
It provides the bread and butter.

- Jo's husband asks her what she thinks of some new computer software she's using.
- Jo asks her brother how he likes his new, rather boring job.
- Jo's husband asks her how she felt after a meeting at work where people said some very unpleasant things to each other.
- Jo tells her husband about her boss – whom she doesn't like – who made a mistake in some basic figures at a meeting where all the main company managers were present.
- Jo's son tells her that he's going to spend his (not very large) savings on an expensive new guitar as well as going on a trip to Australia.

39.2 Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

- Although it was too slow-moving for my taste, I sat through the film to the bitter / sour / sweet end.
- Watching that cookery programme on TV has really watered / wetted / whetted my appetite for trying some new recipes.
- All the effort Mandy has put into training is beginning to bear food / fruit / vegetables.
- Although the pop group DK1 is bargain / flavour / taste of the month at the moment, their popularity is unlikely to last.
- Grandad was exhausted after his long walk and said he had passed his sell-by day / time / date.
- Staying in a hotel room that Elvis Presley had once used was really the icing on the biscuit / cake / sugar.
- Having such a sweet mouth / tongue / tooth makes it very difficult for her to lose weight.
- The wonderful smells from the kitchen are really making my eyes / mouth / nose water.

39.3 Match an idiom from the left-hand page with each of these definitions.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 love chocolates and cakes | 4 be in an embarrassing position |
| 2 be absolutely fantastic | 5 bring about good results |
| 3 be too old to be useful | 6 make you want something (Give two answers.) |

39.4 Complete these sentences in any way you like.

- is her bread and butter though she still hopes to succeed as an actress.
- always makes my mouth water.
- seems to be flavour of the month in the pop music world at the moment.
- Kate had egg on her face when
- For me is the best thing since sliced bread.
- I hope that will bear fruit.

FOLLOW UP

Look up these food words in a good dictionary: *apple, cheese, jam, tea*. Find an idiom for each of them and write it in a sentence.

A People: character, emotions and relationships

example	meaning
Goodbye. I hope our paths cross again soon.	I hope we meet again soon.
I'm really stuck in a rut in this job. I think I'll look for something new. (rut = deep track or mark made by a vehicle on the surface of a road)	In a boring situation, with no hope of excitement, or future prospects.
This computer's driving me round the bend! It keeps crashing each time I try to save my work.	The computer is making me angry and frustrated.
This book is right up your street/alley . It's called 'How to make a million in a year'. (alley = narrow street or lane with buildings on either side)	It's perfect for you; exactly what interests you.
Josh is very middle-of-the-road politically.	Neither left-wing nor right-wing, has no radical views.

B Road idioms that comment on situations

I think the government is on the **right/wrong track** these days. [thinking or acting rightly/wrongly]

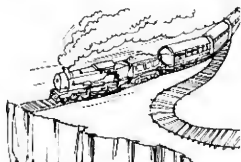
It's an **uphill battle/fight/struggle** trying to persuade Joe to get a job. [a very difficult task]

That restaurant's really gone **downhill** lately. [it was good, but is not any longer]

She lives **right off the beaten track**, but she loves the peace and quiet. [in a very isolated place]

The Conservative Party is at a **crossroads**. [at a decisive moment in its history]

This job I have now is a complete **dead end**. [it has no future / no prospects]



be on the **right/wrong track**



go downhill



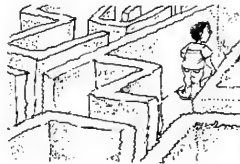
at a crossroads



an uphill battle/fight/struggle



off the beaten track



a dead end

I use a bicycle these days to **go/get from A to B**. [to make simple/typical journeys]

The new hotel has really **put the village on the map**. [now everybody has heard of the village]

Well, it's almost midnight. We should **hit the road**. [start our journey (home)]

Road rage is increasing in many countries. [violent incidents resulting from traffic disputes]

Exercises

40.1 Complete each of these idioms from A on the left-hand page.

- 1 Airlines me round the ! You can never get simple information from them when you phone them up.
- 2 I don't have any extreme views about anything. I'm quite
.....-the-.....
- 3 I didn't like her at all, and I hope our never again, to be honest.
- 4 It's a good idea to change your job every few years. It's very easy to get stuck a if you're not careful.
- 5 This video's up your It's all about how violins are made.

40.2 Use the idioms from exercise 40.1 to rewrite the underlined parts of these sentences.

- 1 Well, it's been nice talking to you. Maybe we'll see each other again somewhere.
- 2 That TV programme about birds is just right for you. You should watch it.
- 3 Jim is fairly neutral when it comes to environmental issues.
- 4 The photocopier makes me absolutely crazy. It always breaks down just when you need it most.
- 5 I gave up my job and went round the world. I felt I had got into a boring routine with no prospects for the future.

40.3 True or false? Tick (✓) the correct box.

- | | True | False |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 If someone lives off the beaten track, they live in the middle of a city. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 If a street is a dead end, you can't drive down it and out the other end. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 Road rage is when people get angry and violent because of problems and arguments while driving. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 If something is an uphill struggle, it's like the pleasant feeling of travelling up a beautiful hill. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 If someone is on the wrong track, they are dialling a wrong number on a telephone. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

40.4 Use idioms from the left-hand page to ...

- 1 ... tell someone it's time to start a journey.
- 2 ... tell someone that the bus is the easiest way to travel round in your area.
- 3 ... tell someone not to go to the Imperial Hotel as it's not as good as it used to be.
- 4 ... tell someone that you think what they are going to do is the right course of action.
- 5 ... tell someone that a new rock music festival has really made your town famous.
- 6 ... tell someone that you think your country is at an important and decisive point in its history.

FOLLOW UP

Think of idioms connected with roads, paths and tracks in your language. Do any of them match the idioms in this unit? If they don't, try to find out the equivalent expression in English. Use a dictionary of idioms or another good dictionary, or go online to dictionary.cambridge.org/idioms

41 Houses and household objects

A Home

Home is the place where people feel comfortable and safe. If you **are/feel at home** somewhere, you **are/feel comfortable** there. If you **make yourself at home**, you relax and make yourself comfortable. Similarly, if something is as safe as houses, it is extremely safe.

The implications of what she had said didn't come home to me until some days later. [I didn't understand it fully]

Her news reports have really **brought home** to me the horrors of war. [made me understand, usually something unpleasant]

B Doors and fences

Doors give you access to somewhere new.

They don't pay me very well for the work I do there at the moment, but at least I've got my foot in the door. [started working at a low level in an organisation because you want to get a better job in the same organisation later on]

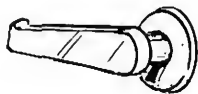
Doors have keys and handles.

Female voters hold the key to the party's success in the election. [provide the explanation for something you could not previously understand]

Her father **flew off the handle** when she said she wasn't going to return to university. [reacted in a very angry way (informal)]

A fence marks the boundary between two areas of land.

If you sit on the fence, you delay making a decision or fail to choose between two alternatives. Usually in the end, though, you have to come down on one side or the other. [make a choice]



C Household objects

Alf **hit the ceiling/roof**¹ this morning for no reason at all. I thought he'd just **got out of bed on the wrong side**², but then his girlfriend explained that he's been **burning the candle at both ends**³ because of his exams. I'm glad she **put me in the picture**⁴ because now I can understand why he reacted so crossly. However, I wish he'd **take a leaf out of his girlfriend's book**⁵ and go to bed at a reasonable time.

¹ reacted angrily

² got up in a bad mood and has stayed in a bad mood all day

³ staying up late and getting up early

⁴ explained the situation to me – *picture* also means *situation* in get the picture [understand the situation (informal)] and keep someone in the picture [keep someone informed]

⁵ copy something someone else does, often in order to gain an advantage that they have

Exercises

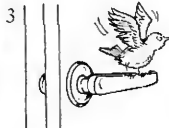
41.1 Match the beginning of each idiom on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| 1 sitting on the | home |
| 2 getting your foot in the | handle |
| 3 getting out of bed on the wrong | fence |
| 4 flying off the | picture |
| 5 putting someone in the | ends |
| 6 feeling at | door |
| 7 burning the candle at both | side |

41.2 Answer these questions.

- 1 Is a decisive person likely to sit on the fence or come down on one side or the other?
- 2 If a student takes a holiday job in a big company in order to get a foot in the door, what does that suggest about the student's plans?
- 3 In what circumstances do people often burn the candle at both ends?
- 4 Are you more likely to say that something important or something trivial is brought home to you?
- 5 Do you think someone would be pleased or displeased if you took a leaf out of their book?
- 6 If you keep someone in the picture, are you being honest to them or not?
- 7 How do you feel if you get out of bed on the wrong side?
- 8 If someone hits the roof, what sort of mood are they in?

41.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



41.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 It will take some time before the impact of the new legislation is fully felt by the person in the street.
- 2 Sophie will make herself ill if she goes on allowing herself so little sleep.
- 3 Before you take over the project, I'll let you know exactly what the situation with it is.
- 4 The police think that DNA testing will provide the evidence necessary for proving who the murderer must have been.
- 5 Jim's been in a really bad mood all day.
- 6 The government can't postpone making a decision for ever.
- 7 Rob gets really angry at the slightest provocation these days. (Give two answers.)
- 8 If you want to get fit, why don't you do as Katie has done and join a gym?

41.5 Write sentences using six of the idioms from the left-hand page about your own life or experiences.

In this unit we look at idioms connected with the earth, the planets and the air, and other basic elements.

A The air

The air (or sky) is often seen as something associated with feelings and emotions, or is in some way connected with unknown or future events. Look at these newspaper clips.

There was a sense of relief **in the air**¹ when the 'not guilty' verdict was announced.

Whether the government will change the law on football hooliganism is **up in the air**² at the moment.

The discussions have not solved the problem, but they have helped to clear the air³ to a certain

The news has come as a **breath of fresh air**⁴ for students worried about the high level of fees.

Mr Watson said the news had come **out of the blue**⁵ and it had shocked everyone. He

- ¹ everyone could feel it
- ² something new / more exciting
- ³ undecided
- ⁴ completely unexpectedly (*the blue* = the sky)
- ⁵ make bad feelings between people disappear

B The earth, planets, ground

Idioms about the earth often refer to the ground beneath our feet and to being practical/realistic.

If ...	this means ...
someone is a down-to-earth person	they are very practical
you come (back) down to earth with a bang	something brings you suddenly back to reality
an idea or plan/project bites the dust	it fails/dies
someone is (living) on another planet	they have no awareness of the real world
you are over the moon about something	you are extremely happy
something is/hits rock bottom	it is as low as it can possibly be/go
you find out how the land lies	you see how the situation is before you get involved
a person is upper-crust *	they belong to a very high social class

* The *crust* is the top surface of the earth; under it are other layers of very hot rocks.

Note also:

If you are **in the dark** or someone keeps you **in the dark**, you are not told important things that other people know.

If you are **in your element**, you are happy/relaxed in the situation because you are good at the things it involves.

If you are **out of your element**, you feel unhappy/uncomfortable because you are not good at the tasks involved. (*element* here refers to the four basic natural elements: earth, water, fire and air)

Exercises

42.1 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 The news out of the blue. No one was expecting it.
- 2 What a crazy idea! I think she's living another planet.
- 3 The price of computers has rock bottom this year.
- 4 I think we should out how the land lies before we decide.
- 5 They've me in the dark about their future plans. I wish they'd tell me.

42.2 Match each question on the left with the most likely response on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 Is Anna Conda really a princess? | Yes, it bit the dust. |
| 2 I guess he was delighted with the news? | Yes, he was in his element. |
| 3 So your new project failed after all? | No, he's very down-to-earth. |
| 4 Did your long talk with David help at all? | I don't know, but she's very upper-crust. |
| 5 Did your dad enjoy his golfing holiday? | Yes, he was over the moon. |
| 6 Is Alfie a very romantic type of person? | Well, it did help to clear the air a bit. |

42.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 You could feel a sense of fear in everyone when the planes came overhead.
- 2 It really is something new and exciting for us that the company has decided to move to London. We are all bored with working in a small town.
- 3 Sally was brought suddenly back to reality when the bank manager told her she had spent all her money.
- 4 Things are very undecided at the moment. I'll let you know when a decision is made.

42.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Think of one person you know who is down-to-earth and another person you know who is just living on another planet. In what ways are they so?
- 2 When was the last time you felt over the moon, and why?
- 3 Think of an occasion when someone you hadn't seen for a very long time suddenly appeared out of the blue.
- 4 Think of one situation where you could personally say 'I'm in my element here!'

42.5 The underlined idioms below are not on the left-hand page. Try to work out the meaning of the idioms from context. If you can't, then check their meaning in a good general dictionary or in a dictionary of idioms.

- 1 I was shaking like a leaf as I waited to hear if I had passed the exam.
- 2 I slept like a log last night. It was so quiet and the bed was very comfortable.
- 3 I hate making big decisions. I usually prefer to just go with the flow.
- 4 It goes against the grain for him ever to say he was wrong. It is not in his character to admit that he has made a mistake.

FOLLOW UP

Look up *sun, star(s), moon, rock(s), sea and mountains* in a good dictionary or a dictionary of idioms. What idioms do you find? Write the idioms in sentences which illustrate their meaning.

A Boats

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
push the boat out	spend a lot of money, usually because you are celebrating	Bill was happy to push the boat out for his daughter's wedding.
rock the boat	do or say something that causes problems, usually when you try to change a situation that other people do not want to change	Party members were told firmly not to rock the boat by publicly criticising the government just before the election.
miss the boat	be too late to get something you want	Can I still get tickets for the concert or have I already missed the boat?
burn one's boats/bridges	do something that makes it impossible for you to go back to the situation you were in before	Don't sell your house to finance your business – that would be burning your boats.
be in the same boat	be in the same, usually difficult, situation	It's a pity you can't use a dictionary in your exam, but at least everyone's in the same boat.

B Sailing

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
steer clear of	avoid someone or something because it is dangerous for you	I'd try to steer clear of Maggie if I were you – she's trouble!
sail close to the wind	take risks that could cause problems or danger (usually used in the continuous)	You're sailing a bit close to the wind by speaking to the boss like that!
be plain sailing	be very easy	I was a bit apprehensive about doing so much in just one day, but it was all plain sailing.
be in the doldrums (doldrums = area of sea with no wind)	(of a business) be not very successful; (of a person) feel sad and without energy	His business has been in the doldrums for several years now.
put/stick your oar in (oar = long piece of wood used for rowing a boat)	join a discussion when the other participants do not want you to (informal)	I hope John has the sense not to stick his oar in at tomorrow's meeting.
show someone the ropes	show someone how to do a job or activity	As it's your first day at work, Sue will show you the ropes.
be a nervous wreck (wreck = boat that's been destroyed, e.g. by hitting rocks)	be mentally and physically exhausted	I'm a nervous wreck after a day with those terrible children.
clear the decks (deck = flat open area on boat)	get ready for action	We'd better clear the decks before we paint the room.
be (all) at sea	be confused	I'm all at sea with this computer.

Exercises

43.1 Answer these questions.

- 1 If you miss the boat, have you lost a means of transport or an opportunity?
- 2 If you say that a project was plain sailing, are you happy with how it went or not?
- 3 If you burn your boats, are you taking a risk or not?
- 4 If a friend is in the doldrums, would you try to calm them down or cheer them up?
- 5 Are you more likely to be a nervous wreck if you're bored or if you're overworked?
- 6 If you are all at sea in a new job, do you need someone to show you the ropes or to stick their oar in?
- 7 If you rock the boat, will people be pleased with you or annoyed with you?
- 8 If you show someone the ropes, are you helping them or threatening them?

43.2 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- 1 Things here are very difficult, but at least we're all in the boat.
- 2 It'll be hard climbing the mountain, but should be sailing on the way down.
- 3 Everyone would like to dance, so let's clear the and make as much space as we can in the middle of the floor.
- 4 Speaking to the press about what's going on is a bit close to the wind.
- 5 I know the party is costing a lot, but you have to the boat out occasionally.
- 6 Joe's been in the ever since he lost his job.
- 7 Trust Simon to stick his in – he never knows when it's better to say nothing.
- 8 I don't trust Paul – I'd steer of him if I were you.

43.3 Here are some more idioms based on sailing concepts. Match each idiom on the left with its explanation on the right. (Note that *tack* = direction taken in sailing in order to catch the wind.)

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1 change tack | be familiar with how things are done |
| 2 know the ropes | be in a weak mental or physical condition |
| 3 try a different tack | act in a way that is not extreme |
| 4 learn the ropes | take a different course of action |
| 5 be a quivering wreck | get to know how to do things |
| 6 steer a middle course | attempt to do something in a different way |

43.4 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page or from exercise 43.3.

- 1 Leave things as they are – it's better not to
(Give two answers.)
- 2 Everything must seem strange at first, but you'll soon
- 3 Finish your course before you go travelling – there's no point in
- 4 Parents usually try to between leniency and strictness.
- 5 Sally's very miserable – do you know why she's ?
- 6 The new boy is bound to be feeling on his first day at school – perhaps you can help.
- 7 Things are not working out – let's (Give two answers.)
- 8 I hate job interviews – I'm always before them.

A Engines and cars

Look at these conversations. The second speaker uses an idiom to agree with what the first speaker says.

Eva: We'll have to get ready to start work on the new system.

Lars: Yes, we'll have to **get into gear**, I suppose.
(like putting a car into gear before driving)

Ron: I hate having Lisa in my car. She always tells you what you're doing wrong, or when the lights have gone red, and so on.

Peter: Yes, she's a real **back-seat driver**, isn't she?

Olga: I think we've spent over the budget these last three months. We'll have to be more careful.

Mick: Yes, we'll have to **put the brakes on** our spending; we've paid out some large sums.

Hugh: Things are going well these days, aren't they? Everything's working quietly and smoothly.

Ben: Yes, things are **ticking over** nicely.
(A car engine *ticks over* when it is running quietly, but the car is not moving.)

Will: Well, it was quite an angry meeting, but I think it was good that people could just say exactly what they were thinking and get angry if they wanted to.

Mia: Yes, I think it was good that they were able to **let off steam**.
(like a steam engine which lets off steam to reduce the high pressure that has built up)

Jim: I'm glad we organised our own travel instead of going with a group, aren't you?

Russ: Yes, I'm glad we decided to **go under our own steam**.

B Electricity, phones and radio

<i>If you ...</i>	<i>this means ...</i>
get your lines/wires crossed	there is a misunderstanding between you and someone
are on the same wavelength as someone (wavelength = fixed position on a radio band, e.g. FM/AM)	you view the world or think in the same way as them
blow a fuse/gasket (gasket = kind of seal in an engine)	you lose your temper and react very angrily to an event
give someone a buzz	you phone them (informal)

C Other idioms from the world of technology and machines

The government is **back-pedalling** over its plans to lower taxes. [is beginning to say the opposite of what it said before, like pushing the pedals of a bicycle backwards]

His comments really **put/threw a spanner in the works**. [spoilt something, e.g. a plan, or prevented it from succeeding]

She always buys the latest, state-of-the-art computer. [one which has all the newest features]

Plans for a new bridge across the river are in the **pipeline**. [are being discussed/prepared but are not public yet]

Exercises

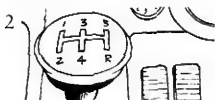
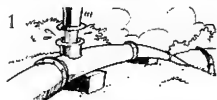
44.1 Advertisements often use idioms to sell products. Match each slogan with its text.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Want to let off steam tonight?</p> <p>2 We're on your wavelength</p> | <p>3 State-of-the-art digital technology in your home</p> <p>4 Give us a buzz for lower bills</p> |
|---|---|
-
- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A Local Radio is changing, and here at Homestyle FM we believe you'll want to listen to us with our new programmes for the autumn.</p> | <p>C By 2005, most TV channels will no longer broadcast in the traditional way. Buy a new TV set now and you will be ready for the changes.</p> |
| <p>B Are you paying too much for your mobile phone? Call us on 07965 34352 and find out how you can pay less.</p> | <p>D At Broadnet.com we offer more chatrooms where you can say what you think about everything than any other Internet Service Provider.</p> |

44.2 Agree with what A says. Complete each response with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- 1 A: Her e-mail caused real problems for our plans, didn't it?
 B: Yes, it really
- 2 A: I think George is beginning to change his mind about joining our committee.
 B: Yes, he seems to be
- 3 A: Wow! Eric really lost his temper last night, didn't he?
 B: Yes, he absolutely
- 4 A: Good. Things seem to be nice and quiet and working smoothly.
 B: Yes, everything seems to be just quietly
- 5 A: It seems there was a misunderstanding between us.
 B: Yes, I think we
- 6 A: I think we should give her a call this evening.
 B: Yes, it's probably a good idea to

44.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



44.4 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom from exercise 44.3.

- 1 It took us a long time to really start to do our work properly and efficiently.
 2 Brad is one of those people who always knows the road better than the person driving.
 3 There are plans for a new railway, but it will be some years before the project starts.

44.5 Complete each sentence with a preposition or particle.

- 1 We're the same wavelength.
 2 I'd prefer to go my own steam.
 3 Everyone needs to let steam occasionally.
 4 You've really put a spanner the works.
 5 Business is ticking nicely these days.
 6 We'll have to put the brakes with regard to how much we spend.

Idioms connected with the hand can refer to ownership, control, acting and exercising skills.

A Idioms based on the fingers

In these conversations, the second speaker repeats the meaning of the idiom in bold.

Alison: Rosa had all the statistics at her **fingertips**.

Geoff: Yes, I was amazed she was able to quote them immediately.

Ron: I'm getting my exam results tomorrow. **Keep your fingers crossed** for me!

Pat: Yes, I will. I'll be wishing you good luck all day and hoping you do well.

Ben: I think he's **put his finger on** the problem.

Liz: Yes, I think he's identified exactly what's wrong.

Mick: Jane never **lifts a finger** at home.

Nancy: I know. She never helps out. She's so lazy.

Larry: He **got his fingers burnt** in a financial deal in 1998.

Lily: Yes, I know. He suffered badly and lost a lot of money at the time.

Oscar: Paula **has really got green fingers**, hasn't she?

Ruth: Yes, everything she plants in her garden seems to grow beautifully.

B Idioms based on the thumb and the whole hand

example	meaning
The plan has been given the thumbs up/down .	has been approved (up) or rejected (down)
That office block sticks/stands out like a sore thumb next to such a beautiful park.	looks different from everything else in its environment (in a negative sense)
As a rule of thumb , always write down the code.	as a general, useful rule
The boss has given me a free hand at work.	allows me to take whatever action I want to
Ed can turn his hand to any job round the house.	has the skill/ability to do unfamiliar jobs without any previous experience
Things got out of hand and the police arrived.	got out of control
I don't really have any first-hand knowledge of nature conservation.	direct / from experience
That restaurant has changed hands twice.	been sold to a new owner
I have my hands full with three children.	am very busy / have a lot of things to do
I'd like to try my hand at scuba-diving one day.	try it for the first time
I play golf occasionally just to keep my hand in .	in order not to lose my skill/knowledge
I always like to have a dictionary to hand when I'm reading English newspapers.	available; nearby
Give me a hand with this big box, will you?	help me, e.g. to carry/lift it
I've washed my hands of the whole project as it caused so many problems.	stopped being involved in

Exercises

45.1 Complete these idioms with *hand(s)*, *finger(s)* or *thumb(s)*.

- 1 I have my full at the office these days. I'm doing two people's jobs.
- 2 I'm sorry, but the plan's been given the down by the committee.
- 3 She's been given a free to change the entire computer system for the whole company.
- 4 Yes, he's just lazy. You're right. You've put your on it.
- 5 Things are getting out of ; we need someone to organise things properly.
- 6 As a rule of you should never use the present perfect in English with words like *yesterday* or *last year*, but journalists do it sometimes.
- 7 If you need help with your garden, ask Liz – she's got green
- 8 I get my exam results tomorrow. Keep your crossed for me!
- 9 Their teenage kids never lift a at home; they just leave everything to the parents.
- 10 That shop has changed again. It's owned by someone from Hong Kong now.

45.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- 1 I think it would be good if you got some direct experience of working in a poor country before working for an aid organisation at home.
- 2 Jerry has withdrawn completely from the club committee. He was so disgusted that he just quit, and never wants to see any of them again.
- 3 That new power station on the coast is such an ugly sight. You'd think they would have built it to blend in with the landscape.
- 4 Have you ever had a go at water-skiing? My sister's got a boat if you would like to try.
- 5 I always have to have the cookbook right next to me when I'm trying out a new recipe.
- 6 I'm too busy to play football every week now, but I really should play occasionally, just to keep my skills alive.
- 7 She lost out badly on the stock exchange. She bought shares in an Internet company that went bankrupt.

45.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Do you think you could bring me a hand this weekend? I have to move some furniture to our summer cottage.
- 2 If you're the sort of person who is prepared to make your hand to anything, you'll be able to earn a lot of money; people are always looking for willing workers.
- 3 I was very pleased when they told me my project had been given the up-thumb.
- 4 I decided to wash my hands with the whole idea and to have no involvement whatsoever in it.
- 5 If you want to make a good impression at a business meeting, it is a good idea to have all the facts and figures in your fingertip.
- 6 To build a horrible concrete bridge over such a beautiful river is terrible. It stands out like a sick thumb!

FOLLOW UP

Look again at the idioms on the left-hand page and see if you can see any further pattern of meanings for the different sets of idioms connected with hands, fingers and thumbs. What do fingers do? Are the thumb idioms different? Make a few notes in your Vocabulary notebook and see if your ideas are still valid as and when you add new idioms connected with the keywords.

A Foot

Several idioms involving the word *foot* refer to someone's personal situation.

example	meaning
You're an adult now; you have to learn to stand on your own two feet .	be independent; look after yourself
I'm rushed off my feet at work.	extremely busy/hectic
He's famous, but he's always kept both feet on the ground .	always remained normal and realistic
I accepted the job, but then got cold feet .	became afraid to do it
Don't worry. It will take you a while to find your feet . It's always like this in a new job.	get used to things; feel you can cope
Nancy and I got off on the wrong foot .	our relationship started badly
The children are always under my feet when I'm trying to do the housework.	in my way, disturbing my activities
He really seems to have landed/fallen on his feet . He got a new job and found a flat within a week of arriving in the city.	been very lucky or successful in a difficult situation (The idiom is based on the notion that cats always land on their feet when they fall.)
She lived at home for a while, but got itchy feet again and went off travelling for a year.	got a desire to travel

Other idioms with *foot* refer more to actions.

I really **put my foot in it** when I told Mario I hated Italian food; he's Italian! [accidentally said/did something very embarrassing]

I think you should **put your foot down** and say no. [assert your authority or independence]

He **followed in his father's footsteps** and became a doctor. [take the same course of action as somebody else]

B Heel and toe

These two idioms with *heel* refer to preventing or slowing down movement.

I don't think Sara wants to join us; she's **dragging her heels** a bit. [deliberately being slow]

They're **digging their heels in** and refusing to compromise. [refusing to change their position]

The boss always **keeps us on our toes**. [keeps us busy; makes us give our full energy to our work]

TIP

Whenever you find idioms that seem to have something in common in their meaning (as with the two *heel* idioms or the *foot* idioms referring to situations), group them together on one page in your Vocabulary notebook. Add any new idioms that have similar meanings as you meet them.

Exercises

46.1 Match each idiom on the left with its definition on the right.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 have itchy feet | be very busy |
| 2 find your feet | start off in a bad way |
| 3 be under someone's feet | feel familiar with something |
| 4 land/fall on your feet | be restless / want to travel |
| 5 get off on the wrong foot | regret a decision |
| 6 be rushed off your feet | remain connected to the real world |
| 7 get cold feet | be constantly in the way |
| 8 stand on your own two feet | be lucky/successful |
| 9 keep both feet on the ground | be independent |

46.2 Write sentences which relate to *your* life with any five of the idioms in the list in exercise 46.1.

EXAMPLE I applied for a place at an American university and was accepted, but then I got cold feet.

46.3 Rewrite these sentences with five of the idioms from exercise 46.1.

- I said I would join Jim on the protest march, but then regretted it and didn't go at all.
- She was very busy in the shop last month, but she's pleased that the business is doing well.
- He'll have to learn to make his own decisions now that he's at college and not living at home any more.
- Mavis and I started off rather badly when she first joined the company, but now we're working very well together.
- I'm feeling restless these days. I'd love to go off on a backpacking holiday somewhere.

46.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



46.5 True or false? Tick (✓) the correct box.

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 If you drag your heels, you deliberately act slowly or delay something. | True <input type="checkbox"/> | False <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 If you put your foot down, you tell someone very firmly to act in a particular way. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 If someone keeps you on your toes, they keep you very excited. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 If you follow in someone's footsteps, they are your boss and you are below them. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 If you dig your heels in, you are very determined not to be persuaded to do something you don't want to do. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

FOLLOW UP

Use a good dictionary to find the meanings of these idioms if you do not already know them.

foot the bill

toe the line

hard/hot on the heels of

A Idioms and meaning associations

Sometimes groups of idioms have some aspect of meaning in common. For example, our *bones* are inside our body, they have flesh/meat on them and they form our skeleton. Note how some basic associations of the word *bone(s)* play a part in this meaning of these idioms.

example	meaning	association
I have a bone to pick with you.	You have done something that has annoyed me, and we must discuss it.	Animals pick the flesh off bones when they eat their prey.
She's going to get that job; I can feel it in my bones.	I have a feeling deep inside me / an instinct.	Bones are deep inside us.
How best to use the money we raised has become a bone of contention.	People are arguing and disagreeing over it.	Animals fight over bones/food.
Let's try and get to the bare bones of the problem.	Get to the heart / the most basic aspects of the problem.	The bones are our skeleton, our basic form.

B Shoulder and arm

Main association: Shoulders support or carry things.

She has a chip on her shoulder about the fact that she was not promoted in her job years ago. [blames other people for something negative that has happened to her and goes on carrying these feelings for ever]

Fiona, can I talk to you? I'm having a horrible time and I need a shoulder to cry on. [sympathy or support in time of trouble]

You are not alone in your fight against the authorities. We will stand shoulder to shoulder with you. [support you in a difficult time]

I didn't have much success trying to get to know that good-looking guy at the party. He gave me the cold shoulder. [reacted to me in an unfriendly or cold way for no obvious reason]

Main association: Arms hold and/or control things.

I didn't really want to do the job, but he twisted my arm and I said yes. [persuaded me to do something I didn't really want to do]

I don't really want to talk to her. I've been trying to keep/hold her at arm's length. [keep a distance between myself and her]

C Leg

I haven't really won the lottery. I was only pulling your leg. [only joking / trying to fool you]

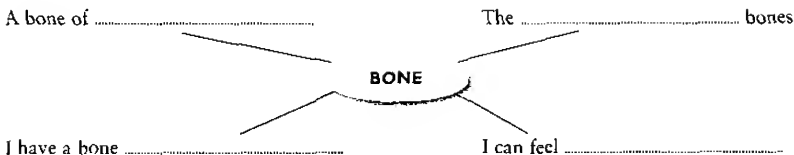
He'll find it difficult to convince the police that he's innocent. He hasn't (got) a leg to stand on really. [has nothing to support his claim or position]

TIP

There are ten units in this book that deal with idioms connected with the body. Try to build a picture in your mind of a human body as you work through the units and remember which parts of the body are most strongly associated with idioms, e.g. the hand.

Exercises

47.1 Use idioms to complete the network.



47.2 Use the idioms from exercise 47.1 to rewrite these sentences in as brief a way as possible.

- I want to talk to you about something very annoying that you have done.
- This book will give you the most basic information, but it doesn't go into great detail.
- I don't think we should allow the cost to become a matter that we argue about.
- There's going to be trouble at work. I can really sense it in a subconscious way.

47.3 Choose the correct answer.

- Janet has a chip on her shoulder because she never got a chance to go to university.
 - She is disadvantaged in trying to find a job.
 - She has an ambition she has not yet fulfilled.
 - She carries a negative feeling about it throughout her life.
- Brian is pulling Helen's leg.
 - He is annoying her.
 - He is trying to fool her about something.
 - He is attacking her.
- Louise needs a shoulder to cry on.
 - She needs to cry publicly.
 - She needs a friend to listen to her troubles.
 - She needs something to cry about.
- Rita is trying to twist Sally's arm because she wants to borrow Sally's car.
 - Rita is trying to persuade Sally even though Sally doesn't want to do it.
 - Rita is trying to blackmail Sally to do it.
 - Rita is trying to pay Sally to lend her car.
- Lorna gave Mark the cold shoulder when he asked her to go with him to the school party.
 - She put her head on Mark's shoulder in a romantic way.
 - She rubbed her shoulder against Mark's as a way of saying 'yes'.
 - She behaved in a rather distant way and said 'no'.
- Clare said she would stand shoulder to shoulder with Irene.
 - She promised to fight Irene with all her strength.
 - She promised to stand next to Irene in a queue for something.
 - She promised to support Irene in a difficult situation.

47.4 Write a sentence or a couple of sentences for each of these idioms to show their meaning.

hold/keep someone at arm's length not have a leg to stand on

47.5 Here are two more idioms using *arm* which are not on the left-hand page. Using a dictionary if necessary, complete each idiom.

- The tickets for the Michael Jackson concert cost us an arm and a ; they were the most expensive I have ever bought.
- I think I'll my arm and apply for that job. I know I'm not at all qualified, but I've got nothing to lose by applying.

A Emotions

Head is used in a number of idioms that relate to emotions and staying calm and in control.

keep your head

[keep calm, especially in a difficult or dangerous situation]

lose your head

[panic or lose control]

laugh/scream/shout your head off

[laugh/scream/shout very much and very loudly (informal)]



be banging or hitting your head against a brick wall

[ask someone to do something which they won't do]

bring something to a head / something comes to a head

[an unpleasant situation is so bad that it has to be dealt with]

If you can **keep your head** when all around are losing theirs, you'll be a man, my son.
(written by 19th century poet Kipling)

They were **shouting their heads off** until late at night and I just couldn't fall asleep.

Trying to get the boys to tidy their bedroom is just **banging your head against a brick wall**.

Andy and Jill had been upset with each other for some time, but things eventually came to a head last night when they had a terrible row.

B Thought

Sometimes *head* is used in idioms to mean the place where ideas or thoughts are produced.

idiom	meaning	example
put ideas into someone's head	make someone want to do something they had not wanted to do before (usually something stupid)	Louisa was always quite happy in the village until Rex started putting ideas into her head.
get your head (a)round (usually – can't get (my) head (a)round)	come to fully accept or understand something (informal)	I just can't get my head around what's happened. It's been such a shock!
off the top of your head	without thinking about it for very long or looking at something that has been written about it	Off the top of my head, I couldn't tell you where they live, but I could soon find out.

C Other head idioms

Rebecca is so beautiful; she always **turns heads**¹

whenever she walks into a room. My brother Barney is beginning to fall in love with her, but our parents would like to **knock that on the head**². This is a very busy year for Barney and he is going to have to work very hard to **keep his head above water**³. However, he **bites/snaps their heads off**⁴ if they tell him to ignore her. I'm taking care not to get involved – it's safer to **keep my head down**⁵.

¹ people notice that person because they look interesting or attractive

² put a stop to it (informal)

³ have just enough money in order to live or keep a business going (an image from swimming)

⁴ speaks to them angrily

⁵ say as little as possible in order to avoid arguments

Exercises

48.1 What do these underlined idioms mean?

- 1 I can't get my head around how much she's changed since she met Joel.
- 2 Mary will never turn heads in the way that her older sister does.
- 3 You'll laugh your head off when you see Bill wearing a dinner jacket.
- 4 Dick hadn't had time to prepare a speech, but he spoke very well off the top of his head.
- 5 If I were you, I'd keep my head down until the situation improves.
- 6 Sam wants to use your saw to build a treehouse – you'd better knock that idea on the head.
- 7 My boss snapped my head off just because I asked for an extra day off.
- 8 It was the first time that Joanna had talked about wanting to work abroad and her father blamed her new boyfriend for putting ideas into her head.

48.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the box. Make any other necessary changes.

bang your head against a brick wall bring things to a head come to a head keep your head
lose your head scream your head off snap someone's head off

- 1 Mel when she saw a rat under the table.
- 2 When the pilot announced that the plane was having engine problems, all the passengers behaved calmly and no one
- 3 I'm trying to get him to give up smoking, but I
- 4 You'll easily pass your driving test as long as you
- 5 I wish he wouldn't when I ask him about his work.
- 6 Jack and Sue have not been getting on well for some time now, but Jack's rudeness to her last night and they had a blazing row.
- 7 The disagreement over pay at a meeting yesterday.

48.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



48.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Has anyone ever bitten your head off? Why did they do this?
- 2 Under what circumstances would you find it hard to keep your head?
- 3 When was the last time you laughed your head off?
- 4 What kind of person would turn your head in the street?
- 5 Can you think of someone who has been criticised for putting ideas into people's heads?
- 6 Would a business be pleased if it were keeping its head above water? Why (not)?

FOLLOW UP

This unit includes just some of the idioms based on the word *head*. Look in a good dictionary, find three more idioms and write them down in example sentences.

A Face

Our face presents the image we show people and that is reflected in most of the idioms with *face*.

idiom	meaning	example
make/pull a face	show that you do not like something by making an unpleasant expression	Emma pulled a face when she heard that Jim was coming to the party.
keep a straight face	not to laugh or change your expression even though you want to laugh	It was all I could do to keep a straight face when I saw Jim in his new suit.
put a brave face on something	pretend you are happy about something when you are not happy	Chris was disappointed about not getting the job, but he's put a brave face on it.
take something at face value	accept something as it looks without thinking about whether it might, in fact, not be quite what it appears	I decided to take his words at face value although my brother told me I was being naive.
on the face of it	according to the appearance of something	On the face of it, it's a generous offer. But I feel there might be a trick in it.
face to face	with another person in their presence rather than, say, by phone or letter	You should really discuss this with her face to face.

B Hair

Hair in idioms often has associations with being calm and in control. If you say to someone **Keep your hair on!** (informal) you mean **Calm down!**

Her boyfriend has disappeared again. She's **tearing/pulling her hair out!** [getting very anxious (usually used with continuous verb forms)]

My boss **didn't turn a hair** when I handed in my notice. [showed no reaction at all]



C Neck and chest

It's uncomfortable at home at the moment because my two flatmates, Tom and Dick, are **at each other's throats**¹ all the time. It started when Tom used Dick's computer and managed to destroy some files. Tom decided to **make a clean breast of it**². Now Dick won't let him use the computer without **breathing down his neck**³ all the time and he's always going on about how stupid Tom was. Tom finds this a **real pain in the neck**⁴ and he wishes he had never **got it off his chest**⁵, but had just let Dick think it was a computer virus that had destroyed his files. Tom knows he is in the wrong, but he wishes Dick wouldn't keep **ramming it down his throat**⁶ all the time and would just show his annoyance by **giving him the cold shoulder**⁷.

- ¹ arguing in a very angry way
- ² tell the truth about what he had done so that he did not feel guilty any more
- ³ paying close attention to what he is doing in an annoying or threatening way

- ⁴ really annoying
- ⁵ told him what he was feeling guilty about
- ⁶ forcing him to listen to his opinions
- ⁷ ignoring him in a deliberate way

Note how idioms with *throat* or *neck* often describe someone behaving in a way that the speaker finds aggressive or intrusive. Note also how the idea of a guilty secret being a weight on your chest is reflected in two idioms – **make a clean breast of** and **get it off your chest**.

Exercises

- 49.1 Complete each idiom with a word from the box. Use some of the words more than once.

chest face hair neck shoulder throat(s)

I haven't been enjoying my job recently. On the¹ of it, it's a good job, but my colleagues don't get on with each other. They are either at each other's² or giving each other the cold³ and I don't know which is worse. My boss is always breathing down my⁴ and ramming his reactionary views down my⁵. I find him a terrible pain in the⁶. I had to get my feelings off my⁷ and, today, I decided to unburden myself to his secretary. Suddenly, I realised that my boss was standing behind me. 'You should have told me this⁸ to⁹,' he said and, without turning a¹⁰, he added 'You're fired!' I was so angry that I pulled a¹¹ at him and stormed out of the office.

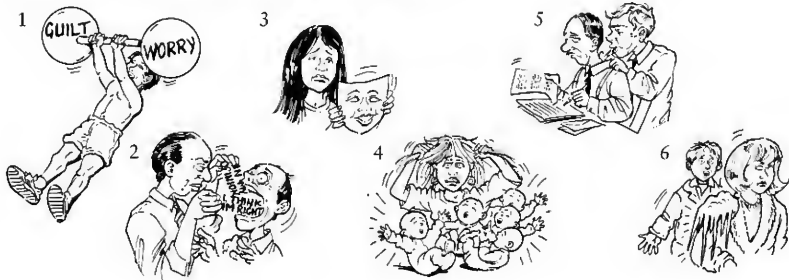
- 49.2 Match the beginning of each sentence on the left with its ending on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 You try to keep a straight face | when you get very upset about something. |
| 2 You put a brave face on something | when you admit to doing something wrong. |
| 3 You can be said to be pulling your hair out | when you accept it in a straightforward way. |
| 4 You make a clean breast of something | when you are showing your anger. |
| 5 You may make a face | when you want to control your laughter. |
| 6 You take something at face value | when you deliberately ignore them. |
| 7 You may be told to keep your hair on | when you are not pleased about something. |
| 8 You give someone the cold shoulder | when you try to hide your disappointment. |

- 49.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- Rose's father didn't pull a hair when she told him she was going to get married.
- I wish my boss would let me get on with my work instead of breathing down the neck.
- You should tell him directly how you feel rather than just giving him the cold shoulders.
- Nina is very worried about her husband's illness, but she's putting her brave face on it.
- Keep your hair up!
- If you take what they say with face value, you'll soon get disappointed.
- Having to do homework is such an ache in the neck!
- I have to tell you a terrible secret. I'll go mad if I don't get it on my chest soon.

- 49.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



The eyes are the basis of a large number of idioms. Note the idioms and their meanings in these paragraphs.



I couldn't believe my eyes¹ when I first saw her. She was so beautiful, I just couldn't keep my eyes off² her. I tried to catch her eye³ to say hello.

As a teacher myself, I know that teaching is not easy. You always have to keep an eye on⁴ the students, but sometimes you just have to turn a blind eye⁵ if they behave badly. If you want to be a teacher, you have to go into the profession with your eyes open⁶.

Jenny and I were good friends at first, but now we don't see eye to eye⁷. I know the fact that we stopped being friends raised a few eyebrows⁸ at the time.

Could you run/cast your eye over⁹ this report and see if there are any spelling mistakes? My computer's on the blink¹⁰ and the spell-checker refuses to work. These reports are important, and I always have to have/keep one eye on¹¹ how the boss will react to them if they look untidy.

It all happened in the blink of an eye¹² and no one could do anything to prevent it. It was horrible. But the police officer standing nearby didn't bat an eyelid¹³. Then something caught my eye¹⁴ which shocked me even more.

Working in such a poor country opened my eyes to¹⁵ how unjust the world is. It was indeed a real eye-opener¹⁶.

¹ couldn't believe what I was seeing

² couldn't stop looking at her

³ get her attention; make her look at me

⁴ keep your attention on

⁵ ignore behaviour which you know is wrong

⁶ aware of all the problems there could be

⁷ agree with each other

⁸ surprised/shocked people

⁹ have a quick look at

¹⁰ is beginning to break down and go wrong, probably because it is old (to blink means to close and open your eyes very quickly)

¹¹ observe carefully

¹² extremely short time

¹³ didn't react at all

¹⁴ made me look

¹⁵ made me understand for the first time

¹⁶ an event or situation that I unexpectedly learnt something from

Exercises

50.1 Write a suitable response to each of these remarks with an idiom. Use the keyword in brackets.

- 1 A: Oh! We're doing 58 and the speed limit is 50. There's a police car there!
B: Don't worry, if it's just over the limit, they usually (BLIND)
- 2 A: There's Petra over there. I wonder if she's seen us?
B: I don't know. Let's wave and see if we can (CATCH)
- 3 A: Are you and Sally not friends any more?
B: No, not really, we just don't (SEE)
- 4 A: Is there something wrong with this photocopier?
B: Yes, it's been for a while now. (BLINK)
- 5 A: Was it an interesting experience working for Social Services?
B: Yes, I learnt a lot of things. It was a real (OPEN)
- 6 A: Did she react in any way when you told her the awful news?
B: No, she didn't (BAT)

50.2 Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

- 1 If you want to be a professional athlete, you have to go into it with your eye / eyes open.
- 2 Will you cast your eye / eyes over this report? I have to hand it in tomorrow.
- 3 Erik is so crazy about Margaret. Look at him! He can't keep his eye / eyes off her!
- 4 The events of last night really opened my eye / eyes to just how arrogant he really is.
- 5 I couldn't believe my eye / eyes when I saw what a mess they had made of the room.

50.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an eye idiom.

- 1 An accident can happen so quickly you can't stop it.
- 2 His behaviour at the meeting surprised a few people.
- 3 You should take into consideration your chances of promotion when taking up a new job.
- 4 A very strange sight forced me to look as I was driving along the motorway yesterday.

50.4 Here are some random examples from a computer database containing lines from real conversations. The figures in diamond brackets, e.g. <s1>, <s2>, mean 'first speaker', 'second speaker', etc. How many of the examples use eye as an idiom, and how many use the word eye in its literal sense as 'the organ we see with'? Use a dictionary if necessary.

- 1 go into town and get erm an **eye** test. <s1> Mm. <s2> In town.
- 2 you er keep an **eye** out for tramps, do you then?
- 3 In your mind's **eye** how are you going to do that?
- 4 <s1> So I'll keep a general **eye** on it. And er <s3> Yeah
- 5 <s1> There's something in my **eye**. There's that thing floating
- 6 difficult to put that to your **eye**. You also have to have one eye
- 7 good offer? <s2> Yeah it caught my **eye** <s1> Yeah it's
- 8 I'm casting my **eye** over this form and I think
- 9 this year. <s4> Just keep an **eye** out for it. <s4> Yeah.
- 10 <s2> You'll have to keep an **eye** on her. <s1> Yeah. <s2> Oh my
- 11 so you're about **eye** level with the monitor.
- 12 saw her out of the corner of my **eye**. <s3> Her lipstick is all over

A Ear

The association of *ear* with hearing/listening is prominent in most of these idioms.

example	meaning
In my opinion, you should just play it by ear .	respond to the situation as it occurs, don't decide what to do beforehand
Do you play the guitar from music or by ear ?	play without music; just by sensing the right notes
I couldn't believe my ears when she told me.	couldn't believe what I was hearing
Bill never listens when you tell him important things. It just goes in one ear and out the other .	doesn't listen or pay attention; forgets things immediately
Go on! Tell me the gossip. I'm all ears!	I'm very keen to hear what you have to tell me.

B Other face idioms: lips, mouth, nose, teeth, tongue

Some literal associations remain strong in these idioms. But remember, these are only guidelines, and some idioms may be less transparent in their meanings.

Main association: Lips are associated with saying/talking.

The company pays **lip service** to the principle of equal rights for women. [says it believes in, but does not carry out]

I promise I won't tell anyone. My **lips are sealed**. [I shall keep the secret / tell no one]

Main association: Mouths are associated with speaking or eating.

I heard about the school **by word of mouth**. Everyone said it was good. [by being told directly]

Those cream cakes are really **mouth-watering** / **making my mouth water**. Take them away before I eat them all! [making me want to eat them]

Main association: Noses are associated with feelings/reactions and involvement.

Stop **poking/sticking your nose into** other people's business! [interfering in]

You shouldn't **turn your nose up at** 200 pounds a week. It's better than nothing. [refuse]

That new secretary gets **right up everybody's nose**. Someone will have to talk to the boss about it before it's too late. [annoys/irritates everyone]

Main association: Teeth are associated with hard work / determination / struggles.

He achieved it **in the teeth of** serious opposition. [despite]

I escaped disaster **by the skin of my teeth**. [I only just escaped a disaster]

We can't change what's happened. We'll just have to **grit our teeth** and do our best to carry on as before. [accept the situation and handle it with determination]

Joe is **lying through his teeth**. I never said any such thing! [telling a deliberate lie]

Main association: Tongues are associated with speaking.

I was upset by her remarks, but I **bit my tongue**. [remained silent; didn't react]

Her name's **on the tip of my tongue**, but I just can't remember it. [I know it and will be able to remember it very soon]

TIP

Where idioms do carry indirect associations with their literal meanings, try to group them in some way, e.g. 'lips and tongue are associated with speaking', as this may help you to remember them.

Exercises

51.1 True or false? Tick (✓) the correct box for these statements.

True False

- 1 If someone plays a musical instrument by ear, they can read the notes directly from a sheet of music. ☐ ☐
- 2 If your lips are sealed, you refuse to tell other people a secret you know. ☐ ☐
- 3 If you escaped by the skin of your teeth, you only just escaped and came close to disaster. ☐ ☐
- 4 If a person gets up your nose, you are crazy about them and can't stop thinking of them. ☐ ☐
- 5 If you achieve something in the teeth of opposition, you do it in spite of that opposition. ☐ ☐
- 6 If information spreads by word of mouth, it is kept as a secret known only to a small number of people. ☐ ☐

51.2 Rewrite each underlined idiom with a literal expression that has the same meaning.

- 1 She said some very hurtful things to me, but I just bit my tongue, because I didn't want to show her I was upset.
- 2 I can't really advise you on how to behave at the interview. Just play it by ear, and I'm sure you'll be great.
- 3 The government pays lip service to low taxes, but then puts up indirect taxes without people realising it.
- 4 We offered him a holiday at our house near the beach, but he turned his nose up at it.
- 5 He said, 'Do you want to hear some gossip about Tom and Lily?' I said, 'Oh yes! Tell me. I'm all ears.'
- 6 I wish you wouldn't poke your nose into other people's affairs.
- 7 The table was piled high with mouth-watering desserts.

51.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 There's no point talking to her. Everything just enters one ear and leaves the other.
- 2 I just didn't believe in my ear when they told me I had won first prize.
- 3 When I knew how bad the situation was, I just ground my teeth and continued fighting.
- 4 The name of the village where he lives is on the top of my tongue. Give me a few minutes and I'll remember it.
- 5 What she said is simply not true. She's lying with her tooth.
- 6 The sight of all those delicious pizzas is watering my mouth, but I'm on a diet, so I shouldn't really have any.

51.4 Here are four more idioms which are not on the left-hand page. Using a dictionary if necessary, choose the correct answer.



- 1 My heart was in my mouth.
 - a) I was feeling ill.
 - b) I was feeling anxious/nervous.
 - c) I was falling in love.
- 2 Could I have a word in your ear?
 - a) Could you tell me the facts?
 - b) Could I tell you a secret?
 - c) Could I speak to you privately?
- 3 These people just live from hand to mouth.
 - a) They steal food.
 - b) They just earn enough money to survive.
 - c) They eat with their hands.
- 4 The boss was foaming at the mouth when it emerged how much money had been lost.
 - a) He was feeling sick.
 - b) He was spitting at people.
 - c) He was very angry.

A Feelings

<i>idiom</i>	<i>meaning</i>	<i>example</i>
open your heart	share your deepest feelings	Tony opened his heart to me.
bare your heart/soul	share secret (often dramatic) feelings with someone else	I find it rather painful to bare my heart to anyone else.
pour your heart out	share secret worries with someone else	Imelda poured her heart out to me – I wished I could help her.
your heart misses/skips a beat	you suddenly feel so excited or frightened that your heart beats faster	When I first saw Pat, my heart missed a beat. I knew he would be important to me.
someone's heart is in the right place	someone is good even if they sometimes behave the wrong way	He is a bit rude sometimes, but his heart is in the right place.
have a change of heart	change your opinion or the way you feel	Ben wants to buy the boat before his wife has a change of heart.
break someone's heart	make someone very sad (often someone who loves you)	It breaks my heart to see the refugees on the news.
your heart sinks	start to feel sad or worried	My heart sank as Bob approached.
a man/woman after my own heart	you admire them because they do or believe the same as you	He loves dogs – he's a man after my own heart!
talk to someone heart-to-heart / have a heart-to-heart	you have a serious conversation and express your feelings openly	They had a heart-to-heart and sorted out their differences.
take something to heart	take something (usually criticism) seriously	Don't take it to heart. He really didn't mean to upset you.

B Determination

lose heart
[stop believing that you can succeed]

to your heart's content
[you do it as much as you want to because you enjoy it]

put your heart and soul into something
[put a great deal of effort and determination into something]

Paul didn't lose heart even though he had failed his driving test six times.

Rowena put her heart and soul into a project aimed at helping blind children.

Tom set his heart on / had his heart set on emigrating to Australia.

When you've done your homework, you can play computer games to your heart's content.

Actors get very good at learning things by heart.



set your heart on something / have your heart set on something
[you are determined to achieve something]

know something by heart / learn something off by heart
[memorise it so that you can recite it perfectly]

Exercises

- 52.1** Match each remark on the left with the person who the remark might be addressed to on the right.

1 Don't lose heart!	Someone who has a rather unrealistic ambition.
2 Don't take it to heart!	A loved one who is causing you grief.
3 You're a man after my own heart!	Someone who has to give a speech.
4 Don't set your heart on it!	Someone with the same tastes.
5 Learn it by heart!	Someone who is feeling discouraged.
6 You're breaking my heart!	Someone with a secret to share.
7 Your heart is in the right place!	Someone who is upset after being criticised.
8 You can open your heart to me!	A kind person who tries to do the right thing (but doesn't always succeed).

- 52.2** Complete each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- My when the handsome man smiled at me.
- When we are on holiday, the children can build sandcastles while we lie on the beach and read.
- Jim used to support the Green Party, but he's
- If you ask Roy to help you, I'm sure he'll and the job will be finished in no time.
- It's not a good idea to to a journalist unless you want your secrets to become public knowledge. (Give three answers.)
- Your dissertation is nearly finished, so don't now.
- It to see my brother making such a fool of himself. (Give two answers.)
- My when I realised pay day was still a week away.

- 52.3** Rewrite each underlined idiom with a literal expression that means the same.

Emily (1) had set her heart on getting a promotion. She had been (2) putting her heart and soul into her work, but had not yet been offered a better position. So she decided to (3) have a heart-to-heart with her boss. Over several cups of coffee she (4) poured her heart out to him, telling him all about her achievements and her ambitions. Her boss listened (5) with a sinking heart. When she had finished (6) baring her heart, he said: 'You're a great worker, Emily, and (7) your heart is certainly in the right place. In many ways, (8) you're a woman after my own heart. But you do need to improve on your people skills before we can consider promoting you. (9) Don't lose heart, though. I'm sure you will make it one day.' Emily (10) took his words to heart and was at first very upset. But then she bought a book called *People Skills and How to Get Them* and decided she'd (11) learn it by heart.

- 52.4** Answer these questions.

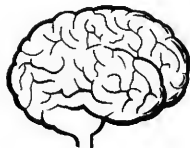
- What might a boy who is very good at playing the guitar set his heart on doing?
- If you do something to your heart's content, do you do it very well or do it a lot?
- If you say that someone is a woman after your own heart, do you mean that she likes you or that she is like you?
- If you say that someone's heart is in the right place, are you praising them?
- If your heart misses a beat, which of these might you be: sick, excited, afraid, in love?
- Who does a teenage girl often open her heart to?
- Why might a woman have a change of heart about getting married and what would she then do?
- What sort of thing might break a young lover's heart?

A Brain

If you have something on the brain (informal), you can't stop thinking or talking about one particular thing.

If you pick someone's brains, you ask for information or advice from a person who knows more about something than you do.

The phrase the brain drain is used to refer to the movement of highly skilled and educated people from their own country to another one where they are paid more.

**B Mind**

idiom	meaning	example
be a load/weight off your mind	feel relieved because a worry is removed	Knowing he was safe was a load off my mind.
have/keep an open mind	wait until you have all the facts before forming an opinion	The PM is keeping an open mind until the report is ready.
have a mind of its own	(of a machine) it doesn't work the way you want it to	My word processor seems to have a mind of its own.
make up your mind	decide	I made up my mind to leave. My mind's made up! I'm leaving.
put/set someone's mind at rest	help someone to stop worrying	If it'll put your mind at rest, I'll phone home every day.
at the back of your mind	always in your mind although you don't spend too much time thinking about it	The thought of having to make a decision soon is always at the back of my mind.
in your mind's eye	in your imagination or memory	In my mind's eye I can still see the house I grew up in.

C Blood and guts

If a film is said to be full of blood and guts* (informal), it means that it is very violent.

If something is done in cold blood, or in a cold-blooded way, it is done in a cruelly planned and unemotional way. It is strongly associated with the verbs *kill* and *murder*.

If making someone tell or give you something is like getting blood out of a stone, it is very difficult to do.

If you say you have a gut feeling/reaction, you mean that feeling or reaction is instinctive.

If you slog/sweat/work your guts out (informal), you work extremely hard.

* *Guts* is an informal word for intestines.

Exercises

53.1 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 Getting him to agree to spend money is like | his mind at rest. |
| 2 He's exhausted because he's been slogging | at the back of his mind. |
| 3 I'm sure the doctor will set | pick his brains. |
| 4 I've got that computer game | in his mind's eye. |
| 5 He can still see her quite clearly | getting blood out of a stone. |
| 6 He tries not to think about it, but it's always | cold-blooded. |
| 7 If you can't do it alone, you could try to | his guts out. |
| 8 Crimes of passions are less horrific than murders which are | on the brain. |

53.2 Complete each of these idioms with *brain(s)*, *mind*, *blood* or *gut(s)*.

- There was a large drain from the UK to the US in the second half of the 20th century.
- Knowing that you're going to take responsibility for the job is a major weight off my
- My reaction is to trust him.
- This horrible car has a of its own.
- There is too much blood and on TV these days.
- I can't finish this crossword. Can I pick your ?
- The man was murdered in cold
- I can see my grandmother's face now in my 's eye.

53.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- The government are rather worried about
- I like both the shirts. I can't which one to buy.
- Don't think too long about the question. Just tell me your
- Why do people enjoy films that are full of ?
- Don't decide until you know all the facts. It's best to until then.
- I know you must be worried, but I'm sure we can
- I've had that awful song ever since hearing it on the radio this morning.
- Getting him to tell me anything about his work is like

53.4 What do you think is the main metaphorical or non-literal meaning of these words as shown by the idioms in this unit?

- 1 mind 2 blood 3 brain 4 guts

**FOLLOW
UP**

Look up *brain(s)*, *mind*, *blood* and *gut(s)* in a good dictionary. Can you find any other examples of idioms using these words? If so, do they have the same metaphorical meanings as those you suggested in exercise 53.4?

A The body

idiom	meaning	example
be on someone's back (informal)	constantly ask someone to do something or criticise them in an annoying way	My parents are always on my back about doing my homework on time.
you wouldn't be sorry / you'd be pleased/glad/happy to see the back of someone/something	you'd be glad when someone leaves or something ends because you don't like that person or thing	I'll be glad to see the back of this government. They've been a bit of a disappointment.
could do something with one arm/hand tied behind your back	could do something very easily	The test was easy. I could've done it with one hand tied behind my back!
get/put someone's back up	offend someone	I put her back up when I criticised Americans – I didn't know she came from New York.
stab someone in the back	do something harmful to a person who trusted you	Although she's friendly to my face, I suspect she'd happily stab me in the back.
do something when/while someone's back is turned	do something while someone can't see what you are doing (usually something that person would not approve of)	As soon as the teacher's back was turned, the children started passing notes to each other.
you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours	if you help me, I'll help you	We can help each other – you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.
know a place/person/thing like the back of your hand	know a place/person/thing extremely well	He's a great guide as he knows the town like the back of his hand.

B Position

In these idioms *back* has the sense either of being distant or not taking the main route.

If a plan is **on the back burner**, it isn't being dealt with now but hasn't been totally forgotten.

If somewhere is **at/in the back of beyond**, it means that it is far from any town.

If you **take or an activity takes a back seat**, something else becomes more important.

If you say that something **came/fell off the back of a lorry**, you think it has been stolen.

If something comes **by/through the back door**, it comes in a way that is not honest or official.

C Backward(s)

I had **leant/bent over backwards** to please her [tried very hard]. However, she **left without a backward glance** [left with no regrets or sad feelings].

Exercises

54.1 Answer these questions.

- 1 If your boss is always on your back about tidying your desk, is your desk usually tidy and how does your boss feel about this?
- 2 If you put someone's back up, has your relationship with that person improved?
- 3 What sort of thing might children do when the teacher's back is turned?
- 4 If someone says *You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours*, what do they want you to do?
- 5 If someone leaves home without a backward glance, are they happy to leave?
- 6 If doing housework takes a back seat while you are revising for your exams, which is more important – housework or revision?

54.2 Complete each of these idioms with one word.

- 1 My aunt lives living miles from anywhere, but I'd hate to live in the back of
- 2 You must have known that a new TV for that price could only have come off the back of a
- 3 You won't get lost if you keep with Tom. He knows the mountains like the back of his
- 4 Although my hosts over backwards to give us a good time, we didn't really enjoy our holiday.
- 5 I wouldn't trust Mr Girton. He's charming to your face, but he'll you in the back as soon as he gets the chance.
- 6 We'd better put our discussion of plans for the new building on the back and get on with trying to deal with the current crisis.
- 7 Smiths must have got the contract through the back – I'm sure at least one other company put in a cheaper offer.
- 8 Amelia is retiring this week and I certainly shan't be sorry to the back of her. She's always stirring up trouble.

54.3 Match each question on the left with the most likely response on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Do you know the area well? | Somewhere in the back of beyond. |
| 2 Was the test difficult? | By the back door, I'm sure. |
| 3 Where is the castle? | She's always on my back about it. |
| 4 Where did they get the computer? | I'll be glad to see the back of it. |
| 5 How on earth did she get that position? | Like the back of my hand. |
| 6 Do you like this hot weather? | It's taking a back seat at the moment. |
| 7 Does your girlfriend like your motorbike? | It fell off the back of a lorry. |
| 8 How's your Japanese project going? | I could have done it with my hands tied behind my back. |

54.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- 1 Jim offended May by telling her she was too young to go out with the others.
- 2 If you do me a favour now, I'll do one for you too.
- 3 Sue tried hard to give her grandmother an enjoyable holiday.
- 4 The teacher is always complaining about my handwriting.
- 5 Let's postpone any discussion of the merger until after next week's meeting.
- 6 My dream is to go off to a cottage in the middle of nowhere and work on a novel.
- 7 Joe went off to join the navy without any regrets.
- 8 Quick! We can leave now while Sasha isn't looking.

A Idioms with long used frequently in conversation

Ben: Hi Jill! I haven't seen you for ages.

Jill: Yeah, long time no see! [I haven't seen you for a long time]

Nancy: Hey, what happened to your plan to go on holiday with Ken?

Rita: Oh, it's a long story. I'll tell you next time I see you. [it's all very complicated and difficult to tell]

Bernard: How long do we normally have to wait till they give us an answer?

Malcolm: (laughing) How long is a piece of string? It could be three days or three months! [That's an impossible question to answer. Used in answer to questions beginning 'How long ...?']

Karen: But how did it happen? I don't understand.

Laura: Well, to cut a long story short, Peter fell in love with the restaurant owner, married her and now he's the manager. [tell the main points, but not all the fine details]

Sandy: Did you write down the names of everyone who complained?

Elsa: Yes, I've got a list as long as your arm! [very long list indeed]



A: What are you doing?

B: I think it's time to cut a long story short.

B Compound idioms

If ...	then ...
a story/lecture/speech is long-winded /ˈlɒŋdɪd/	it's too long and boring
a task or a process is going to be a long haul /ˈlɒŋ ɔːl/	it's not going to be easy and it will take a long time
someone has a long face	they look sad and depressed/gloomy

C Idioms with go/come and long/length

She always goes to great lengths to make us feel welcome. [makes a very big effort]

He would go to any lengths to avoid meeting Christine; he hates her. [do anything he could]

I think Jane will go a long way; she's very clever and she studies hard. [will be very successful; rise to the top of her profession]

Helen and I go back a long way. [have known each other for many years]

Kyoko has really come a long way since she first started learning English; she's quite fluent now. [made great progress]

Note also: I think we should take a long, hard look at the cost of all this. [consider carefully]

Exercises

55.1 Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 My parents always go to make any new friend of mine feel welcome if I bring them home.
- 2 You've come since the last time we played tennis. You must have been practising hard.
- 3 Georgina and I go I've known her since 1984.
- 4 My teacher at school always told me I would go , but she was wrong; I'm stuck in a very boring job and don't earn much.
- 5 I'd be prepared to go to get that job. I've never wanted anything so much in all my life.
- 6 It's time to take at our personal finances. I think we're spending too much.

55.2 Use the idioms from exercise 55.1 to make sentences of your own, based on these outlines.

- 1 Tell a young person just leaving high school who has done well in their exams that you think they have an excellent career ahead of them.
- 2 Tell someone that you and your best friend have known each other for years and years.
- 3 Tell someone that the family you stayed with when you were learning a new language did everything possible to make you feel at home.
- 4 Tell someone who plays the violin for you that you think they've made great progress since the last time you heard them play.
- 5 Tell someone that you think you should reconsider very seriously a plan you have made with them to start a business together.
- 6 Tell someone you would be prepared to do absolutely anything to persuade the owner of a beautiful flat to sell it to you.

55.3 Which idioms with *long* could you use to answer someone who said to you ... ?

- 1 Hi! Wow, it's been ages, hasn't it?
- 2 How long does it take to get a computer repaired?
- 3 Hey, what happened to you and Hilary? I thought you were going to get married.
- 4 What happened at the meeting last night? Don't tell me all the details, just the main points.

55.4 What is the opposite of ... ? Use an idiom from the left-hand page in each answer.

- 1 a short, interesting lecture
- 2 a happy-looking face
- 3 a quick, easy process
- 4 a short list

FOLLOW UP

During the next week, each time the word *long* comes up in your reading or when you are speaking English, note whether it is being used with its ordinary meanings or in an idiom. If any of the idioms you hear/read are not in this unit, make a note of them in your Vocabulary notebook.

A Line as track

Imran knew he **was in line for**¹ promotion last year. However, foolishly, he said something out of **line**² at a meeting and that was the end of his hopes for a while. I'm not sure what he said exactly, but it was something **along the lines of**³ the problems of the company being down to inefficient management. Anyhow, he's learnt that it is not a good idea to **step out of line**⁴ – at least not in his **line of work**⁵ – and he seems to be **going along/on the right lines**⁶ now. As long as he doesn't say anything **along/on the same lines**⁷ again – at least not until he's got his promotion, when he can be one of the inefficient managers himself.



¹ likely to get (used about something good)

² not suitable, that should not have been said (or sometimes done)

³ similar to

⁴ behave in a way that is not what is expected of you

⁵ profession

⁶ be doing something in a way that will bring good results

⁷ of a similar kind (sometimes in a similar way)

B Lines as limits

idiom	meaning	example
draw the line	think of or treat one thing as different from another	At what point does a child stop being a minor? You have to draw the line somewhere.
draw the line at something	not do something because you think it is wrong or too extreme	I quite like modern fashions, but I draw the line at body-piercing!
draw a line under something	decide that something is finished and you are not going to think about it again	Let's draw a line under this episode and try to make a fresh start.
there is a fine/thin line between one thing and another	two things are very similar, although the second thing is bad while the first is not	There is a fine line between determination and pig-headedness.

C Lines of writing

Drop me a line when you have a spare moment. [send me a short letter, postcard or e-mail]

Reading between the lines, I think he's feeling a little lonely. [I am trying to understand his real feelings from what he says]

It is foolish to sign on the dotted line until you have checked all the details. [formally agree to something by signing a legal document]

The bottom line is that children must be protected. [the most important fact]

Exercises

56.1 Complete these idioms with prepositions.

- 1 I hope I'm line a pay rise this year.
- 2 You must read the lines of her letter to understand what she's saying.
- 3 I'd like to design a house the lines of a place I read about.
- 4 I'll help with the play, but I draw the line taking a speaking role.
- 5 There's a fine line generosity and extravagance.
- 6 It's uncanny how we always seem to be thinking the same lines.
- 7 You were quite line. Don't do it again!
- 8 When our house purchase is agreed, we'll sign the dotted line.
- 9 It's time to draw a line this sad occurrence and to make a fresh start.
- 10 Would you mind having a look at my essay plan and telling me whether you think I'm going the right lines or not?

56.2 Explain the difference in meaning between the sentences in each pair.

- 1 A: Jane drew a line under her relationship with Tim.
B: Jane drew the line at a relationship with Tim.
- 2 A: David's actions were quite out of line.
B: David's actions were along the right lines.
- 3 A: Rebecca said she'd try to drop me a line.
B: Rebecca said she'd try to read between the lines.
- 4 A: Accountancy is Jim's line of work.
B: Jim's in line for the accountancy job at our company.

56.3 Match each statement on the left with the most likely response on the right.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 Drop me a line soon. | Why ever not? |
| 2 You're absolutely out of line. | It was great. |
| 3 I'm in line for promotion. | So do I. |
| 4 What's Tony's line of work? | I'm sorry. |
| 5 Shall we draw a line under our past problems? | Of course, I will. |
| 6 Nick doesn't dare step out of line. | He's in computer programming. |
| 7 I draw the line at going on strike. | That's fine by me. |
| 8 Was my talk along the right lines? | Congratulations. |

56.4 Rewrite the underlined part(s) of each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- 1 Please write to me as often as you can.
- 2 What's Natasha's job?
- 3 What Paul did was totally inappropriate.
- 4 My dream is to open a school similar to the one I attended myself as a child.
- 5 Genius is in some ways very close to insanity.
- 6 Doing enough exercise is of course essential, but too much might be harmful. Where does enough become too much?
- 7 Let's now try to forget our previous disagreements.
- 8 Marcus should be getting a new company car this year.
- 9 We'd like to visit you in Australia, but the key problem is that we just can't afford it.

56.5 Write sentences using six of the idioms from the left-hand page about yourself or people that you know.

Act, action, activity

Idioms with *act* have two main meanings, one connected simply with doing things, the other with acting as in a theatre or drama. Idioms with *action* can refer to what is happening or to whether something/someone is working/functioning normally.

A Act

Here, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat or sum up what the first speaker says.

Josh: The boss saw Jim and Margaret kissing in the office yesterday. He was furious.

Simon: Yes, I heard about it. They were caught in the act. Amazing!

Kim: Lisa should fill out her application for university or she'll be too late.

Erica: Yes, it's time she got her act together.

Paul: Keith wants to join us now that we're doing well.

Bill: Yes, now that we're successful he wants to get in on the act!

Edith: Brian is crying and saying he's ill. I don't believe him.

Yvonne: I don't either. I think he's just putting on an act because he doesn't want to work.

Note these other idioms with *act*:

It's always a difficult balancing act to please the younger people and the older ones at the same time. [trying to treat the two groups of people equally]

A lot of people think the tabloid newspapers should clean up their act and stop destroying famous people's lives. [stop doing something a lot of people don't like or agree with]

Stop behaving like a child! You're over 18 now. Act your age! [don't behave in a childish way]

Stop acting the fool/goat! This is a serious matter. [playing around / not taking things seriously]

B Action and activity

Note that it would normally be very unusual to find all these similar idioms together in one text.

Normally, the office is a hive of activity¹, but the boss has been out of action² for a week, so everyone's taking it easy. He'll probably be back in action³ next week. He says there are opportunities for huge sales on the Internet and that we should get a slice/piece of the action⁴. But usually he's all talk and no action⁵, so unless he follows/takes a different course of action⁶ from his usual way of doing things, then nothing will happen.

¹ a very busy place (like a beehive) with people working hard all the time

² not been working in the normal way, perhaps because he's ill

³ be back at work again

⁴ take part in something exciting, profit from it

⁵ someone who promises/says they will do a lot of exciting things, but doesn't do them

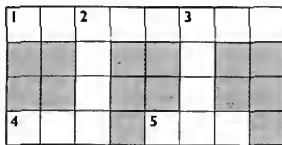
⁶ acts in a particular way (rather formal)

Exercises

57.1 Use an idiom from the left-hand page to repeat or sum up what the other person says.

- 1 A: Ken has been off work for a couple of weeks, hasn't he?
B: Yes, he's been for a while now.
- 2 A: Doreen is so silly. She's 31, but she acts like a teenager sometimes.
B: Yes, I agree. She should learn to
- 3 A: Eva is always saying what fantastic plans she has to travel round the world, but she never actually does it.
B: Yes, she's
- 4 A: Bob should go and get a job. He finished university over a year ago and has never had a job.
B: Yes, it's time
- 5 A: I think we always have to try to give the kids a lot of fun, but at the same time show their parents we're giving them a serious education.
B: Yes, it's a very delicate

57.2 Complete the crossword.



Across

- 1 Time to get your act
- 4 Don't on an act!
- 5 I want to in on the act.

Down

- 2 Don't act like this animal.
- 3 Bees are busy there.

57.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page.

- 1 He was stealing a car, and the police caught him just at the moment when he was getting into it.
- 2 I was out of the team for three weeks with a knee problem, but now I'm playing again.
- 3 I think it's time we acted in a different way.
- 4 The film industry should change its present wrong way of doing things and stop making violent films.
- 5 Everyone wants to be part of the exciting situation now that we are making a lot of money. (Give two answers.)
- 6 Our office is a very busy place these days as we prepare for the launch of our new products.

FOLLOW UP

Try to follow a particular theme and learn as many idioms as you can connected with it. For instance, *act* gives us idioms connected with the theatre. Look up other theatre words (*stage, curtain, scene*) and see if you can find any new idioms.

A Good and better

Our daughter, Sharon, wanted to be an actress. I used to be involved in amateur theatre and I think Sharon wanted to go one better¹. Against our better judgement², we agreed that she could go to drama school. However, we managed to persuade her to do a secretarial course first – she agreed that this would always stand her in good stead³. After completing the course and rather to our relief, she thought better of⁴ a life on the stage and decided to go for a job in theatre management instead.

- ¹ do more or do something better than it has been done before
- ² although we did not think it was a sensible thing to do
- ³ be useful in the future
- ⁴ decided not to do what she had intended to do

B Best

idiom	meaning	example
second best	not as good as the thing you really want	If you know what kind of job you want, you really shouldn't settle for second best.
get the best of both worlds	have the advantages of two different things at the same time	Living in France and working in Switzerland gives them the best of both worlds – Swiss salaries and a French lifestyle.
for the best	unpleasant now but will turn out well in the future	It may well be that the break-up of their relationship is for the best.
make the best of a bad job	be positive about a situation that you do not like but cannot change	It was difficult for her to move to such an isolated place, but she made the most of a bad job and slowly began to enjoy it.
be on your best behaviour	make an effort to behave as well as possible	Jack hates formal parties, but he has promised to be on his best behaviour at the reception tonight.

C Bad, worse and worst

The company has been in a bad way ever since it lost a major order last July. [in a poor condition]

The situation at school was dreadful last Christmas when a number of teachers were fired and it has gone from bad to worse since then. [got even worse than it was before]

I was learning the piano, but I've given it up as a bad job. I couldn't find time to practise. [stopped because I felt it was not worth continuing]

If the worst comes to the worst, we'll sell the house and move back to my parents. [if the situation becomes very difficult or serious]



TIP Use the example sentences on this page as models, but alter them a little if possible so that they describe something in your own life.

Exercises

58.1 Complete each of these idioms with *good, bad, better, best, worse* or *worst*.

- 1 Learning a little Japanese should stand you in stead when you visit Japan.
- 2 Chris has been in quite a way ever since he had flu in January.
- 3 I didn't want to have a karaoke machine at our party, but, against my judgement, I agreed.
- 4 People who live here enjoy the of both worlds: the peace of the countryside, and fast and frequent rail connections with the city.
- 5 If the comes to the, we can always walk home.
- 6 The headmaster warned the children to be on their behaviour while the inspectors were in the school.
- 7 When Terry was made redundant, he decided to make the of a job and use his extra time by taking a computer course.
- 8 The situation at the scene of the disaster seems to be going from to

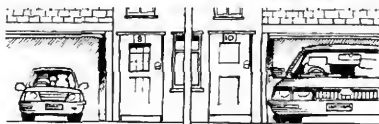
58.2 Put the words in order and make sentences.

- 1 else / to / better / Sarah / has / one / go / everyone / always / than
- 2 to / to / worse / going / be / bad / Conditions / seem / from
- 3 the / tried / to / best / we / was / make / bad / a / job / weather / The / of / bad / but
- 4 it / I / I / the / of / her / better / nearly / thought / told / but / truth
- 5 very / As / he / never / ambitious / second / Mark / settle / is / for / will / best
- 6 gave / Rose / as / job / up / tried / ski / a / it / learn / soon / but / bad / to / to
- 7 worst / ask / If / a / we / worst / always / Dad / comes / the / to / can / loan / for / the
- 8 the / happens / Whatever / for / best / happens

58.3 Look at the pictures and answer the questions.



- 1 Is the boy on his best behaviour?
- 2 What might happen if things go from bad to worse?



- 3 How are the people at number 10 trying to go one better than their neighbours?



- 4 In what sense is Mike in a bad way?
- 5 How might he make the best of a bad job?

58.4 Choose two idioms from each of the three sections on the left-hand page. Then write sentences about your own personal experiences.

EXAMPLE: I'm studying English because I'm sure it will stand me in good stead in the future.

The ground, meaning the earth under our feet, is associated with a number of idioms which refer to positions people occupy in giving arguments and opinions. The ground is also seen as a starting point from which plans, actions, etc. can take off, like a plane.

A Attitudes, arguments, positions

Agreeing / accepting ideas

We share a lot of **common ground**, so I think we'll work well together. [things we agree on; similar opinions and experience]

The idea that organic food is better for people as well as the environment is **gaining ground**. [becoming more popular/accepted]

Disagreeing/opposing

The Prime Minister's speech has **cut the ground from under the feet of the Opposition**. [made their position weaker by saying something better]

She was determined to **hold/stand her ground** and not to be persuaded by the others. [refuse to change her opinion/behaviour]

I think you're on **dangerous ground** if you try to insist that they change the financial system. [hold a view/opinion that will probably offend/upset people]

Changing your opinion/argument

For a long time, neither side would give **ground**, but now it seems they are ready to consider each other's position. [change their opinion or accept the other side's position]

It's very difficult to argue with Rosa; she keeps **shifting her ground**. [changing her opinion/argument]

B The ground as starting point

If someone ...	this means they ...
gets a project/idea off the ground (or if a project/idea gets off the ground)	help it start off well/successfully (or it starts well/successfully)
gets in on the ground floor	become involved in something right at the beginning (and which is often successful later)
prepares the ground (for some activity)	create a good/suitable situation for something to take place

C Other useful ground idioms

I felt so embarrassed I just wished the ground would swallow me up. [wished I could just disappear]

Good restaurants are **thick/thin on the ground** in this town. [there are a lot / very few]

Living near the airport **suits me down to the ground** since I travel a lot. [suits me perfectly]

As a result of the media attention, she has **gone to ground**. [hidden, not appeared in public]

This part of town was my old **stamping/stomping ground** when I was a student here ten years ago. [place where I spent a lot of time]

Exercises

59.1 Complete these idioms with prepositions.

- 1 The Minister cleverly cut the ground her opponents' feet by announcing new tax cuts.
- 2 He got the ground floor with e-commerce and became a millionaire when it took off.
- 3 Good hotels are thin the ground in the smaller cities; you have to go to the capital to get hotels of international standard.
- 4 The project has got the ground quicker and more smoothly than we expected.
- 5 Part-time work suits me the ground at the moment as I'm trying to study at the same time.



'Well I think it suits you down to the ground.'

59.2 Use the idioms from exercise 59.1 to rewrite these sentences. Make any other necessary changes.

- 1 I'm afraid there aren't many good cafés in the town centre.
- 2 Working from home is perfect for me as I can look after our small child at the same time.
- 3 If you join our company now, I promise you are coming into it at the beginning of some really exciting developments.
- 4 Reducing the price now will enable us to get a big advantage over our competitors, because they will not be able to do the same.
- 5 It's a good idea, but I don't know if it will ever become popular.

59.3 Rewrite each sentence with an idiom from the left-hand page which means the opposite of the underlined words.

- 1 She let them persuade her and had a meeting with the boss to tell her everything.
- 2 We have no ideas or experiences we can share, so we need to discuss how we can work together.
- 3 I think you can quite safely raise the subject of longer holidays at the staff meeting.
- 4 There are very few English Language schools in the capital city.
- 5 The idea that public transport is better for the environment is becoming less popular.

59.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 If a famous person goes to ground, what do they do?
- 2 How do you feel if you wish the ground would swallow you up?
- 3 If someone refuses to give ground, what do they refuse to do?
- 4 Which idiom on the left-hand page means changing your position in an argument?
- 5 One idiom on the left-hand page gives you a choice between *stamping* and *stomping*. What is it and what does it mean?
- 6 If you want to sell a new product in a new country and someone has prepared the ground for you, what does that mean?

Similes and idioms with *like*

In this unit we look at idioms with *as ... as ...* and *like*. *As ... as ...* idioms make an adjective stronger / more intense, so *as blind as a bat* means very blind / with very poor sight indeed.

A As ... as ... and like idioms involving animals/birds

Try to memorise the keywords. They may help you to remember the whole idiom more easily. They also tell you something about what the animals are associated with in British culture.

animal	keyword	example	meaning
bat	blind	I'm as blind as a bat without my glasses!	can't see
bat	hell	It must be urgent. She left like a bat out of hell .	moving very fast indeed
bear	head	He's like a bear with a sore head .	very bad-tempered / irritable
bee	busy	I've been as busy as a bee all morning.	very busy
bird	free	When I set off round the world, I felt as free as a bird .	very free
bull	the colour red	Telling him not to smoke in here is like a red rag to a bull .	will make him extremely angry
cat	bring/drag things into the house	He arrived looking like something the cat brought/dragged in .	very scruffy / untidy/messy
eel	slippery	Be careful. He's as slippery as an eel .	changes his attitude / position; constantly escapes control
fish	water	As the only football enthusiast in the group, I felt like a fish out of water .	uncomfortable because you are different from other people
fox	sly/cunning	I wouldn't trust her. She's as sly/cunning as a fox .	very sly/cunning
hawk	eyes	Janet will see you if you use the computer without permission. She has eyes like a hawk .	sees everything; never misses anything
ox	strong	My father was a big man, and as strong as an ox .	very strong

B Other common similes

There were tents as far as the eye could see at the rock festival. [covering the landscape]
 It's as plain as the nose on your face that she's in love with him. [very easy to see]
 Looks are not everything. It doesn't matter if you marry someone who is as ugly as sin as long as you love each other. [very ugly indeed]
 Your suitcase is as light as a feather [very light]. Mine's as heavy as lead [led = very heavy].

C Other common like idioms

I've always tried to avoid exams like the plague. [ˈpleɪɡ] avoid / have no contact with something unpleasant (the plague is a serious disease which kills many people)
 I'm sorry, I forgot to get your newspaper. I have a memory like a sieve! [ˈsiːv] very bad memory (a sieve is a kitchen tool with a plastic net which separates liquids from solids)
 He'll be here like greased lightning if he hears there are free tickets. [very quickly indeed]

Exercises

- 60.1** This list of animals and the adjectives traditionally associated with them in British culture have got mixed up. Put the adjectives into the correct boxes and write sentences using the idioms.

	animal	wrong adjective	right adjective	example sentence
1	bat	free		
2	ox	slippery		
3	bee	sly		
4	eel	busy		
5	bird	blind		
6	fox	strong		

- 60.2** Rewrite these sentences with idioms from the left-hand page.

- 1 I don't mind carrying this box. It's extremely light. The other one was very very heavy.
- 2 If I were you, I would avoid that restaurant in every possible way. The food is awful.
- 3 Millic never misses anything you do in the office. She sees absolutely everything.
- 4 I felt completely out of place with my electric guitar among all those classical musicians.
- 5 There are hotels completely covering the landscape all along the coast.
- 6 She got up late and came down to breakfast looking scruffy and messy.

- 60.3** Answer these questions.

- 1 Which animal has a sore head?
- 2 Which animal doesn't like red things?
- 3 Which animal lives in hell?

- 60.4** Use an idiom from exercise 60.3 to complete each sentence.

- 1 He was very bad-tempered, like
- 2 Her comments were like
- 3 He ran off like

- 60.5** Complete each of these idioms.

- 1 She drove home like lightning the moment she heard Patrick had arrived.
- 2 Don't ask Robert to post a letter. He has a memory like a
- 3 Everyone could see what was happening. It was as as the nose on your face.
- 4 Even if a person is as as sin, that doesn't mean that they are not good human beings. We should not judge people by their external appearance.

- 60.6** Use a dictionary of idioms or another good dictionary to find out which *as ... as ...* similes are associated with these things.



- 1 a pancake
- 2 a brush
- 3 gold
- 4 brass
- 5 a bone

Key

Unit i

i.1 1 by hook or by crook

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL
means using illegal methods if necessary	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
means nothing will stop me	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
means I was very determined	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

2 at loggerheads

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL
means have a good relationship	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
means hate each other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
means disagree very strongly	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3 pay through the nose

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW/ CAN'T TELL
means suffer in some way	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
means pay a small sum of money	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
means pay a large sum of money	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

i.2 1 E 2 A 3 D 4 F 5 C 6 B

- i.3 1 My father **put his foot down** when I said I wanted a car for my seventeenth birthday. He said I was too young.
 2 Her words **put the cat among the pigeons**; Jim is furious.
 3 You'll be pleased to hear we arrived **safe and sound** in Peru.
 4 He was **lying through his teeth** when he said he had got a first-class grade in his exam; the truth is he failed.

Unit ii

ii.1 In CIDI and CIDE these idioms are to be found under the following head words:

- pick (both)
- earth (both)
- ground (CIDI); stand (CIDE)
- knife (both)
- head (CIDI); bang (CIDE)
- daylights (CIDI); this idiom is not in CIDE

ii.2 1 *back* and *with a bump* can be omitted

- either all* or *the* could be omitted
- most* can be omitted
- living* could be omitted

ii.3 1 *bill* could be replaced by *tab*

- bump* could be replaced by *bang* or *jolt*
- stand* could be replaced by *hold*
- sticking* could be replaced by *putting*
- banging* could be replaced by *bitting*
- scared* could be replaced by *frightened*

ii.4 Possible answers:

- 1 look a gift horse in the mouth – always used in a negative sentence
You shouldn't look a gift horse in the mouth!
- 2 be pushing up the daisies – always used in a continuous form
We'll all be pushing up the daisies by then!
- 3 be on the brink of – always followed by a noun or an -ing form
Newspaper reports say that the company is on the brink of financial disaster.
- 4 tie yourself up in knots – always used reflexively
She tied herself up in knots trying to explain why she had written to him like that.
- 5 be man enough – always followed by an infinitive with to
Are you man enough to accept the challenge?

- ii.5 1 informal 2 humorous 3 literary 4 old-fashioned 5 very informal
6 formal

Unit 1

- i.1 These two idioms both mean *feel poorly / not very well*:

feel off-colour

feel under the weather

These two idioms both mean *be getting better after an illness*:

be on the road to recovery

be on the mend

These four idioms all mean *be crazy*:

be as nutty as a fruitcake

be not all there

be off your trolley

be a basket case

These four idioms all mean *die*:

give up the ghost

bite the dust

pop your clogs

fall off your perch

- i.2 1 sore 2 bitter 3 itchy 4 warmed 5 pill 6 screw 7 recharge
8 fiddle 9 right 10 sandwich

- i.3 1 fall off your perch
2 kick the bucket
3 bite the dust
4 pop your clogs
5 give up the ghost

- i.4 1 I've got itchy feet. – Where would you like to go?
2 He's as right as rain now. – That is a relief!
3 He's not right in the head. – I know, Jane told me he was off his rocker.
4 I'm going to tell him what I think of him. – Good. Give him a dose of his own medicine.
5 Dad's a bit off-colour today. – Oh dear, I hope he's OK tomorrow.
6 Failing the exam was a bitter pill to swallow. – Yes, but she'll soon get over it.

Follow up

There are probably a lot of idioms relating to madness and death in English because these are difficult subjects and people feel more comfortable talking about them in an indirect way. As many of the idioms used are very informal, it would be easy to offend someone if you used them in an inappropriate situation.

Unit 2

- 2.1** in seventh heaven on cloud nine on top of the world over the moon
thrilled to bits
- 2.2** 1 jump for joy
2 grin and bear it
3 be floating on air
4 do something for kicks / get a kick out of something
5 sour grapes
6 be on top of the world
- 2.3** 1 The child was thrilled to bits to have her photo in the paper.
2 I felt as if I was floating on air as I ran down the hill into his arms.
3 Why does Marti look so out of sorts today?
4 Don't make such a fuss. It's not the end of the world!
5 Your telephone call has really made my day!
6 Jill said she was on cloud nine and Jack agreed that he was in seventh heaven.
7 Why does Mark always have to be such a misery guts?
8 Stereotypically, happy footballers say that they are over the moon.
- 2.4** 1 Good news – if something makes your day, it makes you feel happy.
2 No – down in the dumps means miserable.
3 Hot-air ballooning – boot cleaning is not something that many people find exciting.
4 Unhappy – when you grin and bear it, you try to make the best of a situation that you are not happy with.
5 News of the illness of a close friend. A heavy shower of rain might make you damp (wet), but it wouldn't put a damper on the event.
6 No one enjoys the company of a misery guts – being with a miserable person can make you feel miserable too.
7 'Of course, that model is very unreliable!' is the sort of unpleasant remark that someone might make out of sour grapes.
8 Just as a damper makes a piano quieter, so something that puts a damper on an event quiets it down, makes it less fun.
9 Quite a lot of the images are based on the concept of happiness making you feel as if you are not on the ground but up in the air.

Unit 3

- 3.1** These pairs of idioms mean more or less the same thing:
went off the deep end / did his nut
gave him an earful / gave him a piece of her mind
drove him up the wall / sent him round the bend
put his back up / rubbed him up the wrong way
- 3.2** 1 here 2 terms 3 cat 4 went 5 after 6 out 7 screw
8 wits'

- 3.3** Yesterday I had terrible toothache. It hurt a lot and I guess that's why I was in a bad temper all day. Everything anyone said seemed to put my back up and, in the end, I blew a fuse with the person I share my office with. Even when I'm in a good mood, she sends me round the twist with her constant chatter and yesterday I had had it up to here with her after only ten minutes. I really gave her an earful and the result is that we are no longer on speaking terms. I know I'll have to apologise for doing my nut like that, but perhaps I'll wait a while. It's much easier to work when she isn't talking to me! Perhaps I should give her a piece of my mind more often.

3.4 Possible answers:

The answers to the questions with even numbers here are fairly fixed, but those with odd numbers are more open. (The answers given below to the odd-numbered questions are those of one of the authors.) Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 People sniffing drives me up the wall.
- 2 put/set the cat among the pigeons; ruffle someone's feathers
- 3 Yes, a teacher once went off the deep end when someone flew a paper aeroplane in the classroom.
- 4 fed up to the back teeth; your blood is up; after your blood; out for blood; get/put someone's back up; give someone an earful; give someone a piece of your mind
- 5 A friend recently rubbed me up the wrong way when he told me something I didn't want to hear.
- 6 *I've had it up to here* is usually accompanied by the speaker's hand indicating the top of his/her head.
- 7 I sometimes give people who make unsolicited phone calls selling things a piece of my mind – yes, I know they're only doing their job, but it can be extremely annoying.
- 8 blow a fuse

Unit 4

- 4.1**
- 1 I don't have the faintest idea where he is today; you'll have to ask somebody else.
 - 2 The title of the CD has a familiar ring to it, but I don't think I've ever heard it.
 - 3 My cousin knows the tax laws inside out, so if you want advice on your tax, he'll help you.
 - 4 I can't for the life of me think what it was I came into the kitchen for.
 - 5 I saw Tom and Lily together in a restaurant looking adoringly into each other's eyes. I put two and two together, and decided they must be madly in love.
- 4.2** I always thought I knew my computer inside out, but the other day it started to crash every time I opened a certain program. I could not for the life of me understand why it was doing this, and I didn't have the faintest idea / the foggiest (idea) / a clue about what to do to fix it.
- I rang the helpline which I had used in the past, and after about 20 minutes I spoke to someone who said his name was Patrick, and that he was there to help me. He gave me some advice which had a familiar ring to it from previous calls I had made to the same helpline. I put two and two together, and concluded that they give the same advice to everybody, and that it's just a way of getting rid of you. The computer still crashes every time I open the program.
- 4.3**
- 1 No, that name doesn't ring any bells with me. I don't think I've met her.
 - 2 I'm (really) out of touch with TV soap operas these days. I never watch them.

- 3 She knows her stuff when it comes to the history of this area. / She knows the history of the area inside out.
- 4 I got (hold of) the wrong end of the stick and it caused (a lot of) problems.
- 5 Her name rings a bell. I may have met her.
- 4.4** 1 I haven't (got) / don't have a clue how to use the photocopier. Do you think you could help me?
- 2 I haven't (got) / don't have the faintest idea where I left that letter I brought for you. I'm really sorry.
- 3 I haven't (got) / don't have the foggiest (idea) what she's talking about. She's crazy!

Unit 5

- 5.1** 1 Philip: Yes, I think he's got the message.
- 2 Gerry: Yes, that should definitely teach her a lesson.
- 3 Brad: Yes, they've certainly given us food for thought.
- 4 Nick: Yes, I'm sure the whole thing is a figment of his imagination.
- 5 Steve: Yes, it was important to set/put the record straight.

5.2

				'S					'B
'G	R	A	P	E	V	'I	N	E	E
				C		N			A
				O	'S	I	G	H	T
				N					S
				'D	O	W	N		

- 5.3** 1 I want to know where I stand. One day you say you love me, the next day you say I'm just a friend. It's driving me crazy.
- 2 He spent £500 of my money. I'll never lend him my credit card again. I've learnt my lesson.
- 3 I don't know all the ins and outs of the situation, but I think one of the directors is going to resign. There must be a big problem.
- 4 I can understand that she needed help, but what beats me is that she should ask someone as stupid as Simon to help her!

5.4 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I bought a cheap brush to wash the dishes from someone who came to the door selling things. I learnt my lesson – it fell to pieces after a week!
- 2 I flew with a very bad airline once, just because the ticket was cheap. The flight was delayed and very uncomfortable. I decided not to complain and just put it down to experience.
- 3 I wanted to be a diplomat when I was about 18. I got some information about the job, then had second thoughts when I realised what it involved.
- 4 I heard on the grapevine that someone I know has decided to take early retirement from his job.
- 5 Many years ago I wasn't sure if someone loved me or just wanted me to be a friend, so I asked that person directly to tell me where I stood.

Unit 6

- 6.1** 1 His Internet company has gone **from** strength to strength in the last six months. He's making a lot of money now.
2 The flood ruined our old kitchen, but it was a blessing in disguise, because the insurance company paid for a completely new one.
3 This new model is not the be-all-and-end-all of digital cameras, but it certainly has many technical features that others do not have.
4 Your offer to drive us to the airport makes all the difference to our travel plans.
5 Your plan to persuade Lela to join the committee worked like magic.
- 6.2** 1 At first we thought the new road would spoil our village, but in fact it was a blessing in disguise and the village shops are doing more business.
2 I sprayed the stain remover onto my jacket and it worked like magic / did the trick.
3 This is not the be-all-and-end-all of cookery books, but it does have recipes from 100 different countries.
4 The school has gone **from strength to strength** since the new head teacher took over.
5 Getting new curtains has **made all the difference** to my flat. It feels like a new one.
- 6.3** 1 b) 2 c) 3 a) 4 b)
- 6.4** 1 The photocopier has completely given up the ghost. We need a new one.
2 I didn't think I had the ghost of a chance of passing the exam, but I did.
3 My new motorbike works/goes/runs like a dream; it's fast, but so smooth and quiet.
- 6.5** 1 You succeed.
2 We don't use it with the simple tense forms. So we can say 'She's going places', 'I knew she would go places' or 'She'll go places, I'm sure', but not 'She goes places' or 'She went places'.
3 That it most often occurs in the negative, with *not*.

Unit 7

- 7.1** 1 left holding the baby
2 brick wall
3 stumbling block
4 dire straits
5 draw a blank
6 have you over a barrel
7 face the music
- 7.2** 1 Easier said than done.
2 Try not to spread yourself too thin.
3 I wish I hadn't put my foot in it.
4 Getting older is a fact of life.
5 Sarah's mother decided it was time to tell her about the birds and the bees.
6 Children are taught the facts of life in primary school.
- 7.3** 1 dig yourself into a hole
2 be left holding the baby
3 a stumbling block
4 clutch at straws
5 come up against a brick wall
6 face the music
- 7.4** 1 hole 2 blank 3 thin 4 straits 5 wall 6 block 7 barrel

Unit 8

- 8.1 1 tie up loose ends – finish off final little tasks
2 come to light – be discovered
3 give something a shot – try something
4 get to grips with something – understand and deal with something
5 make do – manage with something of worse quality
6 to be on the safe side – just in case
7 wave a magic wand – find an easy solution
8 get to the bottom of something – uncover the truth
- 8.2 1 tunnel 2 wave 3 loose 4 prayers 5 it 6 bag 7 light
8 fall
- 8.3 1 I'd like to try that new bowling alley. Let's give it a whirl this evening.
2 I'm finding it quite hard to get to grips with my new role at work.
3 When the business failed, Paul vanished, leaving his partner to pick up the pieces.
4 Some important new evidence has come / has been brought to light in the last few days.
5 I hope that we'll be able to get to the bottom of what's been going on.
6 New medical research has shed / is shedding light on the causes of heart attacks.
7 As soon as I met Joshua's family, everything fell into place.
8 In the investigation into their accounts, a number of errors have been brought / have come to light.
- 8.4 1 I'll wash your car for you! – You're the answer to my prayers!
2 Let's go home now. – Soon. I've still got some loose ends to tie up.
3 The job's in the bag! – I hope you're right!
4 We'd better take umbrellas. – OK, just to be on the safe side.
5 Can you make do with a pencil? – Sure, that'll do fine.
6 We just don't know what to do! – If only I could wave a magic wand!
- 8.5 1 light at the end of the tunnel
2 pick up the pieces
3 wave a magic wand
4 get to the bottom of it

Unit 9

- 9.1 1 Tim: good situation. He has been freed from some unpleasant task or responsibility.
2 Sally: bad situation. She has had to take the blame instead of other people.
3 Carmen: bad situation. She has to do what everyone else tells her to do, whenever they want it.
4 Fiona: good situation. She has persuaded someone to let her do what she wants.
- 9.2 1 into 2 down 3 at/on 4 unto 5 to
- 9.3 1 I think there is a hidden agenda in that letter she sent to the boss.
2 I thought I was going to have to represent my class at the staff-student meeting, but I've got off the hook / they've let me off the hook.
3 She's an awful boss to work for; the secretaries are at her beck and call, eight hours a day, seven days a week.
4 He has been at/on the receiving end of a lot of criticism from the press in recent weeks.
5 They cause all the trouble, and I always have to carry the can.
6 I don't want someone telling me what to do all the time. I'd rather be left to my own devices.

9.4 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I think there is a hidden agenda in the proposal to reduce the staff in order to make the company more efficient. I think they want us to do more work for the same pay.
- 2 The Prime Minister's spin doctors immediately tried to make the bad situation sound positive when they spoke to reporters.
- 3 The school bent the rules and let him join the course even though he was under 18.
- 4 In my country we are due to go to the polls next year. I hope we get a new government.

Unit 10

- 10.1
- 1 a can of worms
 - 2 the acid test
 - 3 a vicious circle
 - 4 in a nutshell
 - 5 on the other hand
 - 6 the other side of the coin
 - 7 tie yourself up in knots
 - 8 go round in circles
 - 9 be called to account
 - 10 won't give an inch
- 10.2
- 1 the acid test
 - 2 tying yourself up in knots
 - 3 the pros and cons of a situation
 - 4 putting it in a nutshell
 - 5 going round in circles
 - 6 a vicious circle
- 10.3
- 1 In some ways it's glamorous being a pop star. But the other side of the coin is that you no longer have any privacy.
 - 2 It's time these petty criminals were called to account for their irresponsible actions.
 - 3 I know Bill's a nice friendly person, but, be that as it may, he still has to pull his weight in the office.
 - 4 On the one hand, I think Janna might have the best personality for the job, but, on the other, Mina has more experience.
 - 5 If he's apologised, I think you should give him the benefit of the doubt.
 - 6 It would be opening a can of worms to inquire about his finances.
- 10.4
- 1 I tied myself up in knots trying to explain to Karl how I felt about him.
 - 2 I'd like you to write an essay on the pros and cons of working abroad.
 - 3 To put it in a nutshell, James needs to produce better homework.
 - 4 Natasha was prepared to compromise, but Alex wouldn't budge/give an inch.
 - 5 You need more money so you work more. You earn more so you spend more. So you need to work more. It's a vicious circle.

Unit 11

- 11.1
- 1 It's a small world.
 - 2 The more, the merrier.
 - 3 It's six of one and half a dozen of the other.
 - 4 How time flies!

- 5 No such luck!
 6 I can take it or leave it.
 7 Don't make me laugh!
 8 No way!
- 11.2** 1 Get a life!
 2 You haven't lived!
 3 It's/That's the story of my life!
 4 Such is / That's life!
 5 This is the life!
- 11.3** 1 It's a lovely present. Thanks a million.
 2 You won't find it difficult to learn to ski. There's really nothing to it.
 3 It's ~~neither~~ here nor there which hotel you decide to stay in – they're both excellent.
 4 Let's have a really big wedding. The more, the merrier.
 5 You can say that again! I couldn't agree with you more!
 6 He's travelled a lot. You name it, he's been there.
- 11.4** 1 It's six of one and half a dozen of the other.
 2 It's a small world.
 3 How time flies!

Unit 12

- 12.1** 1 B: Yes, I know. One minute she was angry, the next minute she was all sweetness and light.
 2 B: Yes, apparently they're like gold dust.
 3 B: Yes, I think he's just asking for trouble / asking for it (*asking for it* is more informal).
 4 B: Yes, it's second to none.
 5 B: Yes, she's certainly a hard act to follow.
- 12.2** 1 She really gets on my nerves sometimes.
 2 The last President was an out-and-out cruel monster, and the new one is not much better.
 3 I don't think you should cast aspersions on him. He's not here to defend himself.
 4 The scientists did some ground-breaking research on human genes.
 5 She had already upset me, but to add insult to injury she told me I was ugly.
- 12.3** 1 poke fun at
 2 grate
- 12.4** 1 They criticised her very strongly, but she gave as good as she got and made them shut up.
 2 This dining table is just made for this room. The wood matches the doors perfectly.
 3 Why are you giving me such a hard time? I know I was wrong, but I said I'm sorry. I can't do any more.
 4 We stayed at a luxurious five-star hotel. It was out of this world.

Unit 13

- 13.1** 1 never do anything by halves
 2 throw the baby out with the bathwater
 3 leave a lot to be desired
 4 get/jump/leap on the bandwagon
 5 a laughing stock

- 13.2** 1 The new documentary channel on TV leaves a lot to be desired.
 2 My brother never does anything by halves; he designed and built his own house, and designed most of the furniture too!
 3 He thinks everyone is afraid of him, but in fact he is a laughing stock.
 4 Yes, I think we should change the system, but I think we should not throw the baby out with the bathwater.
 5 Five years ago, there were not many companies selling on the Internet, but now everyone has got/jumped/leapt on the bandwagon.
- 13.3** 1 She pretended to disagree with everyone else in order to make them discuss / think about things more deeply.
 2 No, not nice to ride in. *Rough and ready* does not refer to time, but means of low or poor quality.
 3 He claimed he was a trained electrician, but he was lying.
 4 Probably not, since it is not as good as people say it is.
 5 No. You'd be rather unhappy, since you would be very irritated or exasperated with your friend.
- 13.4** 1 That new motorway project has all the makings of a disaster for the environment. It will go through the middle of a wildlife area.
 2 Zara made a real exhibition of herself in class the other day. It was so embarrassing!
 3 The Krona Hotel is a bit on the expensive side. Couldn't we stay somewhere cheaper?
 4 This new digital camera is a dead loss. The batteries run out after about ten photos.
 5 I think Paris has the edge over other European cities as a place for a holiday.
 6 The government has got a lot to answer for with regard to unemployment.

Unit 14

- 14.1** Sentences 1, 2, 3 and 6 are basically negative whereas the others are positive. Notice that the context of sentence 3 suggests the *take less care of your appearance* meaning of *let yourself go* whereas the context of sentence 7 suggests the meaning of *relax completely*.
- 14.2** 1 lid 2 hard/rough/tough 3 insignificance 4 of 5 blow 6 lump
 7 balance 8 dream
- 14.3** *Possible answers:*
 Check your answers with your teacher or another good English speaker if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.
- 1 Yes, I was once left in the lurch when I was preparing food for a big party and all my flatmates went out and left me on my own preparing food for fifty people.
 2 A boss once gave me a bit of a rough time when he wanted a lot of work done very quickly.
 3 I think nothing of giving a talk in front of a lot of people.
 4 I think it is important to make the most of every day you live.
 5 Writing a thesis was a big problem at the time, but has now paled into insignificance.
 6 Beautiful music or poetry or children's innocence can bring a lump to my throat.
 7 I've had to come to terms with the death of family members.
 8 I would never dream of betraying a friend.
- 14.4** 1 is/hangs in the balance
 2 keep a lid on
 3 blow out of (all) proportion

Unit 15

- 15.1
- 1 not on – inappropriate
 - 2 one way or another – somehow
 - 3 at the top of your agenda – important
 - 4 over the top – exaggerated
 - 5 if all else fails – as a last resort
 - 6 strike while the iron is hot – now
- 15.2
- 1 There's no accounting for taste(s)!
 - 2 You could've fooled me!
 - 3 (Yes,) strike while the iron is hot.
 - 4 (I suppose Smith's) the lesser of two evils.
 - 5 If all else fails.
- 15.3
- 1 If I were in your shoes, I'd take the job in New York.
 - 2 Asking the Managing Director for his ID was a really stupid mistake to make. I'm sure my colleagues will never let me live it down.
 - 3 Improving office morale is said to be high on the new boss's agenda.
 - 4 We hadn't intended to stay there so long, but one thing led to another.
 - 5 Take your chance now. Strike while the iron is hot.
 - 6 I can't understand what people see in the exhibition. There's no accounting for tastes.
 - 7 If all else fails, I suppose I'll have to go and live somewhere else.
 - 8 Given the choice between watching football or golf, I suppose football is the lesser of two evils.
- 15.4
- Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.
- 1 If I were in the Prime Minister's shoes, I'd listen to what the people are saying.
 - 2 Sorting out my study is at the top of my agenda at the moment.
 - 3 Speaking to his mother like that is just not on, as far as I'm concerned.
 - 4 I'm determined to visit my nephew in Australia, one way or another.
 - 5 I think that Sue's furious reaction to my saying she'd put on a bit of weight was over the top.
 - 6 In my opinion, if you compare smoking a pipe and smoking cigarettes, then smoking a pipe is the lesser of two evils.

Unit 16

- 16.1
- 1 be caught napping
 - 2 have a narrow escape
 - 3 safe and sound
 - 4 be led astray
 - 5 by the skin of your teeth
 - 6 be panic stations
 - 7 leave well alone
 - 8 go out on a limb
- 16.2
- 1 When David suggested they should come and stay for a weekend, it set alarm bells ringing in my mind.
 - 2 The patient's life is hanging by a thread.
 - 3 Having to go to work is a necessary evil.
 - 4 Why do some people always cut things fine?

- 5 They are on a knife-edge waiting for the results of Brian's medical tests.
- 6 As the building was on fire, he had no choice but to put his life in the firemen's hands and climb out of the window and onto their ladder.
- 7 You'll be taking your life in your hands if you make a speech like that to such an audience.
- 8 I think it would be more sensible to leave well alone.

- 16.3**
- 1 be/go out on a limb
 - 2 be caught napping
 - 3 lead someone astray
 - 4 have a narrow escape
 - 5 set alarm bells ringing
 - 6 on a knife-edge

- 16.4**
- 1 I suppose that exams are a necessary evil.
 - 2 It was such a relief when Ralph arrived back from his Arctic expedition safe and sound.
 - 3 You took your life in your hands by agreeing to go up in a helicopter with such an inexperienced pilot.
 - 4 The hurricane seems to be getting a bit too close to our town for comfort.
 - 5 If I were you, I would leave well alone.
 - 6 It was panic stations before the important visitors arrived, but we managed to get everything under control in time for their visit.
 - 7 The Smiths caught the train by the skin of their teeth.
 - 8 I hope the other students won't lead our son astray.

Unit 17

- 17.1**
- 1 go all out – make a lot of effort
 - 2 be a doddle – be very easy to do
 - 3 go through the motions – do something without enthusiasm or effort
 - 4 be heavy-going – be difficult or tiresome to do
 - 5 pull your weight – do your fair share
 - 6 have a bash – make an attempt

- 17.2**
- 1 I wish you'd pull your finger out and help me move the furniture.
 - 2 Sam didn't like the exam, but I thought it was a piece of cake.
 - 3 I'm going to get the job somehow, by hook or by crook.
 - 4 Sally could, at a push, take over the project for you.
 - 5 The test was as easy as falling off a log.
 - 6 Don't worry if you don't win the game – just as long as you give it your all.
 - 7 Why don't you have a go at repairing the washing machine yourself?
 - 8 Persuading him to do what I wanted was like taking candy from a baby.
 - 9 Max will always go out of his way to help others.
 - 10 I had no problems using the public transport system there – it was child's play. (i.e. no article used in this idiom)

- 17.3**
- | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------|-------|-------|------|------|------|--------|
| 1 out | 2 through | 3 out | 4 out | 5 of | 6 by | 7 by | 8 from |
| 9 at | | | | | | | |

- 17.4**
- 1 Course, you will. It's as easy as falling off a log.
 - 2 Let me have a go.
 - 3 He is going out of his way to make a good impression on her.
 - 4 It was a piece of cake.

- 17.5 Matt, Sam and Sonya are speaking in a more informal way.

Unit 18

- 18.1 1 I wouldn't be seen dead working in a hamburger restaurant. All my friends would laugh at me. I just couldn't do it.
 2 I feel duty bound to go home and see my parents at least once a month.
 3 I've had enough coffee, thanks, but another one of those lovely cakes wouldn't go amiss.
 4 I think that CD player he's trying to sell is stolen. If I were you, I wouldn't touch it with a barge pole.
 5 It's not worth my while trying the exam again. I failed the first time, and I'll probably fail again.

18.2

				¹ T	² H	I	N	G
					O			
					³ L	U	C	K
⁴ S	H	O	V	E				

- 18.3 1 You're in luck. We have just one room left for tonight.
 2 If push comes to shove, we'll just have to sell the apartment.
 3 I don't want to go with a big group of people. I want to do my own thing.
 4 I got a bill today for £700 for repairs to my car. I'm telling you, I need a bill for £700 like I need a hole in the head right at this moment.
- 18.4 1 if need be
 2 take your pick
 3 *be dying to* is always in the continuous form (so we don't say 'I always die to meet him.')

18.5 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I'd possibly give anything to meet the singer Bob Dylan.
 2 I'm dying to see a visitor from Spain who is coming to stay at my house.

Unit 19

- 19.1 1 It's unlikely he'll manage to climb the mountain without oxygen.
 2 It's neither likely nor unlikely – all that is clear is that Molly herself now has no control over what might happen.
 3 It's extremely likely you'll guess his role correctly.
 4 It's unlikely that she'll be able to complete her course.
 5 It's extremely likely, it even seems certain, that Beth will come top.
 6 It's neither likely nor unlikely that Rob will pass – either result seems to be equally possible.
 7 It sounds unlikely that the library will have the required book.
 8 It is extremely likely, the speaker is in fact certain, that Green will lose his job.
- 19.2 1 No such luck!
 2 Just my luck!
 3 It's the luck of the draw.
 4 Don't push your luck!

- 5 I'll take por luck.
- 6 You should be so lucky!

- 19.3**
- 1 They've been married for so long that they take each other for granted.
 - 2 We've done all we can. Now the results of the election are in the lap of the gods.
 - 3 Alex is chancing his arm a bit only applying to one university.
 - 4 No prizes for guessing who got the job in the end!
 - 5 The cards were stacked against Bart being able to persuade him.
 - 6 It was touch-and-go who would win the match.
 - 7 We could all see Jan's collapse coming.
 - 8 Let's go down to the theatre on the off-chance that we can get some tickets that have been returned.

19.4 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

I went to the theatre on the off-chance and managed to get a ticket.

I knew who would win the prize – it was a foregone conclusion.

I did as much work as I could for the exam. Now it's in the lap of the gods.

I ran all the way to the station, but still missed the train. Just my luck!

I went to the newsagent's to ask if they still had yesterday's newspapers. No such luck!

I haven't seen the cinema programme this week, so I'll take por luck when I go this evening.

Unit 20

- 20.1**
- 1 He is always the odd one out. If all his friends do one sport, he does a different one.
 - 2 When he lost all his money, he still tried to keep up appearances even though he could not afford his lifestyle.
 - 3 Sometimes it's better to keep a low profile at work. In that way, nobody asks you to do difficult jobs.
 - 4 She made a name for herself by being the first woman to climb Mount Everest.
 - 5 He's always putting on airs and graces, but everyone knows he's just an ordinary person with a very ordinary background.
- 20.2**
- 1 Anybody who is anybody will be at the concert on Friday, so don't miss it.
 - 2 It's not politically correct to refer to 'underdeveloped' countries any more. If you don't want to offend people, you should say 'developing nations'.
 - 3 He was voted 'Best up-and-coming actor' of 2001.
 - 4 They employed a lot of young people as they felt they needed new blood.
 - 5 A lot of the people who live in those huge houses near the beach are (rather /a bit / very) toffee-nosed.
 - 6 My boss is a rough diamond, but he's a very nice guy in fact.
 - 7 She was a pillar of society, but then it turned out she was involved in the illegal drug trade.
- 20.3**
- 1 You are rising to better positions; you are becoming very successful.
 - 2 They have no home, no money and no job.
 - 3 They are rising very rapidly in the industry and probably making a lot of money.
 - 4 They think they are better than other people, especially people of a lower social class.
- 20.4**
- 1 a pillar of society
 - 2 a rough diamond
 - 3 a high-flyer

Unit 21

- 21.1 1 of 2 for 3 down in 4 to 5 at 6 on

21.2 *Possible answers:*

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I'm sick and tired of traffic jams.
- 2 I felt on top of the world when I finished writing this book!
- 3 The Victoria Falls in Africa took my breath away.
- 4 I feel on edge if a train or plane I am on is late in departing or arriving.
- 5 I gave a lecture once about words that are very frequent and words that are not frequent in English. I said that the word 'Belgium' was not frequent (compared with 'France', 'Italy', etc.), perhaps because British people don't talk about Belgium. There were two Belgian people in the audience! I was very embarrassed.

21.3 *Possible answers:*

- 1 When she told me, I was so shocked I just stood there.
- 2 I need help, I don't know what to do / how I should react/act/behave.
- 3 I had always been very relaxed and in control in my job, but suddenly ...
- 4 I'm writing because I am desperate / I have no idea how I can solve my problem.

- 21.4
- 1 Meeting her there when I wasn't expecting to see her made my day.
 - 2 I'm not sure whether I want the job or not. I have mixed feelings (about/towards it).
 - 3 The good news made me jump for joy.
 - 4 I got a chance to go to Canada for a week. I was thrilled to bits.
 - 5 He doesn't like people using his computer, so he won't take kindly to the idea of sharing one.
 - 6 If you're feeling down in the dumps, why don't you come out with us tonight?
 - 7 I've had my fill of job interviews – six in just two weeks! I never want another one.

Unit 22

- 22.1 The speaker has a good relationship with Anna, Pat, the Browns and Jimmy, but has a bad relationship with Rob, Jane, the dog and Jack.

- 22.2
- 1 I would immediately drop any boyfriend that tried to two-time me.
 - 2 Susie has taken a shine to her new teacher.
 - 3 Please stay in touch with me once you go home.
 - 4 Nita's boyfriend promised to make it up to her for forgetting her birthday.
 - 5 There's something about him that always rubs me up the wrong way.
 - 6 We try to be friendly, but the Smith family prefer to keep themselves to themselves.
 - 7 If you want to leave early, you'd better try and stay in the boss's good books.
 - 8 Rana really seems to have it in for me today – I don't know how I've upset him.

- 22.3 1 b) 2 a) 3 b) 4 a) 5 b)

22.4 *Possible answers:*

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 Traditionally the child will bring an apple for the teacher, but they might try all sorts of other things like helping to tidy up, behaving well in the classroom, and so on.
- 2 You are confused – although you may not yet realise it.

- 3 You might pay for the repair and/or buy them flowers or chocolates, or do something nice for them.
- 4 You can keep in touch by phone, letter or e-mail. I like e-mail best because it is so quick and easy.
- 5 It rubs me up the wrong way when people say *Have a nice day* when you know they don't particularly mean it.
- 6 They should be dropped by both of the people that they were going out with.
- 7 You may be alone, but you are not necessarily lonely (i.e. unhappy) – you just prefer to be on your own.
- 8 Not necessarily – not in the way that it is if you get on like a house on fire, for example.

Unit 23

- 23.1**
- 1 a small fortune
 - 2 Big deal!
 - 3 larger than life
 - 4 make it big
- 23.2**
- 1 Maria is miles away.
 - 2 Chairs are sold in all shapes and sizes.
 - 3 The new school is a far cry from the old one.
 - 4 You can see he's in love. It sticks/stands out a mile.
- Or: He's in love. You can see/spot it a mile off.
- 23.3**
- 1 She's 40 next week, but she doesn't want to make a big thing of it. She'd prefer just to go out for a meal with her husband rather than have a big party with lots of people.
 - 2 For any person in a temporary job, the possibility of unemployment looms large, especially in a time of economic recession.
 - 3 The unions are prepared to discuss the problem, but the employers will not budge an inch. They say they have made their final offer, and that's that.
 - 4 We have a new boss starting next week. He's a bit of an unknown quantity – nobody has met him or knows much about him.
 - 5 I like having friends to stay in my flat, but only for a couple of days. In general, friends are nice in small doses; if they stay too long, they always irritate me.
 - 6 We should think big when we come to plan the new website. There's no point in having one single, dull page; we should have lots of links and video clips, and as many colour pictures as possible, and sound.
- 23.4** *Meanings and possible sentences:*
- the middle ground: something which two people who are arguing or who disagree can agree on
He is very good at finding the middle ground in meetings when people are disagreeing.
- the middle of nowhere: a place which is remote and isolated, and very far away from cities or big towns
He owns a lovely summer cottage in the middle of nowhere, a perfect escape from the stresses of city life.
- be caught in the middle: find yourself trapped between two people who are arguing or disagreeing
Jim and Mary were having a terrible argument and I was caught in the middle. I felt very embarrassed and uncomfortable.

Unit 24

- 24.1** on the breadline well-to-do / well-heeled living in the lap of luxury
- 24.2** 1 Bob (So far Anne's business venture has been costly rather than profitable.)
 2 Colin (Both cars cost a lot, but Daisy clearly feels that it was not money well spent.)
 3 Fred (Ed's daughter is extravagant even though she may have plenty of money.)
 4 Harry (Gill has lost hope of success.)
- 24.3** 1 making 2 pick 3 lap 4 fortune 5 money 6 tighten 7 nose
 8 pay 9 water 10 making
- 24.4** 1 live in the lap of luxury
 2 tighten your belt
 3 pay through the nose
 4 spend money like water
 5 a money-spinner
 6 a rip-off

Unit 25

- 25.1** 1 paper 2 mill 3 her 4 step 5 coming 6 rut 7 go 8 sack
 9 shop 10 head
- 25.2** 1 snowed under with work
 2 be headhunted
 3 pull out all the stops
 4 be given the sack
 5 in a rut / get out of a rut
 6 (at the bottom/top of) the career ladder
- 25.3** 1 behind the scenes – hidden
 2 dead-end – without prospects
 3 get the sack – be dismissed
 4 off the record – unofficially
 5 on hold – delayed
 6 pull out all the stops – make an effort
 7 rushed off your feet – very busy
 8 up-and-coming – promising
- 25.4** 1 snowed 2 stops 3 cut 4 hold 5 get 6 climb 7 hands
 8 behind
- 25.5** *Possible answers:*

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

There isn't much of a career ladder in my profession.

Several people got the sack from my workplace last year.

The staff that are left are now up to their ears in work.

They certainly have their work cut out for them.

The shake-up has offered management opportunities for some up-and-coming workers.

My working day is very rarely run-of-the-mill.

Unit 26

- 26.1** Time
by leaps and bounds
drag your feet
fast and furious
get a move on
step by step
on the spot (when it means *immediately*)
- Place
all over the place
left, right and centre
on the spot (when it means *in the same place*)
the word spread
- 26.2** 1 Juan is making progress by leaps and bounds.
2 Excitement is at fever pitch.
3 Within minutes the fire brigade was on the spot.
4 The situation has gone beyond a joke.
5 The holiday got off to a flying start.
6 I looked for you all over the place.
7 The film is about two men on the run.
8 I'll take you through it step by step.
- 26.3** 1 b) 2 c) 3 a) 4 a) 5 a)
- 26.4** 1 Yes, because she would be complimenting you on your rapid progress.
2 No, because the speaker finds your behaviour seriously worrying.
3 To hurry.
4 No, it is criminals.
5 You may drag your feet when you are tired (in the literal meaning of the phrase) but, as an idiom, you drag your feet when you are reluctant to do something.
6 Thrillers tend to be fast and furious whereas love stories tend to be much more slow-moving.
7 Yes, because it suggests that it is successful from the very beginning.
8 You can keep a diary.
9 Very untidy.
10 Very excited or angry.

Unit 27

- 27.1** 1 a slip of the tongue
2 taking the mick/mickey
3 lost for words
4 small talk
5 a pack of lies
- 27.2** 1 I didn't know what to say. I was (completely) lost for words.
2 Not one word of his story was true. It was (all) a pack of lies.
3 I didn't mean to say it; it was a slip of the tongue.
4 I didn't mean to offend her. I was just taking the mick/mickey.
5 It wasn't a very serious conversation, just small talk.
- 27.3** 1 She's had a big personal problem. We should not make light of it.
2 He told me he had studied maths at Harvard, but it (just) didn't ring true.
3 She said she was a princess who had lost all her money and position in a revolution. That's a likely story!
4 She has to get up at 5 a.m. and drive 50 miles to work every day. It's no joke / laughing matter.

5 I said I thought she should get herself a boyfriend. It was an off-the-cuff remark.

27.4

						¹ B			
² M				³ W	O	R	D		
I				A		E			
⁴ C	O	I	N			⁵ A	B	O	U
K				T		T			
						H			

Unit 28

- 28.1
- 1 get a word in edgeways – It's impossible to interrupt her, she talks non-stop.
 - 2 miss the point – She didn't really understand what I wanted to say.
 - 3 speak your mind – He doesn't hide his personal opinions at all.
 - 4 won't take no for an answer – She keeps on asking, even though we said no.
 - 5 (repeat) word for word – She told me exactly what her friend said.
- 28.2
- 1 Hilary will never take no for an answer.
 - 2 Joss always speaks his mind.
 - 3 Sally always seems to miss the point (of what we're trying to say to her).
 - 4 She repeated word for word everything the teacher said to her.
 - 5 I tried to tell her, but it was impossible to get a word in edgeways.
- 28.3
- 1 The future of the project is very uncertain. No one knows if it will continue.
 - 2 Probably not. The sentence means it is not in her character / not typical of her to help.
 - 3 Small print is usually found at the bottom of contracts, insurance policies, advertisements, etc. We can also say *fine print*.
 - 4 Probably not. If you reply 'That's a matter of opinion', you usually do not agree with the other person.
 - 5 Not necessarily an official language, but a language that people use in everyday business and for communication between groups who have different first languages.
- 28.4
- 1 loud
 - 2 tall order
 - 3 beside
 - 4 matter-of-fact

Unit 29

- 29.1
- 1 It's the last straw (that breaks the camel's back).
 - 2 Birds of a feather (flock together).
 - 3 Too many cooks (spoil the broth).
 - 4 While the cat's away, (the mice will play).
 - 5 There's no point / It's no good crying over spilt milk.
 - 6 Don't put all your eggs in one basket.
- 29.2
- 1 Many hands make light work.
 - 2 Birds of a feather (flock together).
 - 3 Absence makes the heart grow fonder.
- 29.3
- 1 Take care of the pennies/pence and the pounds will take care of themselves.
 - 2 The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence.
 - 3 All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy.
 - 4 People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.

- 5 A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
- 6 Birds of a feather flock together.
- 7 While the cat's away, the mice will play.
- 8 It's the last straw that breaks the camel's back.

- 29.4**
- 1 Absence makes the heart grow fonder.
 - 2 Blood is thicker than water.
 - 3 Many hands make light work.
 - 4 Actions speak louder than words.
 - 5 There's no point / It's no good crying over spilt milk.
 - 6 A bird in the hand (is worth two in the bush).

Unit 30

- 30.1**
- | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 mind | 2 memory | 3 mind | 4 memory | 5 mind | 6 mind |
| 7 mind | 8 memory | 9 mind | 10 memory | | |

- 30.2**
- 1 I don't think I know him, but his name rings a bell.
 - 2 What is the word for it? I can't remember it. Oh dear, it's on the tip of my tongue.
 - 3 If I try, I should be able to remember the recipe for you. Let me rack my brains.
 - 4 Try not to interrupt his train of thought.
 - 5 My son is much more adventurous than I was. At his age the thought of travelling abroad alone would never have crossed my mind.

- 30.3**
- 1 Out of sight, out of mind.
 - 2 rack your brains, on the tip of your tongue
 - 3 push
 - 4 Thinking hard feels like stretching your brain, making it do something that is difficult for it to do.
 - 5 leisurely walk
 - 6 jump
 - 7 carry
 - 8 ring a bell

- 30.4**
- 1 came/sprang
 - 2 went
 - 3 slipped
 - 4 racked
 - 5 came/sprang
 - 6 jogged

Unit 31

- 31.1**
- 1 it's early days yet – Someone asks you if you like an English course after only one day.
 - 2 within living memory – Never, for as long as anyone can remember, has there been so much rain.
 - 3 since the year dot – You tell someone about a very ancient tradition.
 - 4 the shape of things to come – Someone shows you a car which is driven by solar energy.
 - 5 on the threshold of – A scientist claims to be on the point of discovering a cure for cancer.
 - 6 like there's no tomorrow – Someone is spending all their savings carelessly.
- 31.2**
- 1 This car really is the shape of things to come.
 - 2 People have been doing this every spring since the year dot.

- 3 A scientist is on the threshold of discovering a cure for cancer.
 4 I've only been to a couple of lessons. It's early days yet.
 5 Jim's spending money like there's no tomorrow.
 6 There's never been rain like this within living memory.
- 31.3** 1 It's only a matter of time before we discover life on other planets.
 2 At the end of the day, you can never trust a politician.
 3 I never learnt the piano as a child, so I'm making up for lost time by taking lessons.
 4 In the short term, the economic situation looks good, but in the long term, the outlook is not so good.
 5 This bicycle has seen better days. I should really get a new one.
 6 Could you use this computer for the time being till the new one arrives?
 7 It's a sign of the times that you can't speak to a real human being when you telephone the bank. All you get is an automatic voice.
 8 This milk is out of date. I'll throw it away and open a new carton.
 9 It costs a lot of money now, but in the long run it will be a good investment, I'm sure.
- 31.4** 1 in, b) 2 before, b) 3 for, a) 4 of, a) 5 of, b)

Unit 32

- 32.1** 1 It runs like clockwork.
 2 We set off at the crack of dawn.
 3 We were working against the clock.
 4 I've had enough. Let's call it a day.
 5 It happens this way nine times out of ten.
- 32.2** 1 there and then – The doctor examined me immediately.
 2 once in a blue moon – I only see Patrick very rarely.
 3 in no time at all – The new house was built very quickly.
 4 off and on – Bill plays golf occasionally, but not often.
 5 doesn't have a minute to call her own – Paula looks after three kids and has a full-time job.
- 32.3** 1 from scratch
 2 once in a lifetime
 3 once and for all
 4 from time to time
 5 work against the clock
 6 nine times out of ten
- 32.4** *Possible answers:*
 Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.
 1 I'd lost the notes for my essay, so I had to start from scratch.
 2 When I was offered the chance to study in the USA, I knew such an opportunity would come along only once in a lifetime.
 3 The government should do something to solve the problem of illegal drugs once and for all.
 4 I see my cousins from time to time, but not regularly.
 5 Rescue teams are working against the clock to search for survivors of the earthquake.
 6 Nine times out of ten if I buy something one day, I'll see the same thing cheaper in another shop the very next day.

- 32.5** 1 B: Well, off and on. (Or, slightly more formally, from time to time.)
 2 B: No, I think we should do it now, once and for all.
 3 B: Well, we can try, but nine times out of ten he's too busy to meet anyone.
 4 B: Well, we'll just have to work against the clock to get it finished by then.
 5 B: No, I've had enough. Let's call it a day.

Unit 33

- 33.1** 1 get wind of something – hear about something secret
 2 go to the ends of the earth – do everything you can
 3 spread like wildfire – move very fast
 4 be in deep water – be in a difficult situation
 5 be a drop in the ocean – be an insignificant part of something
 6 blow hot and cold – react in different, unpredictable ways
 7 see how the wind is blowing – observe how a situation is developing
 8 add fuel to the flames – make a difficult situation worse
- 33.2** 1 You'll be fine working for someone like that – he's the salt of the earth.
 2 Unfortunately, my advice fell on stony ground.
 3 Unfortunately, her angry words have only added fuel to the fire/flames.
 4 I think Rosie must be in hot water – the boss has asked to see her at once.
 5 Lance is really out of his depth in his new job.
 6 Spreading rumours like that is playing with fire.
 7 Pluck a number out of the air and multiply it by 3.
 8 The police were unable to run the escaped convicts to ground.
- 33.3** 1 The news of their divorce spread like wildfire.
 2 I'm between the devil and the deep blue sea.
 3 There is no smoke without fire.
 4 Don't say anything in the heat of the moment.
 5 I hate the way he blows hot and cold.
 6 I was thrown in at the deep end when I started university.
- 33.4** 1 play with fire
 2 pluck a number out of the air
 3 a drop in the ocean
- 33.5** You may give slightly different answers here, but basically earth seems to represent being practical and natural, air seems to represent vagueness and uncertainty, water seems to represent difficulty and fire seems to represent anger or passion.

Unit 34

- 34.1** 1 D 2 B 3 A 4 C
- 34.2** 1 *White-collar* workers work in offices and *blue-collar* workers do physical work, usually in factories.
 2 You are *green* with envy.
 3 You are *blue* in the face.
 4 It is / You are in the *red*.
 5 You are given the *green* light.
- 34.3** 1 I was absolutely *green* with envy when she won a trip to Los Angeles.
 2 I'm 750 pounds in the *red*, and the bank has asked me to pay it back immediately.
 3 The *blue-collar* workers are on strike, but the office staff are still working.

- 4 You can talk to her till you're blue in the face; she won't listen.
- 5 If the city authorities give the green light to the new conservation project, it will begin next year.
- 34.4
 - 1 I want to see a contract in black and white, not just an informal agreement.
 - 2 I wanted to apply for a visa, but a friend told me there is a lot of / too much red tape, so I've decided to forget it.
 - 3 My new house has a big garden, but I don't have / haven't got green fingers, so I'll probably never do any gardening.
 - 4 She was caught red-handed stealing food from the school kitchen.
 - 5 He's always introducing red herrings into the discussion.

Unit 35

- 35.1
 - 1 wide of the mark
 - 2 take the plunge
 - 3 lay/put your cards on the table
 - 4 back to square one
 - 5 when the chips are down
 - 6 play ball
- 35.2
 - 1 If you play your cards right, you should get an invitation to her party.
 - 2 When the chips are down, you learn who your real friends are.
 - 3 The ball is in their court, so we'll have to wait and see what they do.
 - 4 If you sign the contract, others will soon follow suit.
 - 5 On the spur of the moment we decided to go away for the weekend.
 - 6 The children picked Mother some flowers off their own bat.
 - 7 Going by train rather than bus or car would be your best bet.
- 35.3
 - 1 Let's ask Pete for advice – he's usually on the ball.
 - 2 The government always tries to pass the buck when there are economic problems, saying the previous regime is to blame.
 - 3 I'd like you each to tell us why you have decided to do a creative writing course; Marie, would you start the ball rolling, please?
 - 4 Applicants all have to agree to the same conditions for the interview in order to ensure a level playing field.
 - 5 No one asked him to help – he did it off his own bat.
 - 6 If you keep your things tidy, the others may follow suit.
 - 7 It is still on the cards that I'll get a contract for the job.
 - 8 He's been very frank and has put his cards on the table; now we'll have to do the same.
 - 9 He claims he can speak fluent Japanese; let's call his bluff and invite him to dinner with our Japanese guests.

Unit 36

- 36.1
 - 1 a dark horse
 - 2 a party animal
 - 3 a guinea pig
 - 4 a cold fish
- 36.2
 - 1 get/have/take the bit between your teeth
 - 2 make a beeline for
 - 3 a lone wolf
 - 4 your bark is worse than your bite

- 5 chase your tail
- 6 make a (real) pig of yourself

- 36.3** 1 Pat: No, he's a bit of a lone wolf.
 2 Chris: Busy! It's ridiculous! I try to keep up with things, but I'm just chasing my tail.
 3 Mike: Yes, he won't give up. He's really got the bit between his teeth.
 4 Fiona: Yes, I made a (real) pig of myself. I feel so full now!
 5 Eve: Oh, don't worry about him. His bark is worse than his bite.
 6 Joe: Oh yeah, he always makes a beeline for the prettiest girl in the room.
- 36.4** 1 Big Joe is quite harmless really, although he looks tough. He wouldn't hurt a fly.
 2 I already know about Jill getting divorced. A little bird told me.
 3 I hate making a speech to a big audience. I always get butterflies in my stomach.
 4 It's a very unusual school. The pupils are given free rein to do just what they like.
 5 I really got the travel bug after I went on a trekking holiday to Nepal. I can't wait to go away again.
 6 I'd love to be a fly on the wall when Nigel tells the boss he's resigning.

Unit 37

- 37.1** 1 There's not (enough) room to swing a cat at my house.
 2 I'll let you know by snail mail.
 3 Peter has let the cat out of the bag.
 4 The economy is going to the dogs.
 5 The office staff were running round like headless chickens.
- 37.2** 1 put the cat among the pigeons
 2 a can of worms
 3 like water off a duck's back
- 37.3** 1 b) 2 a) 3 c)
- 37.4** 1 the bag 2 feelers 3 the law of the jungle
- 37.5** 1 take the bull by the horns
 (meaning: act decisively, and face a difficult or challenging situation in a confident way)
 2 kill two birds with one stone
 (meaning: produce two useful results by just doing one action)
 3 at a snail's pace
 (meaning: incredibly slowly)
 4 like a bear with a sore head
 (meaning: someone is behaving in a very bad-tempered or irritable way)
 5 a dog's breakfast
 (meaning: a mess; something that has been done very badly)
- 37.6** I was trying to finish my essay for my English class by the end of the week, but it all seemed to be going at a snail's pace and I was not very motivated. So I decided to take the bull by the horns. I stayed up until after midnight every day for four days and worked on my essay. I was tired in the mornings, and went round like a bear with a sore head all day, but, in the end I managed to kill two birds with one stone: I finished the essay and I read a number of important books I should have read weeks ago. My last essay was a bit of a dog's breakfast, but I'm hoping this one will get a better grade.

Unit 38

- 38.1
- 1 She was looking daggers at me last night. I wonder what I've done to upset her?
 - 2 Her last remark was so hurtful, especially as I was already upset. I think she was just trying to twist the knife even further.
 - 3 I really think you should bite the bullet, and go and speak to him.
 - 4 She stuck to her guns and didn't sign the contract. So they've changed it.
 - 5 You're jumping the gun. Wait till we know whose fault it was before you complain.
 - 6 Freddy really puts the knife in sometimes. He is capable of saying such cruel things.
- 38.2
- 1 You're fighting a losing battle trying to persuade the teacher to tell you the exam questions before the exam takes place.
 - 2 When it comes to the crunch, I'll be there to support you.
 - 3 I'm my own worst enemy when it comes to trying to save money.
 - 4 You'll be in the firing line in your new job.
 - 5 I'd like to have a shot at hungee-jumping one day if I ever get the chance.
 - 6 (If I were you, I'd / I think you should) hold fire before you send that letter.

38.3

TAURUS Someone you thought was a good friend will say something very hurtful today, and later on will make it even worse / say something even more hurtful. Stay calm and don't lose your temper.

GEMINI Two people you like and respect will quarrel today, and you'll be caught in the middle / between the two of them. Try to stay neutral, or you'll risk losing a good friend.

CAPRICORN Someone close to you will try to tell you what to do, but it's time you acted independently / took control of your own life, so don't be afraid to make your own decisions.

VIRGO You've always thought of yourself as a strong, determined person, but someone discovers a weakness of yours / your weak point and makes life difficult for you.

- 38.4 1 b) 2 c) 3 a) 4 c)

Unit 39

- 39.1
- 1 It's the best thing since sliced bread!
 - 2 It provides the bread and butter.
 - 3 I was left with a sour taste in my mouth!
 - 4 He had egg on his face!
 - 5 You can't have your cake and eat it.
- 39.2
- 1 bitter 2 whetted 3 fruit 4 flavour 5 date 6 cake
 - 7 tooth 8 mouth
- 39.3
- 1 have a sweet tooth
 - 2 be the best/greatest thing since sliced bread
 - 3 pass / be past your sell-by date
 - 4 have egg on your face
 - 5 bear fruit
 - 6 make your mouth water / whet your appetite
- 39.4 Possible answers:
- 1 Piano teaching is her bread and butter though she still hopes to succeed as an actress.
 - 2 The smell of fresh strawberries always makes my mouth water.
 - 3 Geri Halliwell seems to be flavour of the month in the pop music world at the moment.

- 4 Kate had egg on her face when she failed to recognise the managing director of her company.
- 5 For me e-mail is the best thing since sliced bread.
- 6 I hope that all our work on this project will bear fruit.

Unit 40

- 40.1
 - 1 Airlines drive me round the bend! You can never get simple information from them when you phone them up.
 - 2 I don't have any extreme views about anything. I'm quite middle-of-the-road.
 - 3 I didn't like her at all, and I hope our paths never cross again, to be honest.
 - 4 It's a good idea to change your job every few years. It's very easy to get stuck in a rut if you're not careful.
 - 5 This video's right up your street/alley. It's all about how violins are made.
- 40.2
 - 1 Well, it's been nice talking to you. Maybe our paths will cross again somewhere.
 - 2 That TV programme about birds is right up your street/alley. You should watch it.
 - 3 Jim is fairly middle-of-the-road when it comes to environmental issues.
 - 4 The photocopier drives me round the bend. It always breaks down just when you need it most.
 - 5 I gave up my job and went round the world. I felt I had got stuck in a rut.
- 40.3
 - 1 False. It means they live in a remote/isolated place.
 - 2 True.
 - 3 True.
 - 4 False. It means something is very difficult and problematic.
 - 5 False. It means they are following a wrong or misguided idea or course of action.
- 40.4
 - 1 It's time to hit the road.
 - 2 The bus is the easiest way to get from A to B round here / in this/my area.
 - 3 The Imperial Hotel has (really) gone downhill. Don't go there.
 - 4 I think you're on the right track.
 - 5 The new rock music festival has really put my/our town on the map.
 - 6 I think my country is at a crossroads.

Unit 41

- 41.1
 - 1 sitting on the fence
 - 2 getting your foot in the door
 - 3 getting out of bed on the wrong side
 - 4 flying off the handle
 - 5 putting someone in the picture
 - 6 feeling at home
 - 7 burning the candle at both ends
- 41.2
 - 1 A decisive person will come down on one side or the other.
 - 2 The student wants to work there in the future, and perhaps would like a full-time job in that company after graduating.
 - 3 People often burn the candle at both ends before an exam when they are studying hard.
 - 4 You're more likely to say that something important, something which has significant consequences, is brought home to you.
 - 5 Probably pleased because imitation is said to be 'the sincerest form of flattery' – though in some circumstances people can be annoyed by being copied.
 - 6 You are being honest because you are keeping them informed.

- 7 You feel irritable all day.
- 8 They are in an angry mood.

- 41.3**
- 1 get / put me in the picture
 - 2 make yourself at home
 - 3 fly off the handle
 - 4 as safe as houses

- 41.4**
- 1 It will take some time before the impact of the new legislation comes home to / is brought home to the person in the street.
 - 2 Sophie will make herself ill if she goes on burning the candle at both ends.
 - 3 Before you take over the project, I'll put you (fully) in the picture.
 - 4 The police think that DNA testing will hold the key to proving who the murderer must have been.
 - 5 Jim got out of bed on the wrong side this morning.
 - 6 The government can't sit on the fence for ever.
 - 7 Rob flies off the handle / hits the roof/ceiling at the slightest provocation these days.
 - 8 If you want to get fit, why don't you take a leaf out of Katie's book and join a gym?

- 41.5** Possible sentences:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

What's the matter with Melanie? She seems to have got out of bed on the wrong side.

Please make yourself at home while I go and get ready.

My sister's burning the candle at both ends at the moment – she's got exams soon.

I wasn't at work last week. Can you put me in the picture, please?

I love being at my brother's. I really feel at home there.

Why don't you take a leaf out of Sandra's book and get a weekend job?

Unit 42

- 42.1** 1 came 2 on 3 hit 4 find 5 kept

- 42.2**
- 1 Is Anna Conda really a princess? – I don't know, but she's very upper-crust.
 - 2 I guess he was delighted with the news? – Yes, he was over the moon.
 - 3 So your new project failed after all? – Yes, it bit the dust.
 - 4 Did your long talk with David help at all? – Well, it did help to clear the air a bit.
 - 5 Did your dad enjoy his golfing holiday? – Yes, he was in his element.
 - 6 Is Alfie a very romantic type of person? – No, he's very down-to-earth.

- 42.3**
- 1 You could feel a sense of fear in the air when the planes came overhead.
 - 2 It really is a breath of fresh air for us that the company has decided to move to London. We are all bored with working in a small town.
 - 3 Sally came (back) down to earth with a bang when the bank manager told her she had spent all her money.
 - 4 Things are up in the air at the moment. I'll let you know when a decision is made.

- 42.4** Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 My father was a very down-to-earth person. He always had a practical solution to problems. Sometimes I think our political leaders are living on another planet! They really do not know how ordinary people live, and what their day-to-day problems are.
- 2 I felt over the moon when I heard that one of my books was a best-seller.

- 3 An old friend I had not seen for 15 years was on a cycling holiday and she passed through the village where I live, and called in to say hello without any warning.
- 4 I'm in my element when I'm playing music on my guitar or on my fiddle (violin) with friends.
- 42.5** 1 If you are **shaking like a leaf**, it means you are trembling because you are afraid or nervous. (Leaves often tremble in the breeze or wind.)
- 2 I **slept like a log** means I slept very well/deeply. (A log is a very solid, heavy piece of wood.)
- 3 If you go **with the flow**, you let events carry you along, without making any decisions yourself. (The *flow* here suggests a river flowing along and carrying things with it.)
- 4 If it **goes against the grain** for you to say or do something, it means it is not in your character, or it is against your basic beliefs and principles to say/do it. (The *grain* means the natural lines you see in wood. If you want to cut wood with a saw, it is more difficult to cut it against the grain than along the grain.)

Unit 43

- 43.1** 1 It could be both, but the phrase is more likely to be used idiomatically meaning an opportunity.
- 2 Probably happy because it was easy.
- 3 Yes, you are, because you won't be able to go back to how things were.
- 4 Cheer them up because they are miserable.
- 5 If you're overworked.
- 6 To show you the ropes.
- 7 They'll probably be annoyed with you – unless they also want change.
- 8 Helping them.
- 43.2** 1 same 2 plain 3 decks 4 sailing 5 push 6 doldrums 7 oar
8 clear
- 43.3** 1 change tack – take a different course of action
- 2 know the ropes – be familiar with how things are done
- 3 try a different tack – attempt to do something in a different way
- 4 learn the ropes – get to know how to do things
- 5 be a quivering wreck – be in a weak mental or physical condition
- 6 steer a middle course – act in a way that is not extreme
- 43.4** 1 Leave things as they are – it's better not to put/stick your oar in / rock the boat.
- 2 Everything must seem strange at first, but you'll soon learn the ropes.
- 3 Finish your course before you go travelling – there's no point in **burning your boats/bridges**.
- 4 Parents usually try to steer a middle course between leniency and strictness.
- 5 Sally's very miserable – do you know why she's in the doldrums?
- 6 The new boy is bound to be feeling (all) at sea on his first day at school – perhaps you can help.
- 7 Things are not working out – let's change tack / try a different tack.
- 8 I hate job interviews – I'm always a quivering/nervous wreck before them.

Unit 44

- 44.1** 1 D 2 A 3 C 4 B
- 44.2** 1 B: Yes, it really **put/threw** a spanner in the works.
- 2 B: Yes, he seems to be **back-pedalling**.

- 3 B: Yes, he absolutely **blew a fuse/gasket**.
 4 B: Yes, everything seems to be just quietly **ticking over**.
 5 B: Yes, I think we **got our wires/lines crossed**.
 6 B: Yes, it's probably a good idea to **give her a buzz**.
- 44.3** 1 in the pipeline
 2 get into gear
 3 a back-seat driver
- 44.4** 1 It took us a long time to get into gear.
 2 Brad is a back-seat driver.
 3 There are plans in the pipeline for a new railway.
- 44.5** 1 on 2 under 3 off 4 in 5 over 6 on

Unit 45

- 45.1** 1 hands 2 thumbs 3 hand 4 finger 5 hand 6 thumb 7 fingers
 8 fingers 9 finger 10 hands
- 45.2** 1 I think it would be good if you got some **first-hand** experience of working in a poor country before working for an aid organisation at home.
 2 Jerry has **washed his hands** (completely) of the club committee. He was so disgusted that he just quit, and never wants to see any of them again.
 3 That new power station on the coast **sticks/stands out like a sore thumb!** You'd think they would have built it to blend in with the landscape.
 4 Have you ever tried your **hand** at water-skiing? My sister's got a boat if you would like to try.
 5 I always have to have the cookbook to **hand** when I'm trying out a new recipe.
 6 I'm too busy to play football every week now, but I really should **play** occasionally, just to keep my **hand in**.
 7 She **got her fingers** (badly) **burnt** on the stock exchange. She bought shares in an Internet company that went bankrupt.
- 45.3** 1 Do you think you could give me a **hand** this weekend? I have to move some furniture to our summer cottage.
 2 If you're the sort of person who is prepared to **turn your hand** to anything, you'll be able to earn a lot of money; people are always looking for willing workers.
 3 I was very pleased when they told me my project had been given the **thumbs up**.
 4 I decided to wash my hands of the whole idea and to have no involvement whatsoever in it.
 5 If you want to make a good impression at a business meeting, it is a good idea to have all the facts and figures at your **fingertips**.
 6 To build a horrible concrete bridge over such a beautiful river is terrible. It stands out like a **sore thumb!**

Follow up

We said at the beginning of the unit that hands in idioms often refer to ownership, control, acting and exercising skills. Idioms which follow those ideas include *to have something to hand* (to have it near you, immediately available), *to be a dab hand at something* (to be very good / very skilful at something). Fingers seem to touch things. Thumbs seem to be something noticeable, visible, as a signal of something, e.g. *to thumb a lift* meaning to hitch-hike. But remember, these are just general guidelines to meaning, and individual idioms may suggest a different kind of meaning, e.g. *to be under someone's thumb* meaning to be controlled by them.

Unit 46

- 46.1
- 1 get itchy feet – be restless / want to travel
 - 2 find your feet – feel familiar with something
 - 3 be under someone's feet – be constantly in the way
 - 4 land/fall on your feet – be lucky/successful
 - 5 get off on the wrong foot – start off in a bad way
 - 6 be rushed off your feet – be very busy
 - 7 get cold feet – regret a decision
 - 8 stand on your own two feet – be independent
 - 9 keep both feet on the ground – remain connected to the real world

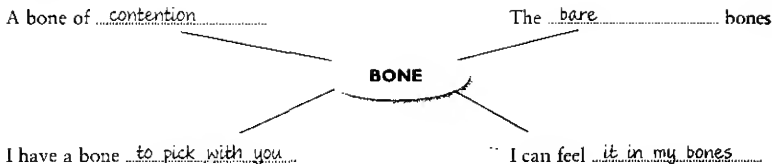
46.2 *Possible answers:*

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I usually get itchy feet when the summer holidays start, and long to go away and travel.
 - 2 It took me a few weeks to find my feet in my new job.
 - 3 The dog is always under my feet when I'm getting ready for work.
 - 4 I landed on my feet when I met my friend Pat and he offered me a room in his house. It had been so difficult to find accommodation.
 - 5 I got off on the wrong foot with my teacher and we've never liked each other since the first day.
 - 6 I was rushed off my feet last week, but fortunately things are a bit quieter this week.
 - 7 I often get cold feet after I've made a big decision.
 - 8 I had to learn to stand on my own two feet when I left home and went to university.
 - 9 If I became very rich and famous, I hope I'd always be able to keep both feet on the ground.
- 46.3
- 1 I said I would join Jim on the protest march, but then **got cold feet** and didn't go at all.
 - 2 She was **rushed off her feet** in the shop last month, but she's pleased that the business is doing well.
 - 3 He'll have to learn to **stand on his own two feet** now that he's at college and not living at home any more.
 - 4 Mavis and I **got off on the wrong foot** when she first joined the company, but now we're working very well together.
 - 5 I've got itchy feet these days. I'd love to go off on a backpacking holiday somewhere.
- 46.4
- 1 put your foot in it
 - 2 follow in someone's footsteps
 - 3 keep someone on their toes
- 46.5
- 1 True.
 - 2 True.
 - 3 False. They keep you busy / working with all your energy.
 - 4 False. You follow the same course of action as them, for example, you take up the same profession as your mother/father.
 - 5 True.

Unit 47

47.1



- 47.2
- 1 I have a bone to pick with you.
 - 2 This book will give you the bare bones, but it doesn't go into great detail.
 - 3 I don't think we should allow the cost to become a bone of contention (between us).
 - 4 There's going to be trouble at work. I can feel it in my bones.

47.3 1 c) 2 b) 3 b) 4 a) 5 c) 6 c)

47.4 Possible answers:

I think you should keep Harold at arm's length, as he can be a very difficult person.
I had to admit I was wrong. I didn't really have a leg to stand on, so it was pointless trying to defend my actions.

- 47.5
- 1 leg: the idiom means that something is very expensive
 - 2 chance: if you *chance your arm*, you take a risk in order to get something you want

Unit 48

- 48.1
- 1 I can't understand/accept how much she's changed since she met Joel.
 - 2 Mary will never attract admiring gazes in the way that her older sister does.
 - 3 You'll find it extremely funny when you see Bill wearing a dinner jacket.
 - 4 Dick hadn't had time to prepare a speech, but he spoke very well without having made any preparations.
 - 5 If I were you, I'd keep a low profile / be as inconspicuous as possible until the situation improves.
 - 6 Sam wants to use your saw to build a treehouse – you'd better put a stop to that plan.
 - 7 My boss reacted very angrily just because I asked for an extra day off.
 - 8 It was the first time that Joanna had talked about wanting to work abroad and her father blamed her new boyfriend for giving her ideas.
- 48.2
- 1 Mel screamed her head off when she saw a rat under the table.
 - 2 When the pilot announced that the plane was having engine problems, all the passengers behaved calmly and no one lost their head.
 - 3 I'm trying to get him to give up smoking, but I am / have been banging my head against a brick wall.
 - 4 You'll easily pass your driving test as long as you keep your head.
 - 5 I wish he wouldn't snap my head off when I ask him about his work.
 - 6 Jack and Sue have not been getting on well for some time now, but Jack's rudeness to her last night brought things to a head and they had a blazing row.
 - 7 The disagreement over pay came to a head at a meeting yesterday.
- 48.3
- 1 bite someone's head off
 - 2 keep your head down

- 3 keep your head above water
- 4 be banging your head against a brick wall
- 5 turn heads

48.4 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

- 1 I had my head bitten off by an ex-boss once. It wasn't, I think, because of anything serious that I had done, but was simply because he was having some problems at home at the time.
- 2 I'd find it hard to keep my head if I was in an emergency situation in an aeroplane.
- 3 Perhaps the last time I laughed my head off was watching the comedy TV quiz show *Have I got news for you*.
- 4 Someone tall, dark and handsome might turn my head in the street or someone wearing very striking clothes.
- 5 Various writers, political figures and pop stars have all, at different times, been criticised for putting ideas into young people's heads.
- 6 It would depend what its expectations were. It might be pleased that it was not making a loss; on the other hand, it might not be pleased that it was not making a significant profit.

Unit 49

- 49.1 1 face 2 throat(s) 3 shoulder 4 neck 5 throat 6 neck 7 chest
8 face 9 face 10 hair 11 face

- 49.2 1 You try to keep a straight face when you want to control your laughter.
2 You put a brave face on something when you try to hide your disappointment.
3 You can be said to be pulling your hair out when you get very upset about something.
4 You make a clean breast of something when you admit to doing something wrong.
5 You may make a face when you are not pleased about something.
6 You take something at face value when you accept it in a straightforward way.
7 You may be told to keep your hair on when you are showing your anger.
8 You give someone the cold shoulder when you deliberately ignore them.
- 49.3 1 Rose's father didn't turn a hair when she told him she was going to get married.
2 I wish my boss would let me get on with my work instead of breathing down my neck.
3 You should tell him directly how you feel rather than just giving him the cold shoulder.
4 Nina is very worried about her husband's illness, but she's putting a brave face on it.
5 Keep your hair on!
6 If you take what they say at face value, you'll soon get disappointed.
7 Having to do homework is such a pain in the neck!
8 I have to tell you a terrible secret. I'll go mad if I don't get it off my chest soon.

- 49.4 1 get it off your chest
2 ram something down someone's throat
3 put a brave face on something
4 tear/pull your hair out
5 breathe down someone's neck
6 give someone the cold shoulder

Unit 50

- 50.1** 1 B: Don't worry, if it's just over the limit, they usually **turn a blind eye**.
2 B: I don't know. Let's wave and see if we can **catch her eye**.
3 B: No, not really, we just don't **see eye to eye**.
4 B: Yes, it's been **on the blink** for a while now.
5 B: Yes, I learnt a lot of things. It was a real **eye-opener**.
6 B: No, she didn't **bat an eyelid**.
- 50.2** 1 eyes 2 eye 3 eyes 4 eyes 5 eyes
- 50.3** 1 An accident can happen **in the blink of an eye**.
2 His behaviour at the meeting raised a few **eyebrows**.
3 You should always **have/keep one eye on** your chances of promotion when you take up a new job.
4 A very strange sight **caught my eye** as I was driving along the motorway yesterday.
- 50.4** Lines 1, 5, 6 and 11 use the word *eye* in its literal sense, meaning 'the organ we see with'. The rest of the lines use *eye* in idioms, many of which are on the left-hand page. But note the following:
keep an eye out for (lines 2 and 9): be careful and watch for something/someone
in your mind's eye (line 3): in your imagination
see someone (or something) out of the corner of your eye (line 12): see them without looking straight in their direction
If you do not know this last group of idioms, make a note of them in your Vocabulary notebook.

Unit 51

- 51.1** 1 False. It means they can play without music.
2 True.
3 True.
4 False. It means they annoy or irritate you.
5 True.
6 False. It means people tell one another. The idiom is often used to contrast with reading about something or seeing an advertisement for something.
- 51.2** 1 She said some very hurtful things to me, but I just **did not respond/react**, because I didn't want to show her I was upset.
2 I can't really advise you on how to behave at the interview. Just **respond to the situation / act according to your intuition**, and I'm sure you'll be great.
3 The government **says/claims it believes** in low taxes, but then puts up indirect taxes without people realising it.
4 We offered him a holiday at our house near the beach, but he **refused/rejected** it.
5 He said, 'Do you want to hear some gossip about Tom and Lily?' I said, 'Oh yes! Tell me. I'm **very eager/keen to hear**.'
6 I wish you wouldn't **interfere** in other people's affairs.
7 The table was piled high with **delicious-looking** desserts.
- 51.3** 1 There's no point talking to her. Everything just goes in one ear and **out the other**.
2 I just **couldn't believe my ears** when they told me I had won first prize.
3 When I knew how bad the situation was I just **gritted my teeth** and decided to continue fighting.

- 4 The name of the village where he lives is on the tip of my tongue. Give me a few minutes and I'll remember it.
- 5 What she said is simply not true. She's lying through her teeth.
- 6 The sight of all those delicious pizzas is making my mouth water, but I'm on a diet, so I shouldn't really have any.

51.4 1 b) 2 c) 3 b) 4 c)

Unit 52

- 52.1
- 1 Don't lose heart! – Someone who is feeling discouraged.
 - 2 Don't take it to heart! – Someone who is upset after being criticised.
 - 3 You're a man after my own heart! – Someone with the same tastes.
 - 4 Don't set your heart on it! – Someone who has a rather unrealistic ambition.
 - 5 Learn it by heart! – Someone who has to give a speech.
 - 6 You're breaking my heart! – A loved one who is causing you grief.
 - 7 Your heart is in the right place! – A kind person who tries to do the right thing (but doesn't always succeed).
 - 8 You can open your heart to me! – Someone with a secret to share.
- 52.2
- 1 My heart missed/skipped a beat when the handsome man smiled at me.
 - 2 When we are on holiday, the children can build sandcastles to their hearts' content while we lie on the beach and read.
 - 3 Jim used to support the Green Party, but he's had a change of heart.
 - 4 If you ask Roy to help you, I'm sure he'll put his heart and soul into it and the job will be finished in no time.
 - 5 It's not a good idea to bare your heart/soul / pour your heart out / open your heart to a journalist unless you want your secrets to become public knowledge.
 - 6 Your dissertation is nearly finished, so don't lose heart now.
 - 7 It breaks my heart / makes my heart sink to see my brother making such a fool of himself.
 - 8 My heart sank when I realised that pay day was still a week away.
- 52.3
- 1 was determined to get
 - 2 working with great energy and enthusiasm
 - 3 have a frank interview
 - 4 told him exactly how she felt
 - 5 with increasing discomfort
 - 6 telling him all her secret hopes
 - 7 you certainly have very good intentions
 - 8 we are similar people
 - 9 Don't despair
 - 10 took what he said very seriously
 - 11 memorise it
- 52.4
- 1 He might set his heart on setting up his own guitar group, seeing a famous guitarist in concert, etc.
 - 2 You do it a lot.
 - 3 She is like you.
 - 4 You are praising them a little, although you are also implying that you think their behaviour is not totally appropriate.
 - 5 If your heart misses a beat, you might be all of these except sick.
 - 6 She opens her heart to her best friend, her diary, etc.

- 7 She might have fallen in love with someone else and she might then cancel the wedding.
- 8 The break-up of a relationship might break a young lover's heart.

Unit 53

- 53.1**
- 1 Getting him to agree to spend money is like getting blood out of a stone.
 - 2 He's exhausted because he's been slogging his guts out.
 - 3 I'm sure the doctor will set his mind at rest.
 - 4 I've got that computer game on the brain.
 - 5 He can still see her quite clearly in his mind's eye.
 - 6 He tries not to think about it, but it's always at the back of his mind.
 - 7 If you can't do it alone, you could try to pick his brains.
 - 8 Crimes of passion are less horrific than murders which are cold-blooded.
- 53.2**
- | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|-------|--------|--------|----------|---------|
| 1 brain | 2 mind | 3 gut | 4 mind | 5 guts | 6 brains | 7 blood |
| 8 mind | | | | | | |
- 53.3**
- 1 The government are rather worried about the brain drain.
 - 2 I like both shirts. I can't **make up my mind** which one to buy.
 - 3 Don't think too long about the question. Just tell me your **gut feeling/reaction**.
 - 4 Why do people enjoy films that are full of **blood and guts**?
 - 5 Don't decide until you know all the facts. It's best to **have/keep an open mind** until then.
 - 6 I know you must be worried, but I'm sure we can **put/set your mind** at rest.
 - 7 I've had that awful song **on the brain** ever since hearing it on the radio this morning.
 - 8 Getting him to tell me anything about his work is like **getting blood out of a stone**.
- 53.4**
- These seem to be the basic meanings of these parts of the body in idioms – although some of the idioms have moved quite a long way from these concepts and indeed blood in particular may have several different sets of associations for the English speaker.
- mind – thinking
 blood – emotion (though is also used in idioms with the physical meaning of blood)
 brain – intelligence
 guts – intestines or your insides

Unit 54

- 54.1**
- 1 It almost certainly isn't tidy and your boss doesn't like this because he/she is always nagging you to tidy it up.
 - 2 No, it's got worse because you've offended that person.
 - 3 They do naughty things that they don't want the teacher to see.
 - 4 They want you to do them a favour of some kind.
 - 5 Yes, they are.
 - 6 Revision is more important.
- 54.2**
- | | | | | | |
|----------|---------|--------|---------------------|--------|----------|
| 1 beyond | 2 lorry | 3 hand | 4 leant/leaned/bent | 5 stab | 6 burner |
| 7 door | 8 see | | | | |
- 54.3**
- 1 Do you know the area well? – Like the back of my hand.
 - 2 Was the test difficult? – I could have done it with my hands tied behind my back.
 - 3 Where is the castle? – Somewhere in the back of beyond.
 - 4 Where did they get the computer? – It fell off the back of a lorry.
 - 5 How on earth did she get that position? – By the back door, I'm sure.
 - 6 Do you like this hot weather? – I'll be glad to see the back of it.

- 7 Does your girlfriend like your motorbike? – She's always on my back about it.
- 8 How's your Japanese project going? – It's taking a back seat at the moment.

- 54.4**
- 1 Jim put/got May's back up by telling her she was too young to go out with the others.
 - 2 You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.
 - 3 Sue leant/bent over backwards to give her grandmother an enjoyable holiday.
 - 4 The teacher is always on my back about my handwriting.
 - 5 Let's put any discussion of the merger on the back burner until after next week's meeting.
 - 6 My dream is to go off to a cottage in the back of beyond and work on a novel.
 - 7 Joe went off to join the navy without a backward glance.
 - 8 Quick! We can leave now while Sasha's back is turned.

Unit 55

- 55.1**
- 1 My parents always go to great lengths to make any new friend of mine feel welcome if I bring them home.
 - 2 You've come a long way since the last time we played tennis. You must have been practising hard.
 - 3 Georgina and I go back a long way. I've known her since 1984.
 - 4 My teacher at school always told me I would go a long way, but she was wrong; I'm stuck in a very boring job and don't earn much.
 - 5 I'd be prepared to go to any lengths to get that job. I've never wanted anything so much in all my life.
 - 6 It's time to take a long, hard look at our personal finances. I think we're spending too much.

55.2 *Possible answers:*

- 1 (You've done very well.) I think you'll go a long way.
- 2 My best friend (name) and I go back a long way.
- 3 The family I stayed with when I was learning (name of language) went to great lengths to make me feel at home.
- 4 You've come a long way since the last time I heard you play.
- 5 I think we should take a long, hard look at our plan to start a business.
- 6 I'd go to any lengths to persuade the owner to sell me that beautiful flat.

- 55.3**
- 1 Yes, long time no see.
 - 2 How long is a piece of string?
 - 3 It's a long story.
 - 4 All right, to cut a long story short, none of the members agreed with any of the committee's proposals.

- 55.4**
- 1 a long-winded lecture
 - 2 a long face
 - 3 a long haul
 - 4 a list as long as your arm

Unit 56

- 56.1**
- 1 I hope I'm in line for a pay rise this year.
 - 2 You must read between the lines of her letter to understand what she's saying.
 - 3 I'd like to design a house along/on the lines of a place I read about.
 - 4 I'll help with the play, but I draw the line at taking a speaking role.
 - 5 There's a fine line between generosity and extravagance.

- 6 It's uncanny how we always seem to be thinking **along/on** the same lines.
 - 7 You were quite **out of line**. Don't do it again!
 - 8 When our house purchase is agreed, we'll sign **on** the dotted line.
 - 9 It's time to draw a line **under** this sad occurrence and to make a fresh start.
 - 10 Would you mind having a look at my essay plan and telling me whether you think I'm going **along/on** the right lines or not?
- 56.2**
- 1 A: Jane considered that her previous relationship with Tim was now totally over.
B: Jane would not consider starting a relationship with Tim.
 - 2 A: David's actions were quite inappropriate.
B: David's actions were appropriate.
 - 3 A: Rebecca said she'd try to write to me.
B: Rebecca said she'd try to think more deeply about what was meant by the words that had been written.
 - 4 A: Accountancy is Jim's profession.
B: Jim is likely to get the accountancy job at our company.
- 56.3**
- 1 Drop me a line soon. – Of course, I will.
 - 2 You're absolutely out of line. – I'm sorry.
 - 3 I'm in line for promotion. – Congratulations.
 - 4 What's Tony's line of work? – He's in computer programming.
 - 5 Shall we draw a line under our past problems? – That's fine by me.
 - 6 Nick doesn't dare step out of line. – Why ever not?
 - 7 I draw the line at going on strike. – So do I.
 - 8 Was my talk along the right lines? – It was great.
- 56.4**
- 1 Please **drop me** a line as often as you can.
 - 2 What's Natasha's line of work?
 - 3 What Paul did was totally out of line.
 - 4 My dream is to open a school **along** the lines of the one I attended myself as a child.
 - 5 (In some ways) there is a very **fine/thin** line between genius and insanity.
 - 6 There's a **fine/thin** line between doing enough exercise and doing too much. Where would you draw the line?
 - 7 Let's now try to draw a line **under** our previous disagreements.
 - 8 Marcus is **in line** for a new company car this year.
 - 9 We'd like to visit you in Australia, but the **bottom line** is that we just can't afford it.

56.5 *Possible sentences:*

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

My colleague isn't speaking to me – I think I said something out of line.

I asked Isobel to drop me a line while she was away.

The bottom line is that we must get rid of hooliganism from football.

I work for an insurance company. What's your line of work?

Reading between the lines, I think my mum's pleased my brother has left home.

I read through the document before I signed on the dotted line.

Unit 57

- 57.1**
- 1 B: Yes, he's been out of action for a while now.
 - 2 B: Yes, I agree. She should learn to act her age.
 - 3 B: Yes, she's all talk and no action.

- 4 B: Yes, it's time he got his act together.
5 B: Yes, it's a very delicate balancing act.

57.2

¹ T	O	² G	E	T	³ H	E	R
		O			I		
		A			V		
⁴ P	U	T		⁵ G	E	T	

- 57.3
- 1 He was stealing a car, and the police caught him in the act (just as he was getting into it).
 - 2 I was out of the team for three weeks with a knee problem, but now I'm back in action (again).
 - 3 I think it's time we followed/took a different course of action.
 - 4 The film industry should clean up its act and stop making violent films.
 - 5 Everyone wants to get in on the act / get a slice/piece of the action now that we are making a lot of money.
 - 6 Our office is a hive of activity these days as we prepare for the launch of our new products.

Unit 58

- 58.1
- 1 good
 - 2 bad
 - 3 better
 - 4 best
 - 5 worst, worst
 - 6 best
 - 7 best, bad
 - 8 bad, worse

- 58.2
- 1 Sarah always has to go one better than everyone else.
 - 2 Conditions seem to be going from bad to worse.
 - 3 The weather was bad, but we tried to make the best of a bad job.
 - 4 I nearly told her the truth, but I thought better of it.
 - 5 As Mark is very ambitious, he will never settle for second best.
 - 6 Rose tried to learn to ski, but soon gave it up as a bad job.
 - 7 If the worst comes to the worst, we can always ask Dad for a loan.
 - 8 Whatever happens, happens for the best.

- 58.3
- 1 No, he isn't.
 - 2 The boy might, for example, be rude to the important visitors.
 - 3 They are trying to have a bigger and more impressive car.
 - 4 He's broken his leg.
 - 5 He might find he can enjoy the sympathy of his friends and the attentions of the nurses as well as the chance to relax and watch TV.

58.4 Possible answers:

Check your answers with your teacher or another good speaker of English if you are not sure whether they are correct or not.

I wanted to tell my boss what I thought of him, but fortunately I thought better of it.

I did a course in teaching English because I thought it would stand me in good stead if I needed to work when I was abroad.

I didn't really want to leave the school I had taught in for years, but it certainly all turned out for the best.

I admire the way my friend decided to make the best of a bad job when she was made to take early retirement – she decided to take up painting and also began to write the novel she had always been planning.

The situation wasn't easy in January, but it has certainly gone from bad to worse throughout the year.
Anna has been in a bad way ever since her children grew up and left home.

Unit 59

- 59.1**
- 1 The Minister cleverly cut the ground **from under** her opponents' feet by announcing new tax cuts.
 - 2 He got **in on** the ground floor with e-commerce and became a millionaire when it took off.
 - 3 Good hotels are thin **on the ground** in the smaller cities; you have to go to the capital to get hotels of international standard.
 - 4 The project has got off the ground **quicker and more smoothly than we expected**.
 - 5 Part-time work suits me **down to the ground** at the moment as I'm trying to study at the same time.
- 59.2**
- 1 I'm afraid good cafés are thin **on the ground** in the town centre.
 - 2 Working from home suits me **down to the ground** as I can look after our small child at the same time.
 - 3 If you join our company now, I promise you are **getting in on the ground floor** of some really exciting developments.
 - 4 Reducing the price now will **cut the ground from under** the feet of our competitors, because they will not be able to do the same.
 - 5 It's a good idea, but I don't know if it will ever **get off the ground**.
- 59.3**
- 1 She held/stood her ground and had a meeting with the boss to tell her everything.
 - 2 We have a lot of **common ground**, so we need to discuss how we can work together.
 - 3 I think you are **on dangerous ground** if you raise the subject of longer holidays at the staff meeting.
 - 4 English Language schools are **thick on the ground** in the capital city.
 - 5 The idea that public transport is better for the environment is **gaining ground**.
- 59.4** *Possible answers:*
- 1 They do not appear in public and hide from the media.
 - 2 So embarrassed you wish you could disappear / were invisible.
 - 3 They refuse to change their position or opinion in a dispute/argument.
 - 4 To shift your ground.
 - 5 (My) stamping/stomping ground. It means a place where you spend a lot of time.
 - 6 It means that they have probably been to that country and made useful contacts for you or informed people about your company, so that it will be easier for you to launch your product.

Unit 60

60.1

	animal	right adjective	example sentence
1	bat	blind	I'm as blind as a bat without my glasses.
2	ox	strong	My brother is as strong as an ox.
3	bee	busy	I was as busy as a bee all last week.
4	eel	slippery	She's as slippery as an eel. You'll never get a direct answer from her.
5	bird	free	I felt as free as a bird when I left university.
6	fox	sly	He's as sly as a fox. Don't trust him. He'll find a way of getting what he wants.

60.2

- 1 I don't mind carrying this box. It's as light as a feather. The other one was as heavy as lead.
- 2 If I were you, I would avoid that restaurant like the plague. The food is awful.
- 3 Millie never misses anything you do in the office. She has eyes like a hawk.
- 4 I felt like a fish out of water with my electric guitar among all those classical musicians.
- 5 There are hotels as far as the eye can see all along the coast.
- 6 She got up late and came down to breakfast looking like something the cat brought/dragged in.

60.3

- 1 a bear 2 a bull 3 a bat

60.4

- 1 He was very bad-tempered, like a bear with a sore head.
- 2 Her comments were like a red rag to a bull.
- 3 He ran off like a bat out of hell.

60.5

- 1 greased 2 sieve 3 plain 4 ugly

60.6

- 1 as flat as a pancake, e.g. *The landscape is as flat as a pancake.*
- 2 as daft as a brush (*daft* means silly; used of people)
- 3 as good as gold (*good* here refers to someone's behaviour)
- 4 as bold as brass (*bold* here means cheeky/without any inhibitions)
- 5 as dry as a bone, e.g. *I must water my plant. The soil's as dry as a bone.*

Phonetic symbols

Vowel sounds

Symbol	Examples
/i:/	sleep mg
/i/	happy recipe
/ɪ/	pin dinner
/ʊ/	foot could pull
/u:/	do shoe through
/e/	red head said
/ə/	arrive father colour
/ɜ:/	turn bird work
/ɔ:/	sort thought walk
/æ/	cat black
/ʌ/	sun enough wonder
/ɒ/	got watch sock
/ɑ:/	part heart laugh
/eɪ/	name late aim
/aɪ/	my idea time
/ɔɪ/	boy noise
/eə/	pair where bear
/ɪə/	hear beer
/əʊ/	go home show
/aʊ/	out cow
/ʊə/	pure poor

Consonant sounds

Symbol	Examples
/p/	put
/b/	book
/t/	take
/d/	dog
/k/	car kick
/g/	go guarantee
/tʃ/	catch church
/dʒ/	age lounge
/f/	for cough
/v/	love vehicle
/θ/	thick path
/ð/	this mother
/s/	since rice
/z/	zoo houses
/ʃ/	shop sugar machine
/ʒ/	pleasure usual vision
/h/	hear hotel
/m/	make
/n/	name now
/ŋ/	bring
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 know sth like the back of your hand 54
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 Don't make me laugh. 11
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 lay/put your cards on the table 35
 lead sb astray 16
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 one thing leads to another 15
 shake like a leaf 42
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 learn the ropes 43
 learn your lesson 5
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 leave a sour taste in the mouth 39
 leave sb in the lurch 14
 leave sb to their own devices 9
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 Such is life. 11
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 That's life. 11
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 This is the life! 11
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 be as easy as falling off a log 17
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 How long is a piece of string? 55
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 It's a long story. 55
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 take a long, hard look at sth 55
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 look like death warmed up 1
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 take a long, hard look at sth 55
 loom large 23
 have a screw loose 1
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 lose sight of 5
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 be a dead loss 13
 be lost for words 27
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 have a lot of time for sb 31
 have a lot to answer for 13
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 Actions speak louder than words. 29
 keep a low profile 20
 be in luck 18
 Just my luck! 19
 No such luck! 11, 19
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 You should be so lucky! 19
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 be made for 12
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 make a beeline for sb/sth 36
 make a big thing of 23
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 make a go of 6
 make a killing 24
 make a name for yourself 20
 make a real pig of yourself 36
 make a small fortune 24
 make all the difference 6
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 make it big 23
 make it up to sb 22
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 make the best of a bad job 53
 make the most of 14
 make up for lost time 31
 make up your mind 53
 make waves 33
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 make sb's mouth water 39, 51
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 make/pull a face 49
 Don't make me laugh. 11
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 The more the merrier. 11
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 While the cat's away, the mice will play. 29
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 It's no good / There's no point crying over spilt milk. 29
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 Out of sight, out of mind. 30
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 have a mind of its own 53
 have/keep an open mind 53
 make up your mind 53
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 miss the boat 43
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 sb's heart misses/skips a beat 52
 have mixed feelings 21
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 The more the merrier. 11
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 get a move on 26
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 be caught napping 16
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 be a pain in the neck 49
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 if need be 18
 need sth like you need a hole in the head 18
 neither here nor there 11
 get/grate on sb's nerves 12
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 never live sth down 15
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 be second to none 12
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 be as plain as the nose on your face 60
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 No such luck! 11, 19
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 poke/stick your nose into 51
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 There's nothing to it. 11
 think nothing of 14
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 pluck a number out of the air 33
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 put/stick your oar in 43
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 off and on 32
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 be on about 27
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 be not on 15
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 Don't put all your eggs in one basket. 29
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 Out of sight, out of mind. 30
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 a question mark (hanging) over 28
 a quivering/nervous wreck 43
 rack your brains 30
 be like a red rag to a bull 60
 road rage 40
 be as right as rain 1
 raise (a few) eyebrows 50
 ram sth down sb's throat 49
 a gut reaction/feeling 53
 read between the lines 56
 rough and ready i, 13
 get a (real) kick out of sth 2
 be at/on the receiving end 9
 recharge your batteries 1
 put/set the record straight 5
 on the road to recovery 1
 red tape 34
 a red herring 34
 be in the red 34
 be like a red rag to a bull 60
 catch sb red-handed 34
 give sb free rein 36
 put/set sb's mind at rest 53
 There's no rest/peace for the wicked! ii
 along/on the right lines 56
 be as right as rain 1
 be on the right track 40
 left, right and centre 26
 look right/straight through sb 14
 not be right in the head 1
 play your cards right 35
 sb's heart is in the right place 52
 the left hand doesn't know what the right hand
 is doing i
 ring a bell 30
 have a familiar ring (to it) 4
 (not) ring a bell / any bells (with me) 4
 (not) ring true 27
 set alarm bells ringing 16
 a rip-off 24
 road rage 40
 hit the road 40
 on the road to recovery 1
 be/hit rock bottom 42
 rock the boat 43
 be off your rocker 1
 start the ball rolling 35
 hit the roof/ceiling 41
 not (enough) room to swing a cat 37
 know the ropes 43
 learn the ropes 43
 show sb the ropes 43
 rough and ready i, 13
 a rough diamond 20
 give sb a rough/hard/tough time 12, 14
 rub sb up the wrong way 3, 22
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 a rule of thumb 45
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 be on the run 26
 in the long run 31
 run round like a headless chicken 37
 run to ground 33
 run-of-the-mill 25
 run/cast your eye over 50
 run/go/work like clockwork 32
 rushed off your feet 25, 46
 be stuck in a rut 40
 get out of a rut 25
 get / be given the sack 25
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 safe and sound i, 16
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 to be on the safe side 8
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 sail close to the wind 43
 be plain sailing 43
 be the salt of the earth 33
 along/on the same lines 56
 be in the same boat 43
 be on the same wavelength 44
 in the same breath 27
 be one sandwich short of a picnic 1
 You can say that again! 11
 scare/frighten the (living) daylights out of ii
 behind the scenes 25
 from scratch 32
 You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours. 54
 scream your head off 48
 have a screw loose 1
 be all at sea 43
 between the devil and the deep blue sea 33
 My lips are sealed. 51

- take a back seat 54
 second best 38
 be second to none 12
 have second thoughts i, 5
 as far as the eye can see 60
 be glad/happy/pleased/not sorry to see the back
 of sth 54
 Long time no sec. 55
 see eye to eye 50
 see how / which way the wind is blowing 33
 see sth coming (a mile off) 19
 see sth out of the corner of your eye 50
 see/spot sth a mile off 23
 would not be seen dead 18
 be past / pass your sell-by date 39
 send/drive sb round the bend/twist i, ii, 3, 40
 send/put the cat among the pigeons i, 3, 37
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 have your heart set on sth 52
 not set the world on fire 33
 set alarm bells ringing 16
 set your heart on sth 52
 set/put sb's mind at rest 53
 set/put the record straight 5
 be in seventh heaven 2
 shake like a leaf 42
 the shape of things to come 31
 all shapes and sizes 23
 shed/throw light on 8
 shift your ground 59
 take a shine to sb 22
 be in sb's shoes 15
 step into sb's shoes 25
 talk shop 25
 be one sandwich short of a picnic 1
 cut a long story short i, 55
 in the short/medium/long term 31
 give it a shot/whirl 8
 have a shot at 38
 call the shots 38
 a shoulder to cry on 47
 give sb the cold shoulder 47, 49
 have a chip on your shoulder 47
 stand shoulder to shoulder 47
 shout your head off 48
 if push comes to shove 18
 show sb the ropes 43
 be sick and tired 21
 come down on one side or the other 41
 get out of bed on the wrong side 41
 on the big/expensive, etc. side 13
 the other side of the coin 10
 to be on the safe side 8
 have a memory like a sieve 60
 lose sight of 5
 Out of sight, out of mind. 30
 be a sign of the times 31
 sign on the dotted line 56
 be as ugly as sin 60
 sb's heart sinks 52
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 all shapes and sizes 23
 by the skin of your teeth 16, 51
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 a slice/piece of the action 57
 the best/greatest thing since sliced bread 39
 a slime ball ii
 a slip of the tongue 27
 slip your mind 30
 be as slippery as an eel 60
 slog/sweat/work your guts out 53
 as sly/cunning as a fox 60
 a small fortune 23, 24
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 It's a small world. 11
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 small talk 27
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 There's no smoke without fire. 33
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 at a snail's pace 37
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 be snowed under 25
 a pillar of society 20
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 be like a bear with a sore head 37, 60
 stand/stick out like a sore thumb 45
 be out of sorts 2
 bare your soul/heart 52
 put your heart and soul into sth 52
 safe and sound i, 16
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 sour grapes 2
 put/throw a spanner in the works 44
 go spare 3
 Actions speak louder than words. 29
 speak your mind 28
 not be on speaking terms 3
 spend money like water 24
 It's no good / There's no point crying over spilt
 milk. 29
 a spin doctor 9
 a sore spot/point 1
 have a soft spot for sb 22
 on the spot 26
 spot/see sth a mile off 23
 spread like wildfire 33
 spread yourself too thin 7
 the word spread 26
 spring/come to mind 30
 on the spur of the moment 35
 go back to square one 35
 stab sb in the back 54
 the cards are stacked against you 19
 sb's stamping/stomping ground 59
 know where you stand 5

not have a leg to stand on 47
 stand on your own two feet 46
 stand sb in good stead 58
 stand shoulder to shoulder 47
 stand the rest of time 31
 stand your ground ii
 stand/hold your ground 59
 stand/stick out a mile 23
 stand/stick out like a sore thumb 45
 get off to a flying start 26
 start the ball rolling 35
 start/get off on the wrong foot 46
 state-of-the-art 44
 panic stations 16
 stay/be/get in touch with sb 22
 stand sb in good stead 58
 go under your own steam 44
 let off steam 44
 steer a middle course 43
 steer clear of 43
 step into sb's shoes 25
 step out of line 56
 step by step 26
 get (hold of) the wrong end of the stick 4
 stick to your guns 38
 stick/poke your nose into 51
 stick/put the knife in ii, 38
 stick/put your oar in 43
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 stick/stand out like a sore thumb 45
 a laughing stock 13
 have butterflies in your stomach 36
 sb's stomping/stamping ground 59
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 kill two birds with one stone i, ii, 37
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 pull out (all) the stops 25
 A likely story. 27
 It's a long story. 55
 It's/That's the story of my life. 11
 cut a long story short i, 55
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 put/set the record straight 5
 be in dire straits 7
 it's the last straw 29
 clutch at straws 7
 be (right) up your street/alley 40
 go from strength to strength 6
 strike while the iron is hot 15
 How long is a piece of string? 55
 take a stroll/trip down memory lane 30
 be as strong as an ox 60
 an uphill struggle/battle/fight 40
 be stuck in a rut 40
 stuff your face ii
 know your stuff 4
 a stumbling block 7
 sb/sth is a victim of their/its own success 6
 Such is life. 11
 sugar the pill 1
 follow suit 35
 suit sb down to the ground 58
 a bitter pill (to swallow) 1
 wish the ground would swallow you up 58
 sweat/slog/work your guts out 53
 have a sweet tooth 39
 be all sweetness and light 12
 be in full swing 26
 not (enough) room to swing a cat 37
 pick up the tab/bill ii, 24
 lay/put your cards on the table 35
 change tack 43
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 take/get/have the bit between your teeth 36
 I can take it or leave it 11
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 not take no for an answer 28
 take a back seat 54
 take a leaf out of sb's book 41
 take a long, hard look at sth 55
 take a shine to sb 22
 take a stroll/trip down memory lane 30
 take care of the pence/pennies 29
 take pot luck 19
 take sb/sth for granted 19
 take sth at face value 49
 take sth to heart 52
 take the bull by the horns 37
 take the law into your own hands 9
 take the mick/muckey 27
 take the plunge 35
 take your breath away 21
 take your life into your hands 16
 take your pick 18
 take/follow a course of action 57
 take/get/have the bit between your teeth 36
 be all talk (and no action) 57
 small talk 27
 talk shop 25
 be a tall order 28
 red tape 34
 give sb a taste/dose of their own medicine 1
 leave a sour taste in the mouth 39
 There's no accounting for taste(s)! 15
 teach sb a lesson 5
 tear/pull your hair out 49
 by the skin of your teeth 16, 51
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 get/have/take the bit between your teeth 36
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 in the short/medium/long term 31
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- be at the end of your tether 21
 Thanks a million! 11
 That's life. 11
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 There's nothing to it. 11
 be thick on the ground 59
 Blood is thicker than water. 29
 a thin/fine line 56
 be thin on the ground 59
 spread yourself too thin 7
 do your own thing 18
 make a big thing of 23
 one thing leads to another 15
 the best/greatest thing since sliced bread 39
 never/not do things/anything by halves 13
 the shape of things to come 31
 think better of sth 58
 think big 23
 think nothing of 14
 This is the life! 11
 a train of thought 30
 give sb food for thought 5
 give you pause for thought ii
 have second thoughts i, 5
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 be thrilled to bits 2, 21
 be at each other's throat 49
 bring a lump to your throat 14
 ram sth down sb's throat 49
 throw sb in the deep end 33
 throw the baby out with the bathwater 13
 throw/have a fit 3
 throw/put a spanner in the works 44
 throw/shed light on 8
 a rule of thumb 45
 be under sb's thumb 45
 give sth the thumbs down/up 45
 stand/strick out like a sore thumb 45
 thumb a lift 45
 tick over 44
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 tie up loose ends 8
 tie yourself (up) in knots ii, 10
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 How time flies! 11
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 give sb a hard/rough/tough time 12, 14
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 in no time at all 32
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 Long time no see. 55
 make up for lost time 31
 stand the test of time 31
 from time to time 32
 be a sign of the times 31
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 (be) on the tip of your tongue 30, 51
 be sick and tired 21
 to hand 45
 roe the line 46
 keep sb on their toes 46
 toffee-nosed 20
 get your act together 57
 put two and two together 4
 as if there was/were no tomorrow 31
 like there's no tomorrow 31
 a slip of the tongue 27
 (be) on the tip of your tongue 30, 51
 bite your tongue 51
 too many cooks 29
 have a sweet tooth 39
 at the top of sb's/the agenda 15
 at the top of the (career) ladder 25
 be on top of the world 2, 21
 be over the top 15
 climb to the top of the career ladder 25
 off the top of your head 48
 be touch-and-go 19
 be out of touch with 4
 be/get/stay in touch with sb 22
 I wouldn't touch sb/sth with a barge pole. 18
 be a tough/hard act to follow 12
 give sb a tough/hard/tough time 12, 14
 be off the beaten track 40
 be on the right track 40
 be on the wrong track 40
 keep track 26
 a train of thought 30
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 do the trick 6
 take a trip/stroll down memory lane 30
 be off your trolley 1
 be asking for trouble/it 12
 (not) ring true 27
 try a different tack 43
 try your hand at sth 45
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 not turn a hair 49
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 turn a blind eye 50
 turn heads 48
 turn your hand to sth 45
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 when/while sb's back is turned 54
 the tide turns 33
 drive/send sb round the twist/hend i, ii, 3, 40
 twist sb's arm 47
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 put two and two together 4
 be as ugly as sin 60
 be under sb's thumb 45
 be under your feet 46
 go under your own steam 44
 an unknown quantity 23
 up-and-coming 20, 25
 an uphill battle/fight/struggle 40
 be (right) up your alley/street 40
 be up in arms 38
 be up in the air 42
 make it up to sb 22
 on your way up 20
 upper-crust 42
 take sth at face value 49
 a vicious circle 10
 sb/sth is a victim of their/its own success 6
 be walking/floating on air 2
 a fly on the wall 36
 be banging/hitting your head against a brick wall ii, 48
 come up against a brick wall 7
 drive sb up the wall 3
 wave a magic wand 8
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 in a time warp 31
 wash your hands of sb/sth 45
 be (like) water off a duck's back i, 37
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 Blood is thicker than water 29
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 wave a magic wand 8
 be on the same wavelength 44
 make waves 33
 be in a bad way 58
 come a long way 55
 get your own way 9
 go a long way 55
 go back a long way 55
 go out of your way to do sth 17
 No way! 11
 not know which way to turn 21
 on your way up 20
 one way or another 15
 rub sb up the wrong way 3, 22
 see how/which way the wind is blowing 33
 be/feel under the weather 1
 be a weight/load off your mind 53
 pull your weight 17
 leave well alone 16
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well-to-do i, 24
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 not know where to put yourself 21
 whet your appetite 39
 (not) be worth your while 18
 give it a whirl/shot 8
 in black and white 34
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 There's no peace/rest for the wicked! ii
 be wide of the mark 35
 spread like wildfire 33
 get wind of sth 33
 sail close to the wind 43
 see how / which way the wind is blowing 33
 get your wires/lines crossed 44
 wish the ground would swallow you up 59
 be at your wits' end 3
 a lone wolf 36
 a woman/man after your own heart 52
 by word of mouth 51
 for want of a better word 27
 get a word in edgeways 28
 have a word in sb's ear 51
 in a word 27
 not know the meaning of the word 28
 the word spread 26
 word for word 28
 Actions speak louder than words 29
 be lost for words 27
 all work and no play 29
 be up to your ears/eyes (in work) 25
 have your work cut out 25
 line of work 36
 Many hands make light work 29
 work against the clock 32
 work like magic 6
 work/go like a dream 6
 work/go/run like clockwork 32
 work/slog/sweat your guts out 53
 put/throw a spanner in the works 44
 be on top of the world 2, 21
 be out of this world 12
 It's a small world 11
 not be the end of the world 2
 not set the world on fire 33
 the best of both worlds 58
 a can of worms 10, 37
 go from bad to worse 58
 sb's bark is worse than their bite 36
 be your own worst enemy 38
 if the worst comes to the worst 58
 (not) be worth your while 18
 wouldn't dream of 14
 a nervous/quivering wreck 43
 be on the wrong track 40
 get (hold of) the wrong end of the stick 4
 get out of bed on the wrong side 41
 get/start off on the wrong foot 46

rub sb up the wrong way 3, 22
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keep yourself to yourself 22